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CRISP AND CARLISLE

The Two Great Democratic Leaders Hold an Important Conference.

SILVER PURCHASES ARE SUSPENDED

For the Present, Though for How Long Cannot Be Said.

PREPARING FOR THE EXTRA SESSION.

News and Gossip of the Day in Washing ton-Important Transactions in the Departments-Georgia Matters.

Washington, July 3 .- (Special.) - Speaker Crisp arrived this morning and has been besleged with newspaper men almost the entire day. In most cases he refused to be interviewed, and what he said to others was on the line of the interview published resterday morning in The Constitution

The suggestion that the speaker should sent for and taken into consultation was, it is understood, made by President Cleveland at the memorable cabinet meeting of last Friday, when it was decided to call congress together. It was left entirely to Secretary Carlisle to explain the desi-es the administration to the speaker, and e conference this morning was, erefore, of unusual importance. It was the first direct meeting between the representatives of the executive and legis-lative branches of the government that was possible since the issuance of the pres-ident's proclamation.

On leaving the treasury he met his old opponent, Representative Bynum, of Indianapolis. They shook hands cordially. The olis. They shook hands cordially. The same old rumor has been revived about Bynum coming out again in the speaker's race. Mr. Bynum was seen a little later. He said that he had no intention of coming into the speakership race. It would be impossible to defeat Mr. Crisp for the post. He has made a most excellent record and will make a still better one during the com-

ing congress.

Mr. Bynum said in regard to the repeal of the Sherman law at the coming session that it would go through the house unconditionally, but he was not so sure about the

The speaker declined to say what the subject matter of this conference was, but the inference is drawn that it pertained to complicated legislation in line with the known policy of the president. The probability of the repeal of the Sherman law was discussed, and it may be that some conclusion was reached as to how legislation should be commenced when congress meets.

After the conference the speaker returned to his hotel, where he will remain quietly until a late train tonight, or early ow morning, when he will go to New York to make a speech before the Tammany

Object of His Visit.

"My visit to Washington at this time." said Mr. Crisp, "was not the outcome for the early session of congress, for, as a mat-ter of fact, I did not know of it until after I had left home and only heard of it after I was on the train and coming this way. believe the action of the president to be exceedingly wise, and think all factions agree upon that for the reason that however many members of conference many disagree upon the question of policy in this financial legislation, it is better that the contest should come-for come it must-as soon as possible, and the ealier it is disposed of the better for all parties. Whether the Sherman purchasing act will be repealed is a quespurchasing act will be repeated is a ques-tion I am unable to answer. My own position upon that question needs no discusow, for I believe it is understood. I have not talked with members upon the subject, and have not seen them quoted to any extent, certainly not enough to enable me to form an intelligent opinion. The sub-ject has been fully discussed in the press, and it looks as if there is an abundance of expression in favor of the repeal. Speaking, however, from my personal knowledge of the situation, I am unable to predict the outcome. I could speak with more posi-tiveness had I been where Icould have conversed with the members. The early call of the session will have a good effect, for it will put the members to thinking and cause them to discuss the subject with their constituents and come here prepared to do something. I think it is safe to say that all democrats desire to stand on the platform of the party, and they will unite in congress in carrying out such legislation as will harmonize with the expressed sentiments of the party as found

As to a Change in Rules. While Judge Crisp avoided the express declaration of his belief in the repeal of the Sherman law, his confidence that such will result from the meeting of congress is apparent. He evidently hopes that the wishes of the administration will be carried out in this respect. Mr. Crisp also inti-mated that there would probably be a change in the rules of the house that would permit the majority to shoulder the resibility of such action as might be de

sponsibility of such action as might be determined upon."

"I had the general idea when I left here, as did members also," continued Mr. Crisp, "that there ought to be some change in the rules in order to enable us to more speedily come to a vote on any proposition on which a vote was desired. It is hard to tell what form such a change will take, and that is a matter of detail that only will form such change will take, and that only will be agreed upon after congress meets. In the present rules there is a method by which a vote can be reached, on a report, from the committee on rules, and that it is advisable to olter this is a question that awaits the action of congress. I am certain there will be no curtailment of a full and liberal debate. Financial matters will first come before this congress for consideration, for that is the reason for the call of the extra session, and the president will, no doubt, enter into his reasons for the call more in detail when he sends his message than he did in his proclamation, and by that message congress will be largely guided.

The Tariff Will Be Brought Up.

The Tariff Will Be Brought Up. The Tariff will be Brought Un.

How long the extraordinary session will last no one can tell, for there are other things members will be desirous of entering upon—notably, the tariff. There will be no delay in getting to work upon this most important subject, and the committee on ways and means will begin the getting

nary work as soon as it gets here. Even should the extra session adjourn without this action, this committee will probably go ahead with the work during the recess, so that thereneed be no delay in prosecuting the labor of tariff reform."

Mr. Crisp, in the further course of his talk, expressed himself in favor of the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on state banks, and believed that this proposition would carry. Concerning the organization of the committees of the house, the speaker declined to talk, saying he had given that matter no consideration.

Late in the day, a few members now in the city, called upon Mr. Crisp and assured him of their friendship and their support of the position he held during the fifty-second congress.

Mr. Crisp has engaged his same suit of rooms at the Metropolitan for next year. He will bring his family back when he returns.

Will Stop the Illegal Sales. Assistant Secretary Hamlin, in view of the repeated violation of the law in the sale of goods on exhibition at the world's fair, without the payment of the customs duty, attaching, has instructed Collector Clark to hearafter strictly enforce the law, which provides a penalty for its violation, of a fine of not more than \$5,000 or im-

prisonment at not more than ten years. In making this decision Mr. Hamlin says: "Notwithstanding the fact that the department has, in view of the international partment has, in view of the international character of the exposition, treated offending parties with leniquesty, the continued violations of the law and regulations indicate that such leniency has not been appreciated. You are, therefore, hereby directed to promptly proceed against all future offenders, whether exhibitor or purchaser, and in every case where detection is made of the sale and delivery of goods accepted as exhibits, to take possession of as made of the sale and derivery of goods accepted as exhibits, to take possession of the entire exhibit to whom the goods belong, and pending the decision of the courts you are authorized to continue the exhibit under special custody of customs officers at the expense of the exhibitors."

That Chicago "Death Trap." Secretary Carlisle has instructed J. J. inspector of public buildings of the treasury department, to make a thorough the treasury department, to make a thorough inspection of the public building at Chicago. The building has been examined by the local commissioner and pronounced unsafe. The building was designed by Architect Mullet. It has been reported as slightly sunken on one end, but has never been considered unsafe. On the contrary, it is belyieved to be strong and substantial. Out of extra precaution it will now be examined by a government inspector.

precaution it will now be examined by government inspector.

Secretary Carlisle and Mrs. Carlisle and their son Logan Carlisle will leave here tomorrow morning for Chicago. Secretary Carlisle will be absent about two weeks, and during that time Assistant Secretary Hamlin will act as Secretary.

From the Department of Agriculture. Secretary Morton has written a letter to Special Agent Matts, who will soon leave the United States for Germany and other to Special Agent Matts, who will soon tenter the United States for Germany and other European centers, requesting him, in addition to continuing the investigation as to the probability of extending the consumption of maize and maize products, to further investigate the condition of American ments, the benefits, if any, derived from our system of government inspection and the prospects for an extension of our trade in these products, noting especially the attitude of the German people towards them, and the extent and character of popular prejudice which may exist as the result of the embargo placed for many years upon our meat products by the German government. Further, he is to ascertain the character of the laws regulating the trade in tobacco, with a view of determining whether such regulations are enforced under the monopoly system, impose any obstacle to an extension of American trade to that country.

obstacle to an extension of American state to that country.

Secretary Morton has decided that the expenses of the bureau of animal industry must be cut down this year 25 per cent. It is understood that the secretary is considering the advisability of doing away altogether with the system of meat inspection which would bring about a saving of about \$150,000 a year.

No Silver Purchases for the Present. Secretary Carlisle decided not to resume the purchase of silver today and has so no-tified the principal firms that offer silver to the treasury on purchasing days. This action is unusual, but the matter of ver to the treasury on purchasing days. This action is unusual, but the matter of purchasing silver on given days is discretionary with the secretary of the treasury and he is simply exercising his right. The reason assigned in the notice sent to intending officers is that the treasury department had not yet completed its annual settlements made at the end of each fiscal year at the United States mints. Whether silver purchases will be resumed on Wednesday next is left open and will not be determined until Wednesday comes and circumstances will then decide the matter. The price paid for silver when the treasury department completed its June purchases was \$0.8220 per ounce. Since then it has declined to .62 per ounce and is qouted today at .73 8-100 per ounce.

The issue of standard silver dollers from the mints and treasury offices during the week ended July 1. 1893, was \$406.160; for corresponding perior in 1892, \$492.529. The shipment of fractional silver coins for the month of June, 1892, uns \$767. Interesting Circulation Fleures.

Interesting Circulation Flaures.
The monthly circulation statement issued by the treasury department today shows a

The monthly circulation today shows a net decrease on circulation since June 1st, of \$2,245,490, and since July 1, 1892, of \$9,346,977, making the amount of all kinds of money in circulation July 1, 1893, \$1,593,726,411. The class of money in circulation is as follows:
Gold coin, \$403,633,700; standard silver dollars, \$57,029,743; subsidiary silver, \$65,400,268; gold certificates, \$92,970,019; silver certificates, \$326,489,165; treasury notes, act July 14, 1890, \$140,631,694; United States notes, \$329,875,683; currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, \$11,935,000; national bank notes, \$174,731,139. The amount of circulation per capita is placed at \$23.86.

There Was No Conference.

There Was No Conference.

General Warren told a reporter today that the statement printed in a New York paper to the effect that there had been a secret conference between him, Congressman-elect Newland, of Nevada, Executive Committeeman Johnson, of Nevada, and Colonel Lee Craudall, secretary of the sulver league, was a falsehood made out of whole cloth. The silver paper people, he said, were determined to offer opposition to the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. They claim to, do otherwise would be a surrender to the gold power which brought about the demonetization of silver in this country and which wrought the demonetization of the white metal in India. At the opening of the extra session they will vigorously resent any aftempt toward the adoption of anti-filibustering rules. There Was No Conference.

Georgia Appointments.

Miss Claude Maxwell was today appointed postmaster at Alma, Decatur county, in place of John R. Maxwell. A commission was today sent to David L. Carpenter to take charge of the postoffice at Keller, (i.a. Juage Blatchford's Condition.

Newport R. I., July 3.—Associate Justice Blatchford is reported by his physician, Dr. Rankin, as more feeble than \$\text{px}\$ the past week, but the best effects in the second strength of the past week.

Rates on Money Are Coming Down to the Old Notch.

AND EVERYTHING IS CHEERFUL

More Clearing House Certificates Issued Yesterday.

ALL THE BANKS NOW USING THEM.

A Millionaire Helped Over a Ditch-Very Little Money Transferred-Senstor Sherman Heard From

New York, July 3 .- The Fourth of July holiday was evidently began by many busi-ness men on Saturday and no business was transacted down town today except that which could not be avoided. The banks, howev-er, were all very busy, the 1st of July payments in addition to their regular Monda; morning's mail making plenty of work for them. Among the banks the situation was reported to be very easy this morning. The demands from the country, it was said, were very light and many of the large centers, notably Chicago, were beginning to pay back the money they borrowed from New York.

The subtreasury was quite active today Besides receiving \$100,000 in gold for telegraphic transfer to San Francisco, it had paid out \$950,000 km midden on second notes.

paid out \$950,000 by midday on small notes in exchange for gold and greenbacks. It was thought the bulk of these small notes was for the small savings banks here which are now paying out their semi-annual dividends. A very small part of the small notes, it is thought, was for shipment to the country. The transfer of \$100,000 to San Francisco is explained as being due to the savings banks there. They required the sixty days' notice from their deposi the sixty days' notice from their deposi-tors and then sent on their security to Eugene Kelly & Co. for sale in readiness for the demand upon them if it should be made at the expiration of the notice. More Loan Certificates.

At noon the clearing house committee authorized an additional issue of \$2,815,000 loan certificates, making the total amount now outstanding \$21,615,000. From this increasing issue of certificates it is believed it will be several months before call money can be obtainable as low as 6 per cent. The subtreasury in this city was again a

The subtreasury in this city was again a creditor of the clearing house in this city today, the balance being \$149,140,16 in its favor. It was also a creditor on Saturday for the first time since August 17, 1891. This fact was explained on Saturday by the presentation through the subtreasury of checks in favor of the government for interest on Pacific railway bonds held in the Saturday by the presentation through the subtreasury of checks in favor of the government for interest on Pacific railway bonds held in the Saturday by the subtreasury for interest on Saturday bowever, was said to be due to the fact that some banks having large checks on the treasury for interest on government bonds collected these checks over the subtreasury counter instead of through the clearing house and so got the currency for the foll amount. The banks which djd that need the currency. If they had collected the checks through the clearing house they would not have got any of the cash. Practically all the clearing house balances are now paid in clearing house loan certificates, as between the banks. The subtreasury, of course, pays and is paid in cash. On Friday 70 per cent of the clearing house balances was paid in loan certificates and on Saturday 85 per cent of the balance was so paid.

Practically all the banks in the clearing

so paid.

Practically all the banks in the clearing Practically all the banks in the clearing house have now taken out loan certificates. Those which have not, have been creditors to the clearing house and have received sufficient certificates in payment of these balances to enable them to pay any debtor balance against them for the present. If they run short of certificates so received they will take out some themselves rather than deplete their cash by paying clearing house balances in currency or gold. Notwithstanding that two banks, the Chemical and the Importers and Traders', at first refused to take out any certificates, they are in complete accord with the clearing house committee and a reporter was informed today that they will take out certificates as soon as they need them. In connection with the large issue of those certificates last week it became generally known today that but for the prompt action of some of the leading members of the clearing house committee there would have been a default in interest by one well known railway comin interest by one well known railway com

pany on Saturday.

A Millionaire Aided. One of the best known railway millionaires in this country was caught in the squeeze for ready money at the last moment. Know-ing this condition and being assured that ing this condition and being assured that unless there was relief for it there might come actual panie, three of the strongest members of the clearing house association, through the medium of the certificates, provided the necessary assistance. The total payments of interest due July 1st on United States bonds amounted to \$4.391,998.90. About \$6,000,000 will be paid from the subtreasury in this city out of the entire amount of \$7.500,000 disbursed by the government. The payments have usually components that the subtreasury of the payments have usually components. ernment. The payments have usually con-tinued a month or more, but the stringency in the money market made the applica-tion unusually prompt

Sherman Afraid Congress Will Go Too Far. Chicago, July 3.—"There never has been a time since the law of 1890, known as the Sherman act' was passed, that I would not have voted for its repeal," said Sena-tor John Sherman, at the Lexington hotel today. "The Sherman act was a compro-mise measure and it was passed to save the country from a free coinage bill that had been passed by the senate by an overwhelming majority. The democrats helped pass the Sherman bill and they abuse it, whelming majority. The democrats helped pass the Sherman bill and they abuse it, and blame it for all the financial woes of the nation. I have told Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle that I will stand with them for a sound, safe stable currency. Mr. Cleveland in opposing silver is lighting three-fourths of his party. Of course I have my own ideas about what should be done, and when the matter comes up in congress, I will have my say. I think the Sherman law will be repealed, but the danger is that congress may go too far. Should the clause providing for the parchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver monthly be stricken out, it would be well, but it congress should go on and repeal the clause providing the United States shall maintain a parity between gold and silver coins, it will cause widespread distrust. There is in the treasury 35,000,000 or coined silver dollars and 145,000,000 in uncoined buillon. The legal tender of these coins must be preserved and their parity to gold maintained. It is well enough to stop the further mininge of silves, but that the usefulness of those glready made so long as the government guaranty is back of them."

Toledo, O., July 3.—Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Charles Poster in an interview on the call of an extra session of congress said:
"There are three things which, if the democratic party would do, but which they will not do, would stop this business depression inside of thirty days. First, repeal the Sherman law; second, liberalize the national bank issue; third, at the first day of congress pass a resolution not to interfere with the tariff."

AN OLD MAN SUIGIDES.

He Was Despondent and Took the Hemp Route to Eternity. Montgomery, Ala., May 3 .- (Special.)-

Jacob Whetstone, aged seventy years, com-mitted suicide at his home at Robinson Springs, near this city, yesterday morn-His family left the residence yesterday morning to attend services at church near Coasada, a few miles from Robinson

Springs, leaving no one at home with Mr. Whetstone but his aged sister. But he seemed to be in his usual good spirits. Shortly after they had gone, he took a rope, going into the smokehouse and three it over a beam. He then mounted a barrel and, after tving the rope around his neck

then hung until he was dead. He was not discovered until his family returned from church late in the afternoon when they found him hanging in the smoke house dead. The old man had been ill some time, and some say that he grew de spondent on account of his ill health and in a fit of despondency took his life. Others say he brooded over the possibility of becoming very poor, and rather than be confronted by poverty, he would die.

A BLAZE ON GOAT ISLAND-Explosion of Gun Cotton-Several Workme Killed.

Mewport, R. I., July 3.—About 2 o'clock this afternoon smoke was seen from this city issuing from buildings on Goat island, occupied by the government torpedo station. The smoke increased rapidly and was soon followed by tongues of flame, making it evident that a conflagration was in progress there. It looked at first as if the large machine shop was the scene of the fire, as smoke rolled up in dense volumes and flames could be seen lighting up the upper windows. Later it became fairly certain that the fire was located not in, but behind, the machine shop, where are situated a number of smaller buildings occupied for an electrical labratory, storerooms, offices, etc. No explosion was heard or seen from the city and the fire progressed as would a similar blaze in any other building provided only with ordinary fire protection. The fire was later discover, ed to be in the gun cotton factory, situated on the site of old Fort George; on the west side of the island and directly in the location as judged from this city. It started about 1:30 o'clock, not as an explosion, but as a fire pure and simple. Work was at once began in removing the large quantity of gun cotton contained in the building to a place of safety. Before the work was entirely completed, however, fire reached a part of the gun cotton and an explosion followed, killing Frank Loughlin and Jeremiah Hartington and fatally injuring Michael Regan.

FOUR PRISONERS BROKE JAIL.

The Fifth was Too Honest and Would Not Go With the Others. Forsyth, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Four prisoners of Monroe county jail escaped last night by breaking the lock and prizing

last night by breaking the lock and prizing open the doors. This makes the third break within a period of a few months.

There were five prisoners confined in the cells, four of whom took to the woods, but the fifth one was too honest to go with such company and gave himself up to the authorities. Jack McGaugh and Jesse Pledger had already been convicted by the city court. The former was convicted for disturbing public worship and the latter for larceny from the house.

Green Proctor is the one who remained to tell the tale. He was held for retailing liquor in a dry county. Dan Huckaby was incarcerated charged with a henious offense. Bob. Gibson, a negro, who is want-

offense. Bob. Gibson, a negro, who is wanted by the authorities of Crawford county, is supposed to have been the instigator of the jail breaking. No blame is attached

THEY WILL VIOLATE THE LAW.

Hoping That the Courts Will Sustain Them

Tennessee's Insurance Muddle. Nashville, Tenn., July 3.—(Special.)—The only development in the insurance trouble is the fact that about twenty companies have decided to go on with their business in Tennessee without filing their charters as required by law. They will be liable to as required by law. They will be liable to a fine of from \$100 to \$500 upon conviction. About forty companies had withdrawn from the state before these companies had decided to evade the law, and now they are calling for the enforcement of the law on the ground that they lawfully withdrew rather than comply with the law, and those who propose to violate the law should not be allowed to reap the benefits.

THEIR LIVES AS A SACRIFICE.

A Crazy Woman Tries to Have Herself and

Her Children Killed. Raleigh, N. C., July 3.—(Special.)— The passengers on the fast mail train on the Scaboard Air-Line, which arrived here tonight had an exciting experience at the Virginia line.

As the train was running rapidly, a ne

gro woman and two little girls, all entirely naked, appeared on the track. The woman was dragging the children.

The train was stopped in a few yards of the woman who was found to be raving mad. She screamed and cried that sh wanted to sacrifice herself and children. Three men were required to take the children from her and force her off the track until the train passed.

Reed Expects Hot Work. Portland, Me., July 3.—Ex-Speaker Thomas 3. Reed was asked today what he thought of

the extra session.
"It will be hot work," he replied.
"What do you think of the silver question?"
"I don't want to discuss that today."
"Won't the early session be a good prepara-

tory experience for congress?"
"Yes. For the future life. July and August will be a bad time for considering the sliver question, with all its complications." Cutting Down the Force.

Cutting Down the Force.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 3.—As a result of the continued stringency in the money market, nearly five thousand men employed in the various manufacturing industries of this city are out of work. The majority of the manufacturers have a large amount of manufactured product on hand, but the demand has failen off in every class of business within the last month, and collections were so slow that many of the factories will close down, while others will continue, but with reduced forces. Nearly every factory in the city is discharging some of its men, and many of them say flat they are collecting harely enough money to keep up their pay rolls.

ABDICATES.

The King of Greece Throws Up the Sponge, and

A REPUBLIC HAS BEEN DECLARED

Intense Excitement Over the Act, but No Trouble Expected.

FIGHT WIHT THE STUDENTS OF PARIS. The Cause of the Trouble Yesterday

A Demonstration at Clerk Nuger's Funeral-Other Foreign News,

Athens, July 3.-The king today abdicated the throne of Greece and the country has been declared a republic. The action has created the most intense excitement. but it is not believed any trouble will ensue.

The Royal Family of Greece.

George I., king of the Greeks, born December 24, 1845, elected king in 1863. He is the son of the present king of Denmark, Christian IX., and brother of the princess of Wales and the empress of Russia. He married in 1867 the Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, uncle to the present emperor. They have had six living children, five sons and one daughter. The eldest son is Prince Constantine, born 1868, married in 1889 the Princess Sophia, sister of the present German emperor, and has one son, Prince George, born 1890 The king's eldest daughter, Alexandria, marrled in 1889 the Grand Duke Paul, brother of the present emperor of Russia, and died September 24, 1891, leaving a daughter and a son

A R.OT IN PARIS.

The Students Fight Their Way to the Chamber of Deputies and Make Demands.

Paris, July 3.—On Saturday last an affray occured between the police and a num-ber of students in the Latin quarter. The students who lodge in the quarter deternined to lay the facts in the case before the

government and to obtain satisfaction for what they deemed the arbitrary and overbearing conduct of the police.

When the chamber of deputies met today students to the number of \$1,000 proceeded to the legislative building and sought to gain admission. The officers of the cham-ber, fearing a riotous demonstration, gave orders to close the gates to prevent their ingress. After considerable parlying, during

which the students expressed themselves freely, ten of the number were admitted to the chamber. The spokesmen of the students were accorded a hearing by the cham ber. They stated the facts in the case as they appeared to them and declared their only object in coming to the chamber was to urge the deputies to support a motion centuring the government, which was to be offered by M. Millerand.

M. Millerand submitted his motion asking the house to censure the government for its connection with the affray and the de-

bate is still proceeding.

M. Loze, prefect of police, has resigned his office, because, as he believes, the govhis omce, because, as he believes, the gov-ernment is disposed to make a scapegoat of him in the matter. In speaking on his mo-tion M. Millerand maintained that the po-lice had brutally assaulted innocent persons who were simply looking at the struggle between the gendarmes and the students M. Dupuy, the prime minister, deprecate the discussion as premature, adding that a stringent inquiry was proceeding into all the facts in the case.

The order of the day expressing the trust that the government would do its best to e guilty officers, was finally adopted by the chamber. Efforts are now being made to induce M. Loze to reconsider his resignation.

resignation.

At 9:30 o'clock this evening 2,000 students surrounded the prefecture of police, jeered the officials and threw stones through the windows. While the police were preparing to charge the mob upset all the booths in the neighborhood and smashed all the street lamps. The charge of the police was resisted stubbornly. The students fought back with clubs and stones. In the first onset several students were wounded and two policemen were stretched unconscious on the payement. The second unconscious on the pavement. The second charge resulted in more injuries on both sides, but the students were driven back but fifty or sixty yards. After the third charge had been repulsed the students marched singing and shouting to the palace St. Michael. The police retired and a call for cavalry was sent out from the prefecture.
At 10:15 o'clock the students were rioting in the boulevard St. Michael.

HONORS TO PORTER.

The Chileans Ride in a Government Carri-

The Chileans Ride in a Government Carriage and Serenade Him.

Valparasio, July 3.—James G. Porter, the new minister from the United Statess. arrived at Valparaiso on Saturday and proceeded to Santiago, accompanied by Secretary of Legation McGarr. Minister Porter was met at the railway station by the officials of the foreign offices and escorted to his hotel in the government carriages. This was an nusual honor to newly arrived representatives of foreign nations. Before leaving Valparaiso Mr. Porter was serenaded at his hotel by the garrison band and cheered by thonsands of citizens in the streets. No other representative from a foreign nation has been so cordially received by Chileans in recent years. Porter will probably be received by President Montt on July 4th.

Chinese Murdering Missionaries

Chinese Murdering Missionaries.

London, July 3.—A dispatch from Hong Kong reports another fanatical outbreak against missionaries in China. The dispatch says that a mob of natives attacked two Swedish missionaries, sixty miles from Hangkow, and killed them. No further details are given, but the murders are supposed to have been due to the antiforeign placards that have heretofore caused much trouble for the foreign missionaries residing in China.

The Victoria Disaster.

London, July 3.—All the newspapers today publish long editorials on the subject of the Victoria disaster, and all warn the public to suspend judgment on the matter until the result of the court martial to be held in the case shall have been made known. The newspapers admit that Vice Admiral Tryon blundered in giving the order he did for the maneuver which led to the accident, and state that he further blundered when he signalled to the wessels of the squadron not to lower their boats, which they were upon the point of doing for the purpose of going to the rescue of those on the Victoria.

Some of the writers attribute the vice admiral's error to the fact that he was just recovering from an attack of sickness.

morning over the New York Central. They go directly to Narragansett Pier, R. I., where they will remain during the season. All the guests of the hotel, including Mrs. Grant, took their leave of Mrs. Davis last night. The parting between Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Davis was very affectionate, indeed, Mrs. Davis and party, in company with Miss Mary D. Pell, drove to West Point and witnessed the parade last evening.

After the return to the hotel, Mrs. Davis remained in the large parior during the entire evening, and sat conversing with Mrs. Grant most of the time.

PHELPS STILL SPEAKING

For the Right of the United States to Pre-

For the Right of the United States to Protect Its Sealing Industry.

Paris, July 3.—Hon, E. J. Tuelps, of counsel for the United States, continued his closing address before the Behring sea tribunal of arbitration today. He examined into the rights claimed by Russia in 1700 and 1821, and into the resulting protests from the United States and the treaties between America and Russia, Mr. Phelps held that neither the protest nor treaties raised any objection to Russia's exclusive trading or sealing rights in Behring sea; they only opposed Russia's claim to exclusive trading rights on the shores of the Pacific ocean.

Proceeding to deal with the questions of jurisdiction involved in the case, Mr. Phelps contended that they were subordinate to the main question at issue. The property rights of America in the seals and her right to care for the animals would not depend on a decision by the iribunal favorable to her on questions of jurisdiction, though her rights would be strengthened by such a decision.

CAPTURE OF TWO DESPERADOES. Henry Starr and Kid Wilson Caught Up With in Colorado.

Denver, July 3.-Information has been Denver, July 3.—Information has been received here from Colorado Springs that Henry Starr and Kid Wilson, two members of the Starr gang of train and bank robbers, who have caused the death of a dozen me and caused the Julius Torritors and Arterrorized the Indian Territory and Arkansas for months, were arrested there this morning. The men arrived at the Spalding house at a late hour last night with Mrs. Starr. They registered as Frank Johnson and John Wilson, of Joplin, Mo. The officers, after learning who the two men were, were afraid to approach them outright and attempted to get the outlaws in a position to shoot on sight, but they separated. Henry Starr going into the coffee restaurant. The police followed him, and Marshal Dana caught one arm and Math Wright another. Detective Atkinson covered him with a pair of six-shooters. He gave in without a struggle, but said to

'It's a good thing you got the drop on me, or there would have been some corpses

around bere." The same officers then went to Colorado City and captured Kid Wilson, another of the gang. He was armed with a forty-five-calibre gun, and would have made a

deseperate resistence if the officers had not first got the drop on him. When the men were brought to jail an attempt was made to interview them, but without success. After the arrest the officers went down to the Spalding house and woke up the woman, who registered as Mrs. Jackson, but who is really the wife of Starr. She is about eighteen years of age and very pretty. She said that she was married to Starr about six months ago, and that her home was about two hundred miles east of here. A search of the room was made, and under the pillow was found \$460 in gold, which had never been used, and \$500 in gold was found in a purse. She also carried a pearl handled revolver of thirty-eight-calibre. She was closely questioned and admitted that the men who were captured were Henry Starr and Kid Wilson. Of the money which the men had upon them fully \$2,000 was recovered.

THERE IS PLENTY TO DRINK.

Though No Licensed Dispensers of Bever-ages Have Been Appointed in Charleston. Charleston, S. C., July 3.—(Special.)— The blind tiger is abroad in Charleston today. Everybody agrees that there is very little trouble in getting soft drinks and bard drinks in the city by the sea,

and no arrests have been made yet.

The board of control met today and turned down four applicants for dispensaries in this city. They were J. M. Pringle, W. A. Marshall, A. W. Neuffer and J. D. Pletscher, for lack of majority of signatures to their petitions. W. A. Timmerman, who wants to be dispenser at the three-mile house, was also turned down. Fred Horsey, who wants to be dispenser on Sullivan's island, was put

off till later in the week. The only free-hold voter on Sullivan's island is a negro who owns some oyster beds there, and Horsey has his "muck. The white residents of the island only hold their land at the will of the state.

JUMPED FROM THE BRIDGE,

And the Fool May Die from His Reckless

Behavior.

New York, July 3.—Edward McCarthy, aged twenty-one years, a bartender, jump-ed from the Brooklyn bridge tonight and sustained injuries which will probably result in death. Judging from his last conversation before taking his leap, he was anxious to emulate the example of Steve Brodie and share in the bridge jumper's notoriety. When taken from the river his side was black from head to foot where he struck the water, his body resembling that of Odlum, the Washington swimmer, after the latter had taken his fatal jump. McCarthy suffered terribly from hemor-rhages at the mouth for an hour, and after he was taken out of the water. This is the fourteenth case of jumping from the Brooklyn bridge, and the third in two week. McCarthy jumped through a greater space than any of his predeces-

Golden, Col., July 3.—The McPherson County bank did not open its doors this morning, but instead, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, "Impossible to collect on notes outstanding," is given as the cause of the fallure. No statement as to assets and liabilities has, so far, been made public.

public.
Cincinnati, July 3.—Freiberg Bros., dealers in liquors at No. 14 East Third street, made an assignment today. The cause is stated to be the stringency for some months, but the present difficulty to obtain money compelled an assignment. The liabilities are estimated at \$500,000, with assets about the same.

Want the Sherman Law Repealed.

Montgomery. Ala., July 3.—(Special.)—The
Commercial and Industrial Association, of
Montgomery, at a largely attended meeting
today endorsed the call of an extra session,
and requesting sensitors and representatives
to aid in the repeal of the Sherman act.

Is Expected Shortly in the Matter of Rates to Chicago.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL STARTS THE BALL!

And Other Roads Are Expected to Follow at Once-The One-Fare Rate Is Sure to Come,

Chicago, Ill, July 3 .- (Special.)-The railroad rates to the world's fair will take a tumble, and it is only a question of a ent to that effect will be made.

The preliminary step to the general shake up has already taken place. The Illinois Central railroad has given notice that it proposes to make a one-fare rate for the round trip between New Orleans and Chicago, and that tickets will be sold at that rate from all points along its

The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe system has given similar notice, and it is only a question of time, and a short time at that, before the general tumble comes.

The pressure of the business men of Chi-cago for a one-fare rate from any point in the United States, seems to be greater than the railroads can resist. Such a rate would have been announced long ago had been left to the southern and trans-Mississippi railroads; but the railroads north of the Ohio river did not see it in that light and refused to give the usual Insisted all along upon a one-fare rate, the Louisville and Nashville. North Carolina and St. Louis and East Tennessee, . Virginia and Georgia systems having preferred the usual reduction to the twothird rate now in vogue.

However, they could not make such a reduction unless they received the co operation of the western railroads, which was refused, these roads being under the impression that the difference of a few dollars in each ticket would not materially affect the volume of their travel while they would get better returns than by

Of course the southern railroads were bot willing to haul passengers to Louis-ville, Cincinnati, or Evansville at a halfrate and then turn them over to the western railroads to receive the two-third

But the action of the Illinois Central blazes the way for a lower rate for which Chicago has been so earnestly clamor-

The attendance upon the exposition from the south and indeed from all parts of the country is not as large as has been expected, and it is attributed entirely to the unusually high railroad rates.

For this season the merchants of Chi-

cago have been pressing every lever to induce the railroads to lower the rates, and there is now but little doubt but that will be successful. The s appreciate the fact that they are losing money at the present rate and that they will haul many more people and receive handsomer net returns than under the present arrangement.

The reduction may not take place until the first of August, but it is bound to come by then.

Then it will be one fare for the round trip from any southern point.

HOPE FOR THE CENTRAL.

The Hollins Plan May Be Modified and Revived.

New York, July 3.—(Special.)—President Comer and Directors Phinizy and Howell, of the Central railroad, arrived here today to confer with the Hollins committee looking to the reorganization of the company.

They conferred with members of the comnittee, but were unable to get a meeting of the committee today because several members were out of town on account of the holiday tomorrow. A meeting has been called at 10 o'clock Wednesday, when both committees will confer

The Terminal company has also designated a committee to confer with all par-The Terminal company has also designated a committee to confer with all parties about reorganization. Mr. Oakman, General Thomas and Mr. Ryan compose the committee. The Hollins plan has not been abandoned by the committee, but certain modifications will be necessary since the decision of Judge Jackson. The friends of the road are confident that a plan will be devised that can be recommended to the stockholders and junior security holders of the road. The Terminal will cooperate now to get the best terms possible for the stockholders.

Matters are in good shape, and unless the unsettled state of financial affairs changes the status, there is hope still for those who have invested in Central road stock. Nothing definite, however, can be ascertained until the meeting of the various committees. After they confer together, if it is decided that it is possible, the parties can get together on a pan of reorganization. They will either modify the Hollins plan or formulate another with strong parties behind it.

THE WEST POINT PASSES.

No July Dividend This Year for the Stock-

holders of a Good Old Road. The Atlanta and West Point railroad will not declare a semi-annual dividend this year.

This is the first time the company has failed to pay its stockholders a dividend in years. to pay its stockholders a dividend in years. From the time it was built the line was one of the payers and when it was leased by the Central and the Lousiville and Nashville a dividend of 100 per cent was declared in

dividend of 100 per cent was declared in scrip.

The cause of the dividend being passed this summer is said to be the falling off in revenue. The decrease in net earnings is said to be \$27,000 less for this year than during the corresponding period last year.

Colonel C. H. Phinlzy, of Augusta, is president of the Atlanta and West Point and Captain Tyler, of Atlanta, is the general manager. The road has been kept in the finest physical condition and is surpassed by none in the south. Until the last year or two the Atlanta and West Point had a solendid field with very little competition, but the building of new lines has taken from it some of its former traffic and with the natural falling off in business the last twelve months net earnings have greatly suffered.

JEALOUS OF THE TERMINAL POINTS.

The Interstate Commerce Commission Is After All of Georgia's Roads.

Savannah, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—A bill has been filed in the United States court by District Attorney W. T. Gary, for the interstate commerce commission against all interstate lines in Georgia, praying for an injunction restraining them from making discriminating rates against places which are not terminal points. This applies only to interstate or through business. The petition will be heard in Macon in the fali.

Defaulted the Bonds. Defaulted the Bonds.

Philadelphia, July 3.—The Reading Raliway Company has defaulted in the payment of both the principal and interest of the Lancaster and Quarryville bonds, which it guaranteed and which matured on Saturday. The Reading has been operating the Lancaster and Quarryville road for twenty years, and during that time it has been a dead loss of about \$400,000, according to the statements of Reading officials.

It was currently reported today that some of the London holders of Reading general mortgage bonds have invited the firms of J. 5. Morran & Co., and Brown, Shinks & Co.

Major Fink and Thomas Spence Take
Charge of the Louisville Southern.
Nashville, Tenn., July 3.—(Special.)—
Henry Fink and Thomas Spence were this
afternoon appointed receivers of the Louisville Southern railroad by Judge H. H.
Lurton, of the United States circuit court.
The appointment was made in answer to
the application of the Central Trust Company, of New York, represented by Captain
Thomas L. Bullitt.

It seems that in 1889 the receivers of the
East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad leased the Louisville Southern for a
certain price and agreed to pay the interest
on \$5,000,000 of bonds previously issued.
The time within which the terms of the
contract were to be complied with has
passed without their being fulfilled, and for
this reason the Central Trust Company,
which holds the bonds asked that the re-

which holds the bonds, asked that the receiver be appointed. Judge Lurton heard the case at chambers today, and, granting the petition, made the appointment as stated above.

North Carolina's Railroads.

Raleigh, N. C., July 3.—(Special.)— The railway commission has completed its assessment of seventy railroads in North Carolina, and the total value closely approximates \$25,000,000. The Raleigh and Gaston division of the Seaboard Air-Line, which has heretofore paid no taxes, is assessed at \$10,000 per mile; total \$1,250,000.

A Street Ballroad Sold.

Montgomery, Ala., July 3 .- (Special.)-The Cloverdale electric street railway was sold today under a decree of the city court and was bid in for Townsend & Brown, the contractors who built the road, at \$3,000. The road has six miles of track and has first mortgage bonds outstanding to the extent of

GRAVES ON THE RACE PROBLEM.

The Eloquent Georgian Makes an Excellent

Impression at Lexington Chautauqua. Lexington, Ky., July 3 .- (Special.)-The largest audience of the Kentucky Chautanqua assembly, now in session, gathered this evening to hear John Temple Graves on "Uncle Tom's Cabin." No utterance has been heard here in years that has caused as much discussion or evoked so much favorable comment.

Colonel Graves was heard here last year in "The Reign of the Demogogue," which excited comment more for the manner of its presentation and for its masterly eloquence, while the all-absorbing comment excited by the lecture of today is the idea it presented. He offers a new solution of the race problem, which appears more ingenious and more feasible than any statesman of the day has yet suggested, and it was received here with prompt endorse-

His remedy is, briefly, to use the millions of public lands in the west to set up for the negro an independent commonwealth. Several speakers of note from the north were present, and their expression was of approval, provided the thinking class of the blacks desire it.

Graves has again impressed himself upon the people of the blue grass and the home of Henry Clay, as one of the most advanced thinkers of the day and as one of the most eloquent orators of the south.

ONE AGAINST EIGHT.

A Robber by Bluffing Intimidates Eight

Men and Robs Them. Denver, Col., July 3.—Last night three masked men attempted to hold up the Rio Grande Southern station agent at Rico, Col.. for the purpose of securing a large sum of money that was supposed to be in the safe. On Friday night last a successful raid was made by one man on the station at Mancos. ocated on the same railway some forty mile

west of Durango.

The robbery at Mancos occurred at 9:15 o'clock Friday evening, a single man entering the depot, in which were seven men besides Agent Sprague. The robber was masked and his sudden appearance with a revolver in each hand so disconcerted the eight men that they arisely observed his command to hold up his sudden appearance with a revolver in each hand so disconcerted the eight men that they quickly obeyed his command to hold up their hands. He kept them quiet by speaking to imaginary pals of his who were supposed to be outside and whom the robber told to keep the station agent and his seven friends covered with their guins. The lone robber then secured about \$200 in cash and took four gold watches from his victims. The cash belonged to the ailway company. He then quietly bid the badly scared men goodby and left. It was then discovered that he was entirely alone, and his frightened victims were much chagrined to think that they had

were much chagrined to think that they had been robbed by one man.

The attempted robbery of the Rico station last night was frustrated by Agent Heywood, by pluckily firing on the robbers with a Winchester as they attempted to force the door. The would-be robbers quickly departed.

A SOUTHERNER ROBBED IN CHICAGO.

A Negro Woman Grabs the Pocket Book of Marshal Allison, of North Carolina.

Chicago, July 3.—(Special,—United States Marshal Thomas G. Allison, of Statesville, N. C., was robbed of \$275 at the corner of Harrison and State streets last night by a colored woman, giving her name as Cora

Wilson
He had the money in a bag, which he was in the act of stuffing into his pocket after buying some fruit, when the Wilson woman snatched it and ran, Allison gave chase, but the woman disappeared in a dark alley. He shouted for the police, but no policeman came. Shortly afterwards the marshal saw the their Standing in a doorway. He seized her and she struggled violently, but her captor held on to her. The woman finally told him if he would go up stairs "Miss Alice would return him his money." He refused, and callreturn him his money." He refused, and call-ed loudly for an officer, attracting a big crowd. A policeman finally came along and arrested the woman, who at once handed over \$95 of Allison's money, declaring it was all she

had.

Allison told his story to Justice Foster this morning, and he held the woman to answer at the criminal court in a bond of \$2,000 on the charge of highway robbery.

FIRED ON HIS WIFE'S SLAYER.

Tragedy in the Courtroom at Texarkana

Ark.

Texarkana, Ark., July 3.—At 9:30 o'clock this morning, while the trial of R. E. Lee for killing Mrs. Jesse Hale, which occurred in this city Thursday evening, was in progress before Justice Edwards, Hale, the husband of the decensed, entered the courtroom with his two little daughters, and advancing to where Lee was sitting in the prisoner's dock, seated his children and drawing a 45-caliber Colt's pistol opened fire on the slayer of his wife. Hale fired five times, the second shot striking Lee in the thigh and making a dangerous wound. He owes his life to a large stove behind which he took refuge. The scene in the courtroom was a wild one, judge, lawyers and witnesses taking refuge from the flying bullets. Hale was postponed to await the results of his injuries.

CLEVELAND IN A FOG.

The Yacht Bas Not Arrived at Buzzard's

Bay, but Is Due.

Buzzard's Bay, Mass., July 3.—'The weather is thick at Buzzard's Bay and there are no signs of the yacht having on board the presidential party. Nothing has been heard of the party since they left New York. The yacht left New York Friday. The usual run is fifteen hours, and, inasmuch as the boat has not been reported at any of the ports, it is the opinion that the yacht is at anchor down the hay waiting the clearing of the thick fog which will allow her to proceed.

The Great Banker Was Found Dead in a Hotel Room.

BY THE WAITER CARRYING HIM DINNER.

Rheumatic Gout is What the Physician Give as the Cause of His Death, Had Been Suffering for Years.

New York, July 3 .- A special cable from Carlsbad gives the following details regarding the death of A. J. Drexel. The who saw the late Mr. Drexel, of Philadelphia, just before his death, say that he seemed unusually well and cheerful. At 9 o'clock Friday morning, Mr. H. C. Haskins. of New York, called upon him. Mr. and Mrs. Haskins had been with Mr. Drexel constantly. Mrs. Haskins is a daughter of United States Minister

Runyon and was a great favorite with Mr. Drexel, who said it was good to be ill to be taken care of by such a charming nurse. Mr. Drexel had breakfasted heartily on tea, two eggs and two rolls. He took all his meals indoors and had not

took all his meals indoors and had not been out since June 8th. He received many callers, although his physicians forbade any excitement. Mr. Drexel was glad to see people and was annoyed only when they stayed long, because speaking caused him an effort.

Mr. Drexel occupied two rooms on the second floor of the Hotel Bristol. overlooking the terrace and Schlossberg, just above Sprudel. The rooms command a lovely view of the valley and distant mountains. The discovery of Mr. Drexel's death was made by a waiter who brought up his previously ordered dinner at 1:45 o'clock. The dinner consisted of soup, beefsteak, green beans, a small bottle of Austrian claret and a bottle of Glesschuebler mineral water. The waiter found the Austrian claret and a bottle of Giesschuebler mineral water. The waiter found the
sitting room door locked. He then started
to go through the bedroom and discovered
Mr. Drexel lying on his back with his
mouth and eyes wide open and apparently
dead. He was dressed in a night shirt,
dark trousers, flannel vest, dressing gown,
gray woolen socks and leather slippers.
The waiter went down stars and summoned the propriets. Dr. Grunnthorger who ed the proprietor. Dr. Gruentberger, who was immediately called, gave it as his opinion that Mr. Drexel had died instantly and painlessly. Without touching his and painlessly. Without touching his body, he sent for the town physician. Dr. Kugler. He examined the body and confirmed Dr. Gruentberger's opinion. Dr. Kugler then had the body moved to the mortuary chapel at the cemetery for the autopsy, which was held the same even

The coroners certificate and states and states and states are states as a widower, aged sixty-six, born in Philadelphia, Protestant, had died at the Hotel Bristol on the Schlossberg at 2 o'clock, June 30th. Late illness, embolia arteria pulmonal. This certificate was signed, "Dr. Kugler,

town physician," and was countersigned by the mayor of Carlsbad.

At 11 o'clock Mr. Haskins had been with Mr. Drexel and chatted pleasantly. Soon after, James Stebbins, of Philadelphia, called. He said today to a correspondent:

ent:
"I was the last man who spoke to him. "I was the last man wno spoke to him. He seemed cheerful and fairly on the road to recovery. When leaving I shook hands with him and said. Cheer up, old friend, and have pluck.' Mr. Drexel replied, 'I have planty of that.'"

have plenty of that."

These were the last words Mr. Drexel said to any one. Dr. Gruentberger said

"I treated Mr. Drexel for the last ten-years. He was suffering from rhemmatic gout and came here every year. He had, relief every time he left and always had an excellent winter in consequence of his Carlsbad treatment. He came this year the first of June. The first week was passed in the regular way. At the end of the second week he contracted a very severe cold. After a hard walk on a hot day he came home from the woods. found him in his room perspiring. was sitting at a table writing, and, cording to the American habit, between the open doors and a window in a sharp draft. I told him he was doing wrong to sit in such a draft and that he could easily get a severe cold. He answered, 'Oh. I stand all those things very well.'

I then closed the door.
"The next day he sent me a card saying he had a severe chill and did not feel at all well. I called immediately and at all well. I caned immediately and found him complaining of severe pains in the right side when he breathed. I suspected that it was the beginning of inflammation of the lungs or pleurisy. I examined him carefully, but tound no symptoms of such trouble. The next morning I found symptoms and made a, diagnosis of pleurisy. As I would not take the grave responsibility alone in the case of such an old man, I called in Dr. Neubauer, one of the best physicians here. He confirmed my diagnosis and treatment. The course of the illness was mild, and under our treatment he recovered so much that the fever disappeared entirely after fifteen days. He lost his pains and regained his sleep and appetite and again took his regular meals. The evening before his death, I saw him for the last time with Dr. Neubauer, and declared found him complaining of severe pains in evening before his death, I saw him for the last time with Dr. Neubauer, and declared him safe. Replying to his question when he might leave Carlsbad, we told him in eight or ten days: On the evening of the following day. Friday, I saw him alone as usual about 6:20 o'clock. I found him in the best of spirits. He told me he had slept seven hours in succession, and felt stronger. I examined him and repeated what I had told him about the time of leaving. I never saw him alive again. I was called at 2 o'clock and told that Mr. Drexel had died suddenly after receiving some visitors. I went to the Bristol where I found that he had died of Bristol where I found that he had died of paralysis of the heart. This diagnosis was caused by trombousis of the pulmotem. In this case paralysis of the pulmotem. In this case paralysis of the pulmonary arteries."

Pittsburg, July 3.—The Homestead cases, that is the indictments for riot, conspiracy, treason and murder, against the ex-strikers, will not be holle prossed, as were the indictments against the Carnegie officials and the



enfeebled by Typhoid Fever, and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him as incurable with Consumption. He has been in poor health since, until he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

THE FOURTH AT THE FAIR.

Arrangements for a Big Time Today a

Arrangements for a Big Time Today at Jackson Park.

Chicago, July 3.—It was regular seashore summer resort weather at the world's fair today. A delightfully refreshing breeze blew in from the lake, and there was not a cloud in the sky. The weather had a good effect on the attendance, and it is estimated that the total for the day will be over 150,000. The total for Sunday was 71,008, of which 48,756 were paid.

Visitors and excursionists from a distance are already beginning to pour in from every direction to be on hand for the grand celebration tomorrow. Half a dozen big exsursion trains unloaded their passengers at the big terminal station of the White City before 11 o'clock this morning, and the Illinois Central special world's fair trains brought thousands from down town, and long before noon the bureau of admissions gave it out that more people had pussed through the gates than were in attendance all Sunday. Every one connected with the exposition was busy today getting things in order for tomorrow. Exhibitors are hard at work putting the finishing touches on their displays and decorating their departments for tomorrow. Colonel Culp, of the committee on ceremonies, sent out a letter to each of the chiefs of departments this morning, requesting them to notify the American exhibitors to meet in the administration plaza in front of the MacMonies fountain tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, Major Pangborn, in charge of the Baltimore and Ohlo raliway exhibit, wrote he would be there to act as chief marshal, He will form the exhibitors will form a line on either side of the roadway, and the city officials will ride between them, banners flying and bands playing. Meantime, there will be a roar of cannon from the lake front, and the chimes of belis in the tower of machinery hall and in the German government builting.

The procession will proceed to the administration plaza, and then separate to the

hall and in the German government business will ring.

The procession will proceed to the ad-ministration plaza, and then separate to the different points on the grounds where the declaration of independence is to be read.

Columbia "Liberty" will Not Ring. The new Columbia liberty bell, recently cast at Troy, N. Y., will not be rung at the world's fair tomorrow, nor will it be rung until it has been melted and recast. When the bell was removed from the mold a seri-ous flaw was discovered. It was imperfectly cast. Colonel Culp, of the committee on cerenonies, has received notice from the form dries to this effect and today he announced that that part of the 4th of July programme having reference to the new Columbian liberate

dries to this effect and today he announced that that part of the 4th of July programme having reference to the new Columbian liberty bell and the historic beil which rang out the glad tidings of liberty and union over a century ago has been postponed indefinitely.

One feature of the day in midway paisance will be the gathering together at the west end of the street of representatives from all the colonies on the white road. This will be at noon. In the picturesque group yill be Germans, Australians, Chinese, Persians, Brazilians, Soudanese, Nubjans, Arabs, Turks, North American Indians, Roumanlans, Javanese, Algerians and South Sea Islanders. Promptly at noon, the American flag will be run up on one of the big poles near the Cottage grove avenue entrance. This will be a signal for a salute from each of the colonies represented at the exercises. Then there will be speeches in English, French and German, and cheering enough to frighten the ducks in the ponds in Washington park. The Austrian village, or "Old Vienna," will be festooned with lanterns and garlands, and the great Fourth Infantry band, of Vienna, will play for the first time Lieder Siehrer's "Columbian March," composed especially for the day, and which will be dedicated to President Cleveland.

Rose Coghlan Marrled.

Rose Coghlan Married.

New York, July 3.—The report in theatrical circles that John T. Sullivan, the actor, had been married to Rose Coghlan was confirmed last night.Mr. Suffivan has been playing leading roles in Miss Coghlan's supporting company for several seasons.

WALKS AND TALKS.

Congressman Thomas G. Lawson, of the eighth, was at the Kimball yesterday. He came up "on n little business," he said. "No, I am not on my way to Washington and do not want to get there while it is so hot, for when it is hot in Washington it is neiting. It is impossible to tell just what congress will do, of course, on the financial question. The house will vote for the repeal of the Sherman bill. It is hard to say what the senate will do, but we have every hope that congress will speedily find some way to relieve the financial situation."

Mr. L. F. Copeland, the lecturer, is in the city. He has been on the platform for a number of years and is one of the most delightful speakers on the platform. Years ago he made a great success with a lecture which he called "The Mistakes of Ingersoll."

United States Senator John B. Gordon left the city yesterday for South Carolina, while will spend a few days. He will go the to Washington to assume his duties in the extra session of congress.

Mr. Sanders McDaniel, of Monroe, came to the city late last night and will spend several days with his friends here. Sanders Mc-Daniel is one of the brainest young lawyers in the state and is sure to make his mark soon or late. He is a graduate of the State university with the famous class of '86, and has been winning brilliant and shining opinions from the state bar ever since he left college. He is at present practicing with his father at

Mr. Branham, of Monroe, was here last night at the Kimball.

Mr. Marion Harris, of Macon, was registered at the Kimball yesterday. Mr. Harris is one of the most promising young men in middle Georgia. Besides this he has a way of making friends and rumor says will try his hand as a politician in Bibb county poli-

Dr. W. G. Brown having been invited by the president of the Tennessee State Dental Association to clinic before that body on crown and bridge work, has gone to Chatta-nooga for that purpose.

N WS OF THE CITY.

DEATH OF A LITTLE GIRL.—The two-year-old daughter of Mr. W. A. Miller, a member of the police force, died at the resi-dence of her father, No. 22 Venable street, last Sunday evening. She was a bright and loveable young child and was full of beautiful promise. Her death is a sore bereavement to the fond parents and to the immediate friends of the family. The remains were taken to Fairburn, Ga., yesterday afternoon for interment.

A CHILD'S FUNERAL.—The funeral of little George Randolph, the infant child of Mr. George R. Law, occurred from the residence on Church street vesterder meters. dence on Church street yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Rev. R. S. Barrett officiated and the services were solemn and impressive. The little boy was only four months old, but was a bright child and his death is a sore bereavement to the sad household.

FUNERAL OF MR. HARDIN.-The funeral of Mr. H. P. Hardin occurred from his late residence in this city yesterday afternoon. It was largely attended and there were several beautiful floral designs. He was buried in Westview cemetery.

FUNERAL OF MRS. BOWEN.—The funeral of Mrs. Caroline Bowen occurred from her late residence on Nelson street yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. There was a large attendance present and the services were solemn and appropriate. All that was mortal of this good woman, who was tenderly beloved by so many, was committed to the sod of Oakland cemetery.

BURIED IN WESTVIEW.—The funeral of Mr. W. A. Young, whose sad death occurred at the Grady hospital last Sunday night, was held yesterday afternoon and the interment was made in Oakland cemetery. Mr. Young was greatly admired by his many friends and associates and his death will be mourned by the entire community.

A PLEA FOR STOCKS.

Porter's Lawyers Present the Former Jeopardy Ples to the Suprema Court.

Porter Stocks's lawyers made another move for him yesterday. They appeared in the supreme court and argued an appeal from Judge Richard Clark, putting forward the plea of former jeopardy.

This ples was based on the dismissal of a feror while the case was in progress recently and the announcement of a mistrial by the judge. His reason at the time for excusing the juror was the information that the juror's mother had died. The circumstances are fresh and familiar to the public.

The lawyers for the defense were asked to consent to Mr. Corley, who was on the jury, being asked some questions in reference to his mother's illness in order to satisfy the court that he was the person concerned. Finally, the juror was notified that his mother had died and he was excused and the jury discharged and a mistrial leclared. The attorneys for the defense claimed that the prisoner had been put in jeopardy of his life and they insisted that he be discharged. Judge Clark overruled them and refused to appear. A new jury was drawn and a few day's later Stocks was put on trill again and he was found guilty of manslaughter.

An appeal in the meantime had been taken to the supreme court and yesterday it came on for as hearing. Messrs. Arnold and John T. Glenn argued in favor of the plea of jeopardy, insisting that there was no precedent for Judge Clark's action. Judge Lumpkin intimated that the supreme bench could make one.

Mr. W. C. Glenn made an able speech for the state, arguing that Judge Clark had

timated that the supreme venue cone.

Mr. W. C. Glenn made an able speech for the state, arguing that Judge Clark had acted according to the dictates of humanity and that the prisoner was not really in jeopardy of his life and that it would be a miscarriage of justice for him to be discharged on the technical plea. It was as an able a speech as the counsel ever made. There were Intimations from Judges Lumpkin and Simmons that indicated that they were not favorably impressed by the claims of the defense. Chief. Justica Bleckley was non-committal.

An entry decision from the Seatch proceed.

If the decision is adverse to Porter Stocks a motion will be pressed for a new trial on the ground of newly-discovered evidence. The evidence to be used is the witness who stated that he saw Alf Cassin fire three shots over Porter Stocks's head on the public road while the two were out driving on the day that Stocks shot Cassin.

IN MEMORY OF MRS. INMAN.

Home Visited the Grave and Sang Songs. It was a touching scene at the grave of Mrs. Jennie I). Inman yesterday afternoon, when about thirty little orphans from the Inman Orphans' home gathered about the green mound and sang songs and bowed

their heads in prayerful reverence in respect to the memory of the dead.

The board of managers of the home went to the memory of the dead.

The board of managers of the home went there with the children and with them joined in the exercises. They have planned to make the anniversary of the death of Mrs. Imman each year a memorial day at the Jennie D. Imman Orphans' home. Yesterday the day was observed as such for the first time. There were about thirty little orphans in the party that went out to the cemetery. They carried with them fairest flowers, which they have grown in the yards around the home for this very purpose, for it was long since decided to make this a memorial day. The children seemed to feel deeply the sadiess of the occasion and entered fully into the spirit that ruied the hour.

They sang a song in opening the memorial exercises, after which Dr, Barnett, of the First Presbyterian church, offered prayer.

Then the little souls threw their voices into the sweet harmony of "Shall We Gather at the River," and the exercises were closed with the benediction by Dr. Barnett.

The grave was prettily decorated with ficwers.

HE IS OUT ON BOND.

John M. Lee, the Young Boy Who Shot Gordon Parker, Released.

John M. Lee, the eighteen-year-old boy who shot Gordon Parker last Saturday afternoon, was released from the station house yester-

was released from the station house yesterday.

Lee was taken before Judge Bloodworth,
who investigated the facts in the case, and,
after hearing all of the evidence, bound bin
over to appear before the superior court in
the sum of \$500.

This amount was raised without any difficulty, and yester ay afternoon the boy was
released from his cell. He had been incarcerated since Saturday afternoon, at which
time he came to the station house voluntarily
and gave himself up.

The cause of the difficulty between Lee and
Parker was the attentions which the latter
was paying to young Lee's sister. He ordered
Parker to leave the place, which enraged the
young man, and, hence, the dispute in which
the shot was fired.

Fell Dead on the Streets. Cordele, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—A negro by the name of Sam Shipman, from Seville, who had been here several days under the treatment of Dr. Benton Strauger, fell dead on the sidewalk in front of Dr. Strauger's office at 7 o'clock tonight. He had consumption, and died from exhaustion.

CHAUTAUQUA PROGRAMME.

TUESDAY, JULY 4-11 A. M. Lecture by Colonel L. F. Copeland, "Future of the Republic."

Oration by Hon. John Temple Graves. 4:30 P. M.

Grand Concert by Chorus of a Thousand Voices, "Our Gallant Soldiers," and "Una Voce," from "Barber of Seville;" MADAME MARIE DECCA

and other sololsts of the city assisting. 8:30 P. M. Illustrated Lecture by Professor C. E. Bolton, "Paris, the French Republic."

Atlanta Chautauqua Assembly. Daily lectures at 11 a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 8 p. m. Bible normal class at 9 a.m. Chorus rehearsal at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Admission 25 cents. Whole day tickets 50 cts. Season tickets \$3. Tickets for sale at John Miller's, Bolles's book store, Elkin & Watson Drug Co.'s, Jacobs's Pharmacy, Bratton's drug store, Richards's book store, Eugene Jacobs, Whitehall street. Grounds located between Jackson street and Boulevard, one block from Edgewood avenue. Take street cars to the



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect larative: effectually cleansing the system.

beneficial properties of a perfect lar-ative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and feven and permanently curing constipation It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the media

met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Fig. and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$

Rev. Dr. W. R. BRANHAM,

of Oxford, Ga., says: with the Flectropoise enames him to give it his hearty of dors ment."

ceatment that cures after medirine and physicians tail. Book

It costs nothing to investigate this

ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE CO., Could Building, Atlanta, G.

Whether quaffed from a vessel of tin, glass or gold; There's nothing so good for the young or the old-as

Root Beer

A delicious, healthgiving, thirst-satisfying beverage. A temperance drink for temperance people.
A 25C. package makes 5 gallons. A 25c. package makes 5 gallons.
Sold and Enjoyed Everywher

STUART'S

A remedy for all kinds of Bladder i Kidney troubles. CURES

Did you ever reflect that many ills c life come from sluggish action of the Kid neys? KIDNEY The Kidneys are the great blood strain

ers, thus filtering out poisonous elementhat would otherwise remain and containate the whole system. AND

Keep the blood pure—aid the Kider, when oppressed and overburdened, as you will build up the system and preserving the system and the system BLADDER

Do you suffer with weakness, backach pains in the sides, nervousness, loss of s petite, bad taste in the mouth, etc.? TROUBLES. Take STUART'S GIN AND BUCH

One bottle will convince you of its n Sold by all druggists. SEALED PROPOSALS for constructing a system of waterworks whe received by the mayor and aldermen Newnan, Ga., until 12 o'clock noon July 1803. The main items are:

I cement-lined basin, 100x100x0 deep.

I stand pige, 20 inches in diameter, 120 febieb.

high.

1 compound pump 12x18x10x18.

1 fire pump 18x10x12.

2 50-horse power boilers and heaters, etc.
About 558 tons of piping, ranging from
to 4 inches in diameter and 200cwt
specials.

Froposals must be made on blank for
furnished by the mayor and aldermen of Me
nan. Ga. Plans can be examined and bla
forms and specifications obtained at the way
works office.

N. W. DAVIS. Basical

N. W. DAVIS. Engi I. N. ORR, Mayor.

Apollinaris

At the WORLD'S FAIR. The Exhibit of Apollinaris is to be seen in the GERMAN DIVISION of the

AGRICULTURAL BUILDING.

Will Batt

Will Be

NEW ORL Yesterd

CLUBS. CLUBS.
Augusta
Charleston.
Savannah.
Atlanta.
Memphis.
Macon.
Chattanooga
Montgomery
Birmingham
New Orlean
Mobile.
Nashville.

Atlanta

today.

The two beach repressmake a strong for the repressmake a strong for the second will that victory. That New one. The second for the se

Macon, con beat, their Man combinati their Man combinati the delever siuggers vented Monade two bile score ran when Man made, the when Man made, the sure when the game brag cen catch this at short second a Beard kyluning a the ninth surely will birds will be the second a second a second second a second a beard kyluning a the ninth surely will birds will be the second a second a

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THE GLORIOUS

Great Game.

Will Battle for Supremacy Out at

Brisbine Park.

NEW ORLEANS HAS A GOOD CLUB,

But Atlanta Hit Pitcher Parvin Very Hard Yesterday—Memphis Kindly Down-ed Manning's Savannahs.

 CLUBS.
 Played. Won. Lost. Per Cent. ugusta
 .59
 42
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 .712

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 .695

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Atlanta will tackle New Orleans again

The two best cities in the Southern League

ach represented by a cracker-jack team, will take a strong fight to carry off the Fourth

of July honors.

And it goes without saying that a great erowd will be on hand today to help pull that victory down for Atlanta.

That New Orleans team is certainly a good.

on to do his share of the work,
But one game will be played today. In
most of the cities of the Southern League,
there will be a morning game and an afternoon sgame, but in Atlanta there will be no
general closing up of business establishments
until the afternoon, and for that reason ft
was agreed to play one game today and one
tomorrow.

The game will be called at 4 o'clock. There
will be every accommodation for the patrons
of the game, and everybody who loves baseball can be assured of splendid sport.

The teams today will be:

The teams today will be:
Atlanta, Position. New Orleans
Gurphy Catcher Baldwin
Darby Pitcher Baldwin
Onnor Second Base Roat
Duffee. Third Base. Dowie
Ely Shortstop Langsford
Cewman Left Field Campan
Gurray Center Field Parent

ATLANTA—
Elly, ss.,
Duffee, 3b.,
Motz, 1b.,
Connor, 2b.,
Newman, if.
Camp, if.,
Murrhy, cf.,
Murphy, c,
Rettger, p.

Macon 5, Mobile 2.

game 2:15. Umpire, McDermort.

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Today Macon beat the nine Blackbirds from Mobile, their Manager Kelly and Umpire Baker. The combination was a strong one and it required eleven innings to win, but Shannon's sluggers were equal to the occasion and defeated Mobile by a score of 5 to 2. Macon made two runs in the second inning and Mobile scored two in the sixth inning. The score ran thus until the eleventh inning, when Macon put her batting clothes on and made three runs in short order by very heavy hitting. In this inning Donnelly, of Macon, got a base on balls; Dan Shannon then knocked a three-bagger and Abbey knocked a two-bagger, bringing Gillen home, thus running Macon three a head. Mobile failed to score in the eleventh inning and the game was Macon's. Dairymple, Macon's brag center fielder, made a lovely running catch this inning. Beard did some fine work at short stop for Macon. His double play at second and to Hess at first was a beauty. Beard knocked a two-bagger in the eighth linning and again in the tenth inning. In the ninth inning it seemed that Mobile would surely win. Jack Peltz led, off for the Blackbirds with a two-bagger. Gettinger knocked to second and was thrown out at first. Peltz running to third. Flynn then knocked a high fly to Donnelly in right field. Peltz made a break for home. Donnelly threw the ball hard from right to Catcher Fields at home, who caught the ball and touched Peltz before he could reach the plate. Donnelly did some splendid work throughout the entire game. In the tenth inning it aguin appeared that Mobile would win and she would have done so but for the phenomenan and brillent play of Twitchell in left field. Gilks knocked a long fly to left for what

NEW ORLEANS.

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R. BRANHAM, says:

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isus tail. Book TROPOISE CO.,

Atlanta, Ga.

ed Everywhere. RT'S

RES

he great blood strain-at poisonous elements remain and contami-

ure—aid the Kidneys d overburdened, and e system and preserve DDER

h weakness, backache, ervousness, loss of ap-he mouth, etc.? BLES.

ROPOSALS

2x18x10x18.

ORR, Mayor.

Dr. Plerce's Golden Medical Discovery is the medicine for the blood. You'll be willing to believe this, perhaps, if you think of the way it's sold to you. On trial—that's what it amounts to. In any case where it fails to benefit or cure, your money is returned. With any doubtful or ordinary medicine, this couldn't be done. And it isn't done, except with the "Discovery."

And it isn't done, except with the "Discovery."
In every disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, this medicine will certainly cure. For the most stubborn Skin and Scalp Diseases; the worst forms of Scrotula, even Consumption (or Lungscrofula) in its earlier stages; and for Dyspepsia, "Liver Complaint," and every kindred ailment, nothing approaches it as a remedy.

Nothing else, at any price, is really as cheap. You pay only for the good you get.

It's more than mere relief—it's a perfect and permanent cure, that you get with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. The proprietors offer \$500 reward for any incurable case

Will Be Celebrated in Atlanta by a TWO "CRACKER JACK" BALL TEAMS

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 3.—(Special.)— Today's game with Montgomery was a pitcher's battle, in which Stephens, of the locals, was a little the steadlest and won out

Charleston Won by Hitting.

Charleston, S. C., July 3 .- (Special.)ville put up a very pretty game of ball today with Charleston, playing the nine innings without a fielding error. Hoffer, who pitched for the visitors, however, was badly treated. for the visitors, however, was badly treated, the locals getting fourteen safe hits from him, while they only pounded seven out of Cross. All the heavy hitting was done by McCgrthy, Carney and Weddige, of the Charleston team. Hoffer and Burke got two singles each, but they were not lucky.

Score by innings:
Charleston ... 0 2 0 4 1 1 1 0 0-7, H. 14, F. 3

Nashville ... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0-2 H. 7, E. 0

Batterles-Cross and Sugden; Hoffer and Boland. That New Orleans team is certainly a good one. The score of yesterday's game might seem to indicate otherwise, but Atlanta won simply on account of ability to hit Mr. Parvin. Parvin is a long, tall youth, with a great lot of speed, but who is young in the business, and, therefore, goes to pieces easily. He did that yesterday. After pitching six innings of beautiful ball, he let down and lost heart after a few errors were made behind him. Today either Baker or Balley will be in the pitcher's box for the visitors. Both are splendid men, and both are old-time Atlanta favorites, and will be given a good big ovation when they appear today. Darby will do the twirling for Atlanta, and he can be counted on to do his share of the work.

But one game will be played today. In

Augusta Hit Miller. Augusta. Ga.. July 3.—(Special.)—Augusta won the first game of the series from Birmingham 5; two-base hits, Denny 2, Stafford, doubtful up to the sixth inning. Score by innings:

Innings:

Augusta..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 3 0 1-7. H 12. E 3
Birmingham... 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 1-5. H 9. E 1
Summary—Earned runs, Augusta 6. Birmingham 5; two-base hits. Denny 2, stafford, NicMahon. Earle, Everett: three-base hits, Stafford, Everett; bases on balls, off Miller 5, off German 1; double play, Taylor; struck out, by German 1, by Miller 4; passed balls, Wilson 1; hit by pitcher, by Miller 3. Savannah Blames Hill.

Batteries—Meakin and Connaughton; Wadsworth and Rogers.

Earned runs—Savannah. 4; Memphis. 1.

Two-base hits—Burns, Connaughton, McGarre, Wittrock, Clingman and Wadsworth. Three-base hits—Burns. Home run—Cartwight. Double plays—Cross unassisted, Meakin, Nicholl, Manning, Left on bases—Savannah, S. Memphis, 3. Struck out—By Meakin, 4; Wadsworth, 7. Bases on balls—Meakin, 2; Wadsworth, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Wadsworth, 1. Passed ball—Concaughton. Unfpire, Hill. Time, 2:40.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 3, hits 7, errors 5; Philadelphia 6, hits 11, errors 1. Batteries—Sullivan and Murphy: Weyhing and Cross, At Louisville—Louisville 9, hits 12, errors 6; Washington 5, hits 6, errors 4. Batteries—Grim and Rhoades; Farrell, McGuire and Duryea.

blow on the arm from a ball from Ely's bat, and, after that inning, gave way to Farvin.

New Orleans started the run-getting in the first. Atlanta evened up in the second, took a lead of one run in the third, and at the end of the sixth had added two more, making the score five to three in favor of the home team at that time.

The fireworks began in the seventh, Motz's base on balls, Newman's hit, errors by Parvin, Langsford and Dowle, a double by Rettger and Ely's single added five runs in that inning. In the eighth, a base on bails, double by Motz and singles by Newman and Camp give Atlanta three more, and in the minith singles by Duffee, Murray and Murphy, tripples by Motz and Camp and a home run by Conner added; five more. The game was all one way, so Rettger tossed them in in the minth, allowing the visitors to score four runs.

The all-around hitting of the Atlanta team and the hitting of Roat and Dowle were the features of the game.

ATLANTA—

AB. R. BH. PO. A. E. Ouryes.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 13, hits 17, errors 2: Brooklyn 10, hits 17, errors 2: Batteries—Young and Zimmer: Stein and Kennedy.

At Chicago—Chicago 3, hits 5, errors 1; Boston 0, hits 2, errors 3. Batteries—Hutchison and Kittredge; Nichols and Ganzell.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 4, hits 8, errors 1; New York 3, hits 9, errors 4. Batteries—Gleason and Peitz, Baldwin and Doyle.

DR. MUNHALL.

He Will Conduct a Big Revivel in Atlanta Next Fall.

A big revival, conducted by Rev. Dr. Munhall, the celebrated evangelist, will, in all probability, be held in this city next Novem-ber, directly after the adjournment of the Christian Workers' convention. This was decided at a meeting of the Evangelical Ministers' Association, which was held at the First Methodist church yesterday

A committee from the Young Men's Chris-

morning.

A committee from the Young Men's Christian Association submitted the proposition, and after a vote was taken it was found that every minister present was in favor of holding the big revival.

The convention of christian Workers, which meets in the city on the 9th of November will prepare the way for the revival which will follow in a few days thereafter.

The convention will bring to the city active and earnest Christian workers from all parts of the world. They will come from England, Canada, Mexico. Germany, and even from the islands of the sea, It is estimated that as many as five thousand people will be in attendance upon the convention.

Hence it will be a good idea as soon as the convention adjourns to start a revival and continue the good work inaugurated. The meeting of such a large body of workers, all of them engaged in the work of spreading the gospel, is calculated to exert a strong influence in stimulating the religious spirit of the people.

It will be a great opportunity for the church-

people.

It will be a great opportunity for the churches, and the several pastors of the city realized this at the meeting yesterday. They cheerfully voted in favor of the proposition and will lend their efforts to make it a success.

The committee from the Young Men's Christian Association that welted mon the meet.

lend their efforts to make it a success. The committee from the Young Men's Christian Association that waited unon the meeting and suggested the idea of calling Dr. Munhall to the city for the purpose of conducting the revival was composed of the following named gentlemen: Messrs. D. C. Davis, J. F. Beck, the president of the association, E. L. Mathews, the secretary, and Messrs. Woodward and Wheeler.

They were invited to seats on the floor and were given the privileges of the meeting. On stating the proposition it was ursed that the opportunity for holding a revival at that time would be unsurenassed, and that the ministers of the city should co-operate with the association in bringing Dr. Munhall to the city.

ministers of the city should co-operate with the association in bringing Dr. Munhall to the city.

It was further stated by the committee that Dr. Munhall for the first week would conduct the prayer services under the direction of the Young Men's Christian Association, and after that the ministers of the city should follow up the good work by holding a union revival meeting with Dr. Munhall to conduct ft.

The matter was discussed, and after being put to a vote, was unanimously carried.

Dr. Munhall, it will be remembered, conducted a most successful revival meeting in this city several years ago. The meetings were held in the Maddox & Rucker warehouse on Forsyth street and were largely attended. At every service there were from one to two thousand people seated in the building, while many were compelled to stand for the want of chairs.

Dr. Munhall is an eloquent speaker and a ma i of great usefulness. Thousands of men and women have been converted under his gospel preaching and he has conducted revival meetings from one end to the other of the land.

The aumouncement, therefore, that Dr. Munhall will conduct a revival meeting in the fall will be read with a great deal of pleasure while his connag will be anticipated with much interest.

Several other matters were considered at the ministers' meeting yesterday morning, among others the matter of supplying Bibles to the destitute and the poor.

Professor Lumpkin, the president of the Atlanta Rible Society, and Mr. W. F. Park, hurst, the secretary, were present. Several speches were made and the result of the discussion will be a thorough cavass of the city.

Over a Quarter of a Million Goes to That Is a Question Being Prequently Nephews and Nieces.

A SHORT BUT INTERESTING DOCUMENT

Business in Augusta -An Atlanta Case Non-Suited by Judge Eve.

Augusta, Ga., July 3—(Suecial.)—The will of Mr. E. R. Schneider, wo died on Saturday, was filed with Ordinary Walton this morning and was probated. It was drawn up on the 18th day of last April and was witnessed by Major Gary, M. P. Carroll and James B. Harris.

There are only four items in the will He first desires that all his just debts be

paid. Second, he bequeaths to Mauge Newsom the house and lot he lived in on Jones street. Also \$1,000 in money. Mauge has been with Mr. Schneider for a number of years and was a faithful servant. In the third he bequeathed to his nephew, John R. Schneider, all his stock and merchandise, accounts, notes and other obligations connected with and springing out of business. The fourth item bequeaths to Mr. John Schneider and to Mrs. Mary Mehrtens, Mrs. Amelie Schutz, Mrs. Wilhelmine Hinck, Mrs. Emma Vanleigan and Dr. Fritzheinrich, all residents of and Dr. Fritzheinrich, all residents of Bremerhaven, Germany, except Mr. John Schneider, who lives in Augusta, and all his nieces and nephews the balance of his estate to be divided among them share and share alike. He appointed John R. Schneider his sole executor and is authorized to sell the real estate without an order or decree from court. The value of Mr. Schneider's estate is variously placed from \$350,000 to \$400,000.

An Atlanta Lady's Suit.

An Atlanta Lady's Sult.

In the city court this morning the trial was begun in the case of Mrs. Lizzie Phillips, of Atlanta, who, through her attorneys, Fleming & Alexander, of this city, sued the Georgia railroad for \$5.60 damages for having been put off a train. Mrs. Phillips, her husband and child, desiring to pay a visit to Augusta on the 30th of June, 1890,

wisit to Augusta on the 30th of June, 1890, bought of an Atlanta agent a roundtrip ticket to Augusta. She came without any trouble. The third day after the arrival they started home. At the depot she presented her return ticket and the baggage master purched them and checked her trunks.

When she had gotten four miles out of the city Conductor Miller came for her tickets. She says she presented the tickets she bought in Atlanta, but the conductor refused to accept them because they were not signed by the agent here before her denarture and said he stopped the train and put them off in the woods on the top of a high ombankment in the heat of the day; that they had to walk back to the city and she was taken ill from exposure to the sun. She asked for \$5.000 for damages she claims were actually sustained by the occasion asked for \$5.000 for damages she claims were actually sustained by the occasion of wrongful expulsion in the way of additional expenses which she had to incur in returning to her home and in securing proper medical attention; also for minitive and vindictive damage allowed by law for pain and suffering and humiliation caused her wrongful expulsion and wrongful manner of the expulsion.

Valor Common represented the read and claimed Mrs. Phillips was traveling on a claimed Mrs.

Claimed Mrs. Phillips was traveling on a special rate ticket and had not compiled with the agreement to have tickets stamped here. After argument Judge Eve non-

here. After argument Judge Eve nonsuited the case.

In chambers this morning Judge Roney
rendered his opinion and filed a decree
upon the finding of the jury in the case
of Dr. W. H. Tutt vs. the Hotel Bon
Air Company. The decree is against Dr.
Tutt and in favor of the defendants.
Dr. Tutt wanted the company to redeem
\$16,000 of bonds which he held out of the
proceeds of the receiver's sale of the hotel.
The court decided that builders' liens had
priority over bonds. Mr. Miller, attorney

The court declared that bulloces help and priority over bonds. Mr. Miller, attorney for Dr. Tutt, says he will make a motion to vacate the decree which will come up for consideration at some future day. If the decree is not altered, a writ of error will be taken up to the supreme court. Judge Roney confirmed the sale of the hotel to Captain W. B. Young, and authorized the payment of \$4,500 as fees to John Jay Cohen and J. R. Lamar, receivers of

A Delightful Affair.

Cuthbert, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Toombs gave a delightful complimentary entertainment to the young people Mrs. J. B. Toombs gave a delightful complimentary entertainment to the young people of Cuthbert and the visiting young ladles to the city, at their beautiful suburban home and farm, "South Fruitland Heights," last evening. The social feature was prominent so was the musical, Delightful refreshments were served. The following participated in the pleasures of the evening: Mr. Key Simpson, with Miss Hollis Trapp, of Anniston, Ala.; Professor L. J. Ballard, with Miss Veine Bussey, of Waverly Hall; Mr. John Bussey, with Miss Annie Allen, of Americus; Mr. W. E. Baldwin, with Miss Lucla Smith; Professor Fred Barfield, with Miss Rebecca Wooten; Mr. Ed Gunn, with Miss Rebecca Wooten; Mr. Ed Gunn, with Miss Stella Simpson; Mr. Ross McDonald, with Miss Mary Lee Felder; Mr. Mike Hickey, with Miss Balna Powell; Mr. J. M. Giddens, with Miss Bulia Hay; Mr. McD. Baldwin, with Miss Margie Fjelder; also Mesdames H. Powel and Julia Fielder, Mr. and Mrs. Ed McDonald, Mr. and, Mrs. Robert L. Moye.

News from Villa Rica.

News from Villa Rica.

Villa Rica. Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. H. Abercromble died yesterday evening. She was taken with cholera morbus, or flux, Saturday and died the next day.

Mrs. Beverly Harper, Sr., also died from the same cause and was only sick a few days.

Today the stockholders of the High school meet in annual session at the school building and will be called to order by F. A. Trusseli, president, and after the regular routine business two directors will be elected for four years to succeed Messrs. E. J. and W. A. Cheves, whose terms expire.

Tomorrow the Fourth will be celebrated here with a colt show, which promises to be an interesting occasion. Messrs. W. B. and S. C. Candler have offered a money prize for the best colt for the spring season of 1893, sired by "Stonewall, Jr." Mr. W. H. Pope has asked all his patrons to have their colts on hand also, sired by his horse, "Black Hawk." The show no doubt will stimulate horse raising.

Death of Mrs. Fambro.

Death of Mrs. Fambro.

Beath of Mrs. Fambro.

Rockmart, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. J.

A. Fambro, of this place, died on the 30th ult., after lingering some weeks with tubercular laryngetis. Her sickness was attended with much suffering, but she bore it with patience and Christian fortitude. She was a member of the Methodist church and the funeral services were solemnly and impressively conducted by her pastor, R. F. Eakes, and many sweet, comforting words were added by Revs. E. W. Ballenger and T. J. Gibson. Her husband was so prostrated and grief-stricken that the doctor had to stay with him for hours. It seemed as if his heart would burst from his bosom when they bore her away from him. Surely there never was a more devoted husband. Friends were abundant and kind.

Suit Against a Pastor. Suit Against a Pastor.

Savannah. Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—A suit for permanent injunction against Pastor E. K. Love, of the First African Baptist church, which has about 5.000 communicants, to restrain him from expelling the members from his church who were hostile to him, in the superior court today resulted in a compromise, by which Dr. Goodwin of the Sixth Baptist church, is to act as moderator to take testimony on the charge of improper conduct on the part of Rev. Love. A temporary injunction had already been granted.

He Wanted His Wife to Marry. He Wanted His Wife to Marry.

Carrollton, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—In looking over the records of the court of ordinary of Carroll county your correspondent found a very peculiar bequest in the will of Hon. Emanuel Martin, once a noted citizen of thecounty, and who left a large family at his death, who go to make up some of Carroll's best men and wemen. The clause in the will that is so peculiar relates to his wife. Mr. Martin wills his wife \$10,000 provided she married again after his death. It provides that his administrator should pay his wife the above amount of money provided she married in a certain time after his death.

Asked in East Macon.

NEWS AND GOSSIP OF THE DAY.

Matters of Importance to the City of Ma-con-Convicted of Arson-Presenta-tion of a Medal-About People.

Macon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Whose child is he and from whence did he come? A little episode occurred in East Macon Saturday which furnishes food for gossip. A negro woman appeared at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Thomas, holding in her arms a beautiful and healthy-looking white boy baby about two months old. Mrs. Thomas exclaimed, "Oh, my, what a handsome child! How I do wish he was

you can have him. That's what I am here for. I was told to bring the baby to you and ask you to keep him, and take good care of him." "Who sent it here?" asked Mrs. Thomas.

"That I can't tell you, ma'm. I was told to bring you the child and answer no ques-tions. Will you keep him?" "Of course, I will, and am glad of the chance," replied Mrs. Thomas.

The negro woman further said: "This afternoon a handsome crib and carriage and fine clothing will be sent you for the baby." Sure enough the crib and carriage and nine elegant dresses and other clothing were delivered at Mrs. Thomas's Saturday afternoon, accompanied by a note beautifully written, in a feminine hand, in which Mrs. Thomas was earnestly requested to take good care of "Emmet," the name of the child. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas have only one child, which is grown. They will take splendid care of the little one that has so mysteriously been brought to their house.

Whose child is it and from whence did he come? Where has he been during the past two months? "Emmet" is said to be an exceedingly handsome child, very sweet and

No Funds on Hand.

Jurors who have been serving the past two weeks in the United States court at Macon have been given their scrip, but they must wait until next December to get the cash, unless they are willing to have the scrip discounted at the banks or by some individual. The appropriation by the government has been exhausted for pay-ment of jurors, and no more money for this purpose can be available until congress makes another appropriation. The acrip can be discounted at 10 and 15 per cent, Carried to Atlanta.

It will be remembered that a few weeks ago a white girl, half idiotic, named Lizzie Taylor, was criminally assaulted by two negro men, Scott and Clark, in Houston negro men, Scott and Clark, in Houston county. By the zealous efforts of Hon. Chester Pearce, one of the popular and able representatives from Houston to the legislature, the negroes were arrested and brought to trial. The girl was an orphan, poor and neglected. Mr. Pearce took compassion on her and a few days ago succeeded in placing her, in the home in Atlanta presided over by Mrs. Wolff.

Medal Presentation. Medal Presentation.

The Floyd Rifles were in their glory to-night, the occasion being the presentation The Floyd Rifles were in their glory tonight, the occasion being the presentation to the company of the Gettysburg medal by Private Champ Drew. In 1879 Mr. Charles L. Ross, a war member of the Rifles, presented a very handsome metal to the company on condition that it be given to the member making the best score in target shooting at 200 yards for three successive anniversaries. Several of the members have won it for two successive years, but Private Drew was the first to win three successive times, the last time being at the anniversary celebration of the company at Beach Haven on May 4th, Mr. Ross called it the Gettysburg medal. With commendable liberality and unselfishness, Private Drew determined not to keep the medal, but to present it to the company to be shot for under like conditions as imposed by its original donor. Mr. Ross. This presentation occurred tonight at the Academy of Music, with very interesting exercises. And how appropriate was tonight for the occasion, as twenty-nine years ago the battle of Gettysburg was fought!

The programme was as follows:
Assembly, by John Tyler, ante-bellum drummer of the Floyd Rifles.

"The Girl I Left Behind Me" (the tune to which the Floyd Rifles marched to the war), by the drum corps.

Calling of roll of 1863, by Sergeant John M. Grimes.

Taps.

Calling of roll of company present at original presentation of the Ross medal, by First Sergeant John W. Wood.

"Dixie."

Presentation of medal by Private C. B.

Presentation address by Hon. Clifford Anderson, lieutenant of the Rifles during the war.

Reception of medal on behalf of the com-pany, by Captain John L. Hardeman.

Music.

Music.
Survivors of the battle of Gettysburg and former officers of the Rifles and others had seats on the stage. After the exercises at the Academy of Music the Rifles and their friends repaired to the armory of the company where a delightful dance was held. Captain Henry P. Westcott was a member of the company in 1841, and it was in-

The Cook's PUZZLE How to avoid sodden pastry? The PROBLEM IS SOLVED OUT NEW SHORTENING Which makes light, crisp, healthful, wholesome pastry.

Mrs. Mc Bride, Marion Harland, and other expert Cooking authorities endorse COTTOLENE. YOU can't afford to do without OSTOLENE.

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Maier & Berkele.

31 Whitehall Street.

tended as a part of the programme tonight that he should call the roll of 1841, but ow-ing to his serious sickness he could not be

Bell Found Guilty of Arson

This afternoon the jury found Willie Bell. The Work on the New Electric Line Colored, guilty of burning the residence of Captain Dure and recommended him to the mercy of the court. He will be sentenced to the penitentiary for life. His alleged associate in this arson crime, John Fambro, colored, will be tried Wednesday. Bell is about eighteen years old; Fambro some younger. Tomorrow there will be no court. City Affairs.

It was expected that the sewer citizens' advisory committee and committees from city council and board of health would meet tomorrow in regard to the issuance of bonds, but owing to the absence of two of the committeemen the meeting will not be held until Thursday. The following committee has been appointed from the board of health to meet with other committees: Chairman, Kenan, Hall, J. H. Hertz and J. O.

Chestney.

Today the bond commission of the city met to hear a communication from W. A. Huff. The commission has entered into a contract with the city council to take the sewer bonds at par. Mr. Huff does not endorse this contract and does not think the commission has a right to use what finds it has in the appropriate of sower. think the commission has a right to use what funds it has in the purchase of sewer bonds. He holds that this money has been set apart as a sacred trust to pay other bonded indebtedness of the city when it matures and this fund shold not be diverted to other purposes. His communication today is construed by some to be his first step toward an injunction against the city issuing bonds for sewers under the ordinance recently passed by council and under which the sewer election was lately

Newsy Notes.

Lieutenant Morris has resigned from the Macon Hussars, as he has moved to Charleston to live.

Mrs. Thomas C. Nisbet died last evening at her residence on Orange street. She was one of Macon's most highly esteemed and dearly beloved ladies. She has been residing for some years past with her only child, Mrs. Lalla, of North Carolina, and only came to Macon last May expressly to be in attendance on the general assembly of the southern Presbyterian church, the deceased having been all her life a very devout Presbyterian. She was sick only a few days.

The will of J. M. Boardman was probated today. A. E. Boardman and H. T. Powell are executors.

'The funeral, services of Mr. James Bracken were held this morning and were largely attended.

"Uncl. Roh!" Sheriden, one of the most

largely attended.

"Uncle Bob" Sheriden, one of the most efficient and popular members of the Macon police force, left today for Stone Mountain to requests. There will probably be a meeting of the sewer advisory committee within the next twenty-four hours preparatory to the issu-

ance of bonds, etc.
Officer Fretwell, of the Macon police, is quite sick. His many friends hope for his early recovery.

Mr. P. Fitzgerald, an aged and well known citizen of Macon, is very sick with heart trouble. Mr. Fitzgerald is over sev-

known citizen of Macon, is very sick while heart trouble. Mr. Fitzgerald is over seventy years old.

Willie Bell and John Fambo, colored, are being tried in Bibb superior court today, charged with the burning of the residence of Captain George Dure.

Today Judge Gober, Messrs. John D. Cunningham and James Sibley, of Marietta, passed through Macon en route to Tifton. Houston county, and other points to inspect peach lands.

General Manager Cecil Gabbett, of the Sam road, and the Georgia Southern, stopped in Macon a short while today en route to Americus. He came in on the Georgia railroad. Has Mr. Gabbett been to Augusta to see about the general managership of the Georgia railroad? It is reported that General Manager Green has resigned, and the name of Mr. Gabbett has been suggested for his successor.

The bright and lovely child of Mr. Glover died today.

A DECIDEDLY CURIOUS JOKE

Which an Atlanta Young, Man Is Said to Have Played On His Aunt. Gainesville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Mrs. E. R. Black, of this city, had a novel

Mrs. E. R. Black, of this city, had a novel experience the other day.

She has one child, a married son, who is prescription clerk at M. C. Brown's drug store in this city. On Friday last he went to Atlanta and in company with Mr. Charles S. Johnson went down to Macon. On Saturday Mrs. Black received a telegram from Mr. Paul D. Johnson, a brother of Charles, and a nephew of her's, stating that her son, Tom, was very sick. In great haste she, accompanied by Mrs. Tom Black, left for Atlanta. On reaching there she was unable to find out anything of her son's whereabouts.

She was in great suspense until it turned out that a huge joke had been perpetrated upon her.

Will Soon Begin. IT WILL START FROM LOYD STREET.

And Will Bun Out Greensferry Avenue to the City Limits-The Plant Will Be Located Near the River.

Work will begin in a few days on the new electric line from Atlanta to Salt Springs.

This will be one of the most agreeable rides in the country, and from the present outlook will not be a great many months before the people of Atlanta will have the pleasure of taking the trip.

The distance within itself will make the new line interesting, and the track, running continuously for more than twenty miles, will be the longest in the city and

one of the longest in the south.

A charter for the new line was obtained several months ago, but on account of the stringency of the times and the depression of the money market, no considerable progress has been made as yet in the laying of the track and the digging of the road bed

beyond the limits of the city.

The charter members of the company are Messrs, Henry Camp, of Covington, Ga., president; Thomas Camp, secretary, and treasurer, and B. F. Curtis, general manager. Mr. Curtis is a man of extensive familiarity with all of the duties insive familiarity with all of the duties in cident to his position, and is backed by an experience of several years. He will be en-trusted with the operation of the new line, and the responsibility could not be pla

experience of several years. He will be entrusted with the operation of the new line, and the responsibility could not be placed upon worther shoulders.

The line will commence from the corner of Waverly place and Loyd street, and will run from thence to Mitchell and from Mitchell to Broad, where it will meet the Consolidated track. It will use the consolidated track to Nelson street bridge, and from thence will run out Chapel street to Greensferry avenue and out the avenue to the city limits.

Beyond the limits of the city the route of the qew line has not as yet been determined. Several routes have been considered, but no one of them has as yet been agreed upon. All of those under consideration are good and will insure a delightful ride with pleasant and varied scenery.

Mr. J. W. Hobson, who represents the company, is at present in New York. He is there for the purpose of making purchases and will select the cars and other equipments for the new road. He will make a careful study of all the appliances, and the new line will include all of the latest improvements in electricty as well as other conveniences. It will be one of the best equipped and most popular lines in this section of the country.

As soon as Mr. Hobson returns to the city the work of pushing the road forward will be resumed. He will probably reach the city Saturday night and work will begin early in the following week. Nothing will then interfere with the progress of the road, and as soon as labor can produce the result, Atlanta will have a new line added to her labyrinth of iron rails.

Mr. B. F. Curtis, one of the charter members of the new company, and the general manager of the line, was seen at his home yesterday afternoon in regard to the new road.

"The road will be completed to Salt Sevinar" said he. "as soon as possible.

manager of the line, was seen at his nonyesterday afternoon in regard to the new
road.

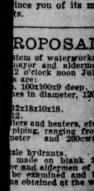
"The road will be completed to Salt
Springs," said he, "as soon as possible.
We have not selected a route as yet and
are still giving the matter our consideration. Mr. Hobson will return from New
York in a few days, and work will be resumed. Beyond the city limits we have
done a lot of grading, and considerable
headway has been made already.

"We have still several weeks in which
to begin work in the city but no unnecessary delay will be taken. Just as soon as
our forces can be organized, the work of
laying the track within the city will be
commenced."

When the new road is completed Atlanta
will be ready to give it good support. The
trip to Salt Springs, which the cars will
make in an hour, will furnish the pleasure
seekers of the city, who may not have an
opportmity to go elsewhere, the luxury of
a nice ride without the expense of a considerable outlay of money.

No city in the country is better provided with railway facilities than Atlanta,
and every year adds new companies to those
with lines already in operation. Atlanta is
a great city, and her growth is not only the
boast of her citizens, but the wonder of the
whole world.

The plant of the new company will be
located in the neighborhood of the Chattahocokee river, about seven or eight miles
from the selected as the selected of the
from the div.



'S FAIR.

s to be

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ATLANTA, GA., July 3, 1893.

The Grand Jury Presentments. In the admirable presentments of the Fulton county grand jury, read yesterday, there are two recommendations deserving special mention.

Legislation is recommended that will exempt from jury duty none but ministers of the gospel, lawyers and physicians in actual practice, and men who are actually employed and pard by the public whose duties are such that the public interests will suffer if they serve on juries. It is also recommended that the active members only of military companies be exempt.

If we can get this recommendation embodied in a statute we shall have better juries, and the same men will not be forced to serve several times during the year, as is the case at present. The proposed law will so largely increase the jury list that it will not be necessary to draw the same names so often. We have heretofore been too lax in the matter. Some of our solid business men have made their honorary memberships in military companies serve as an excuse to shield them from jury duty. This is altogether wrong. Only the active members of the companies should have this privilege. The suggestion will give us better juries and make the service lighter than when it is confined to comparatively a few citizens, and where the professional juror has too wide swing.

Another recommendation calls for legislation that will allow receivers and special masters fair and just fees instead of the exhorbitant amounts now sometimes granted. - Attention is called to cases where special masters for a few week's work receive as much compensation as a superior court judge gets for three years' service, and the point is made that a man appointed by a judge to do a little special work ought not to receive more pay than his superior gets for a term of years.

It strikes us that the grand jury takes a sensible and a proper view of these matters, and it is to be hoped that

the legislature will heed their requests. It is against public policy to exempt too many citizens from jury duty or to encourage the allowance of enormous fees to receivers and special masters. ot hurt the average citizen to do jury duty, and the attorney who acts as receiver or special master should be paid in proportion to the work done and the time engaged in it.

How Bimetallism May Come. The Springfield Republican thinks

that in the light of recent advices from India it is safe to say that bimetallism is defeated, but it doubts the ability of the single standard to maintain itself. After the demonetization of silver In 1873 it was believed that the gold men would have, it, all their own way. The fall in prices and the general depression caused a reaction, and the advocates of bimetallism have increased in number in England, as well as in this country.

Perhaps, this further demonetization and fall of silver will be followed by similar results. If the general depression continues and there is a further shrinkage of values the chief commercial nations will be forced to restore silver to its former place by the side of gold. The Republican says:

of gold. The Republican says:

The supply of gold of late years has been extremely limited, relatively speaking. Its use for money and in the arts has increased, while production has been falling away or at a standstill. Nations now like the United States and France, with heavy volumes of depreciated, and further rapidly depreciating, silver affoat, must strengthen their gold reserves to maintain its parity with gold. India now comes in as a new buyer of gold. Austria, we believe, has not quite finished her gold purchases. There may, therefore, be put upon the general gold supply such a strain as many bring about considerable alteriation of the standard of value and consequent infliction of injustice and most hurtful and disturbing results in commerce—such as, in fact himetallists have charved as the standard of the standard of value and consequent infliction of injustice and most hurtful and disturbing results in commerce—such as, in fact himetallists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of injustice and most hurtful and disturbing results in commerce—such as, in fact himetallists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value and consequent infliction of himstillists have charved as the standard of value an quest infliction of injustice and most hurtful and disturbing results in commerce—such as, in fact, bimetallists have charged against the demonetization acts of 1873 and thereabouts. If they have been right as to that, we shall now probably not have to wait long for a second and confirmatory object lesson.

Our contemporary takes it for granted that the demonation proventially and the state of the state o

that the democratic party will wriggle off its platform. Most of the eastern newspapers of both parties assume that the democratic platform is a sham and a fraud and that the administration will not keep the free silver and tariff reform pledges nor carry out the recommendation to repeal the 10 per cent tax on state bank notes. And yet if we fail to redeem our pledges the party will be discredited and it will stand in the position of a man who after obtaining valuable consideration for his prom ise to do certain things, then deliberately breaks his plighted word.

But it is a significant fact when the metallists admit that they are in er of being undone by their own work. The gold men are frank enot to say that the complete triumph their theory will produce such dis

poner or later, therefore, either as a cogressive or a defensive step, the vorld will have to accept the double standard.

A Republican ex-Senator's Advice. A once public man, formerly of Miss issippi, but now to all intents and purposes a resident of Washington city, has imposed upon Secretary Carlisle a two-column letter upon the present

financial condition.

What he advises is plain enough. Here is the most of it: Customs duties payable in gold; silver bullion in the treasury not to be coined but sold in open market for gold; all outstanding debts of the United States to be payable after 1898 in gold only; half the full legal tender silver dolars to be sold as bullion, and the other half made a legal tender for no more than \$10 in any one payment; the Issue immediately of three hundred millions of gold bonds upon which to found national bank notes, all such bank notes to be redeemable in gold only; all foreign gold coins to be made a legal tender in this country: the adoption of a gold standard at once.

This is the delectable platform and policy which is offered to the democratic secretary of the treasury; a policy which openly avowed beforehand would have cost the party advocating it every presidential election contested in this country from Washington to Cleveland.

Who offers it? A democrat in sympathy with democratic principles, who constantly urges democratic policies and uniformly casts democratic ballots? It is no such man. It is John B. Henderson, formerly a republican United States senator from Missouri, elected when democrats were disfranchised, and repudiated immediately upon democratic restoration in that great democratic state. His last official record was in presiding over that republican national convention of 1888 which nominated Benjamin Harrison for president.

The advice is worthy of the adviser. The anti-democratic sentiments of the writer forbid his making any other

suggestions. Mr. Carlisle is not hunting up republican advice!

Immigrants and the South.

The New York Sun quotes approvingly a recent editorial in these columns

on-immigration, and says: In January last, when Commissioner Weber favored us with a series of tables concerning favored us with a series of tables concerning the immigration at this port in 1892, we were struck with surprise while scanning them. Under the head of "Alien Steerage Passengers Landed," we noticed the figures 374,741, while under the head of "Destination of Immi-grants," we noticed that only 358 of them were bound for the state of Georgia, and that only 4,116 of them were bound for ten that only 4,116 of them were bound for ten of the other states of the great south. We thought over these figures, trying to account for the remarkable fact that but little more than 1 per cent of the vast multitude of the year's immigrants had been attracted to the southern states, which have room for millions, and several of which are striving to get them.

There is no greater proportion of mmigrants going south this year, and The Sun suggests that it might be to our interest to investigate the matter and find out why these Europeans ignore the advantages of Georgia and other southern states, and go west.

We have shown more than once why mmigration shuns the south. For two generations northern writers have pictured this section in the darkest of col-They have made their readers ors. in Europe believe that we have a tropical climate and an unhealthy country; that slavery pactically exists among us still: that labor is not respected, and that foreigners are not wanted here, On the other hand, the west is described as a land of promise, the paradise of the poor man, and the railroads and other interests engaged in drawing settlers to that region have flooded Europe with pamphlets and circulars setting forth its advantages.

The south has made no organized effort to secure immigrants. She advertises no schemes, and hides her light under a bushel. She makes no reply to the absurd falsehoods circulated about her, and bides her time waiting until the spread of educated intelligence shall cause the outside world to be more correctly informed.

Doubtless The Sun thinks that this is bad business policy. We have reached a point where it would be profitable to encourage immigration. It would benefit us to draw people, capital and enterprise from the north and west; and it would be a good thing to induce hundreds of thousands of honest European toilers to come here to grow up with the country. We have no prejudice against the European immigrant. We know that when he settles on a piece of idle land he makes it productive, builds a home and beautifies it, becomes a good citizen, and his children are thoroughly American.

We want such settlers, and the way to obtain them is to make an organized effort under the auspices of our state governments. If the Georgia legislature would establish a bureau of immigration managed by competent men it would do more to increase our population and wealth than any other one thing that could be mentioned.

Corbett to Cleveland.

The world's champion prize-fighter, James J. Corbett, gives some advice to Mr. Cleveland in the matter of reducing his surplus flesh.

Mr. Corbett makes no allowance for the patient's exalted station. He deals with him just as he would treat an ordinary athlete undergoing a course of training. It is his idea that the president should take vigorous exercise. He should begin by running half a mile a day. Then he should take a walk of several miles daily, and after this exertion be rubbed with alcohol 95 per cent strong. In this way a great deal of his surplus flesh would be rubbed off. The patient should drink no liquids not even water, and his diet should con sist of chops, soft-boiled eggs, steaks and other solid foods. By closely following this regimen the president's weight should be reduced five pounds day. It is also suggested that a

bicycle ride of a few miles every morn-ing would be a good thing.

It is to be feared that this advice

will not be followed, but it must be ad-mitted that Mr. Corbett knows what ie is talking about. But there are clearly of other fleshy men in the country who will be glad to have these pointers from a practical man who has closely studied the subject. It may be inconvenient and undignified for the president to spend a good portion of his time in running, walking, bicycling and athing in alcohol, to say nothing of the privations he would have to undergo in the matter of diet, but many of our business men will gladly try this method of getting rld of the evils of obesity. Corpulence is becoming a national disease. Thousands of men are afflicted with it, and it makes life a burden to them.

Mr. Benedict's Tip.

Despite the statement in the Washington telegrams that the president took good care not to have his intentions regarding the extra session known, and that the calling of the August session was not determined upon until midday, last Friday, it seems that the New York stock exchange got a timely tip from Mr. James Benedict.

On the very day of the call Benedict whispered his news, and a wild tumult of buying ensued on the stock exchange. The gentleman who gave away the im portant secret is the brother of Mr. E. C. Benedict, Mr. Cleveland's close friend, who, if reports be true, acted as broker for him in certain profitable stock operations a year or so ago.

Mr. James Benedict admits giving the tip, but he claims that he did not give the exact date, but simply told his friends that the call was for the first week in August.

The Chicago Inter Ocean says of the incident:

Whether the president's confidence was abused or he connived at the tip it will be impossible to tell from any developments up to date.

Now, there is nothing whatever in the story to warrant such an inshuation. Mr. Cleveland is not engaged in stock exchange speculations, and the Benedicts are not his agents. It is to be regretted that the information about the August session leaked out in the way it did, but such things frequently occur. After all, it is a very small mat-Mr. Benedict's tip stimulated ter. business and merely announced a fact that would have been known anyhow a few hours later.

Concerning Call Loans.

Readers of daily papers have seen a great deal in the telegraphic columns during the past few weeks about call loans. Business men watch the reports about call loans very closely, and attach great importance to the rise and fall of the rates.

The call loan is thus defined by a financial writer:

It is a loan which can be canceled or "call-ed" at any time, and then the borrower will be required to return the money borrowed or forfeit the stocks, bonds or other sorts of property which he has put up as security, that is, they will be sold to satisfy the debt. On the New York stock exchange lenders are permitted to call at any time during the day up to 1 o'clock, and borrowers must day up to 1 o'clock, and borrowers must pay before 2:30 o'clock, falling in which re quirement their security or collateral as sold for the benefit of the lender. Often the soid for the beneat of the lender. Often the collateral required on call loans is of a better class than that demanded on loans for a stated period of time. In seasons of great financial excitement like the past week or two, when money fluctuates widely and rapidly and when lenders see chances to dispose of their money to better advantage and thus call their loans, they seek the best sort of security in order to adequately protect themselves. On such occasions the value of the collateral always changes in a greater or less degree, and these exigencies necessi-tate the rejection of all but the best kind of security.

Within the past two weeks money on call has ranged between 6 or 8 per cent and over 70 per cent in New York, and in Boston it went up to 140 per cent. Sometimes rates for money on call rise to these high figures and then drop down to the point they started from in two or three hours. The variation is due to the demand for money and the supply. When we read that rates for money on call are very low we know that a great deal of money is offered and that the borrowers are not taking much of it.

The system was developed and perfected during the war in New York. and is unknown on an extensive scale outside of this country. The daily settlements of the New York exchange made the system necessary. On the London exchange settlements of stock transactions are made once every two weeks. The call loan makes a brisk money market, and the facilities it offers for letting money out on good collateral at high rates is the main reason why the surplus money of the country is attracted to New York, where there are more opportunities for speculation than anywhere else.

It will be said that the call loan sys tem is a bad thing for the country at large. This may be true, but it enables us to keep a finger on the financial pulse, and the daily quotations put us upon notice whenever business disas-

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The Cosmopolitan Magazine has reduced its price from 25 cents to 12 1-2 cents per copy in order to compete with McClure's new 15

Several enterprising citizens are digging up the entire state of Missouri in search of \$1. the entire state of Missouri in search of \$1,-500,000, supposed to have been buried by the Spaniards many years ago. One of the party dreamed that the money was there, and he and his friends have been hard at work ever

The death of A. J. Drexel, of Drexel, Morgan & Co., in no way affects the business of that great corporation, but it removes a millionaire who ranked with George W. Childs as a public benefactor. The two men were like brothers, and there was a generous rivalry between them to see which could do the most good with his money.

In an interview in The Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette Colonel Bob Ingersoll says: "I do not know of anything that congress cm ho to inspire public confidence or to increase the price of silver. I do not believe that the Sherman law produced the present hard times, and consequently do not believe that its repeal would bring back financial prosperity. A good many things have combined to bring about the present condition. First of all, the tariff is in an uncertain state. Mr. Cleveland and his party are bound to do away with it. Consequently manufacturers do not increase their plants nor build new ones, and they are manufacturing only to fill orders. For this reason business is dull all over the United States. Take, for instance, the iron industry; the mines are closing, and the mills and furnaces are chutting down. 50

the price of wheat and corn and cotton are very low. In addition to all these, the balance of trade is against us. Certainly congress cannot put up the price of wheat and corn, and for my part I do not see anything that congress can do. If the Sherman law is responsible for what has been done, how do we account for hard times in other countries? we account for hard times in other countries: How can we account for the failures in Australia and the Argentine Republic, and for the depression in England? I do not believe that the Sherman law caused the trouble. This is really what I call a 'bankers' panic.' The bankers have been predicting trouble for several years, and it has finally come, though several years, and it has maily come, though not for the reason they stated. Their proph-ecy has hastened its coming. I believe that silver should be used as money, and that some arrangement should be made by civilized na-tions for its use. Probably the question can-not now be settled by any one nation. The nations must combine. We need silver and we nations must combine. We need sliver and we need gold, to do the business of the world. Sliver has gone down in price because it has been demonetized. If gold had been demonetized, It, too, would have gone down. It would have been used only in the arts, and would have deeneded for its raine on this ase. would have been used only in the arts, and would have depended for its value on this use, and on nothing else." Colonel Ingersoll pre-dicts that the democratic party will not dare to carry out its tariff reform pledge.

At a recent reunion of Hood's Texas, brigade of the Army of Northern Virginia on the anniversary of the battle of Gaines' Mill, at Ennis, Tex., the orator of the day was Judge George N. Aldredge, of Dallas. This was one of the most famous brigades of the Army of Northern Virginia. At the battle of Gaines' Mill they routed the enemy's line, capturing their forti fications and guns and on many another bat to hold a position that they didn't hold it. In his memorial oration to the survivors Judge Aldredge told with singular eloquence the story of their heroism. He dwelt on the courage of the south at large, on the bravery of its women and the faithfulness of the old slaves. It was peculiarly eloquent, and is said to have excited the wildest enthusiasm. General Aldredge is a Georgian by descent and his gift of oratory is inherited.

THE PRESS AND THE CENTRAL.

Savannah Press: The Press regrets that the decision of Justice Jackson should have been shaped that way. It can see no hope for the holders of junior securities in this new order of things—it can see much danger to Savannah and Georgia.

Eastman Times-Journal: This decision falls heavily on many a poor man and woman in Georgia who had their all invested in this road, once the pride of the south.

Macon News: It looks as if the stockholders of the Southwestern were in a much better or the Southwestern were in a much better condition under the terms of Justice Jackson's lecision than they would have been under the

Hollins plan of reorganization. Macon Telegraph: We do not presume to question the soundness of Judge Jackson's law. We only point out that the people of Georgia rest on a broken reed if they expect the state constitution to protect them in the benefits of free competition between railros unless his decision be reversed.

Danielsville Monitor: The judge says the Danielsville Monitor: The Judge says the road must be sold and litigation stopped. This is a fine piece of property to be grabbed up in this way. Several widows and orphans have their all in this road, and it is now swept from them by sharks who were in the deal from the first. Augusta News: To force the property to the

this period of financial disorder to sacrifice it unduly, to divide up the system, to surrender the benefits of he tax exemptions secured by its charter and t forfeit other valuable franchises. It is to be hoped that time will be given and that some concern of strength and credit may reorganize the Central upon a solid basis.

Savannah News: It is important to this ity and this state that reorganization shall of such a character as will best promote the interests of Savannah and Georgia. It s certainly within the bounds of possibilit so reorganize the property as to save to junior security holders a very large part of their investments and restore the Central's credit to the high place in the financial world

GEORGIA POLITICAL NOTES.

The Danielsville Monitor says of the third party workers in Madison county: "Our people are quiet politically, and as this is an off year, we are of the opinion that they intend to have nothing to do with political agitators."

The Washington Gazette says that in that section of the state the interest in the guber natorial question is limited to seeing a good

Colonel Henry R. Harris has been mention ed as a candidate for governor-the candidate of the farmers-and The Meriwether Vindica-

tor says of him:
"Colonel Harris, who is a life-long, rock-ribbed democrat, would make one of the best governors Georgia or any other state ever had." The Waynesboro True Citizen favors Les-

The waynesporo True Citizen layors hester for governor. It says:

"There is plenty of timber, gentlemen; help yourselves. We want it understood, however, that when you say Rufe for governor we join hands and say that will sult us exactly. He is a Burke county man." The Jackson Herald says that an effort will be made to have a big political meeting at Harmony Grove about the middle of August, and have such speakers as C. L. Moses

gressman from the fourth district, and Hon. F. G. duBignon. This is thought to be a good point for the democrats of four counties to pulls.

Colonel Revill, of The Meriwether Vindicator, has a complaint against the adminis-tration. He says:

We live in the fourth district and it, too. has been singularly overlooked, since our name has not been mentioned in connection with a solitary office. We are afraid Mr. Cleveland is making a great mistake and endangering the safety of the party and country by his inexcusable neglect of our claims. Until recently we had no idea what a greatly abused individual we are."

AN INCOME TAX.

Danielsville Monitor: The plutocrats are fighting the income tax, but we will get it when congress meets, all the same

Buena Vista Patriot: The need of an income tax is felt among the poor people, and the majority of them want it. We are in favor of everything that will help them out.

Athens Banner: Levy an income tax and increase the revenues from a class that will not feel it so heavily as the tax payers under

Albany News and Advertiser: A graduated income tax would be a great blessing to this country, and would tend to lift the burden from many a poor, down-trodden man. By all means let us have a graduated income tax.

Greensboro Herald-Journal: With a graduated income tax, the country could gradually reduce and finally abolish custom duties, and the coin money we propose, being worth slightly less than its face value, intrinsically, in foreign countries, would in our opinion be ample incidental protection to American man-

WHEN CONGRESS MEETS.

Griffin News: Congress may not do anything at all, may take action to which the majority of the people are opposed, and in any case cannot come to any speedy conclusion; but the very fact of the lawmakers being in session, and assuming the responsibilities voted upon them, will have a satisfying effect.

Athens Banner: Now when congress gets together let the democratic party act in harmony and with promptness and precision. It is not necessary to consume any great amount of time. Let Crisp be re-elected speaker and let the work be entered at once.

Augusta Herald: The currency question, of course, will be the great subject under discussion. It is for the settlement of finances that the congress is convened, but other matters may be passed upon. It is doubtful, nowever, when congress meets, that any action will be taken before a month or more has alapsed. There will be cranks to listen to ind big arguments to hear before any real relation will be effected.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

A Song of Weather, Ain't the weather lazy? Hard to keep alive; 'Toss up 'twixt a daisy And a river dive!

Ain't the weather sunny? Hottest in the south; Even Georgia honey Melts around your month! Ain't the weather burnin'?

But it's better so! See the peach a-turnfu'! Watch the melons grow! No use in complainin'-Georgia's still the spot;

Coolin' when it's hot! "And He Never Came Back."

Restin' when it's rainin'

Collector-I have brought this bill to you six times. Editor—Yes; and if I don't tilt you out the window you'll bring it seven times. John, give me a lift on his right leg!

Twenty-six pages makes a pretty good show-ing for a weekly newspaper, but that was the number of the last issue of The Barnesville Gazette.

They Ought to Be, Anyhow! Hard times for you, railroad believers; But, still, you have faith to believe That the fortunate railroad receivers Are thankful for what they receive!

Bumble-Bee to such an extent that a man in Jackson county is said to have offered \$2 Changes are being made in a num Georgia weeklies. As a matter of fachange is greatly needed in the business.

The Athens Banner has advertised The

Georgia's On Top.

Now from the fruit crop do we reap A lot of cash and fame; So, "let the stricken deer go weep," Or, if he will, go lame!

Ellwood Hendrick is back in Atlanta, as His frineds of ively and literary as ever. the press are always glad to welcom He is a great favorite everywhere.

Mr. E. E. Foster, a well-known Florida grinter, has purchased The Waycross Head-light, and will revive the paper.

Now, Just Supposes

Suppose the rattlesnakes were dead— What would we do? That watermelons were not red That Georgia cabbage lost its head; That ten-pound 'taters went to bed— What would we do?

Suppose 'twas hot enough for you— What would you do? That fish as large as llars grew. That storms ten miles a second blew; That mules kicked sky and stars out, too What would you do?

Savannah will soon have a new morning newspaper in The Savannah Telegram. Mr. T. F. Leak, of Savannah, an old Atlanta boy, who has worked on The Constitution, is interested in it, and Mr. Orth Stein will be its editor, Mr. Leak, who was in th its editor. Mr. Leak, who was in the city yesterday, says the new paper starts out under the most flattering conditions, and win be a first-class newspaper in all respects. Mr. Stein's ability as an editor is well known, and many of the business men of guaranteed a liberal support to the new daily.

SOME GEORGIA STORIES,

A chicken-snake fight is something unusual A chicken-snake nght is something distant, but Capitali Charles W. Baidwin, of Morgan county, witnessed one recently.

A noise was heard among the chickens out in the lot, and he went out and found two hens surrounded by their little chickens,

assaulting a huge highland moceasin in assaulting a large fingulant moccasin in the heat coil, snapping desperately at them. The heat were game to the core, and soon pecked out both the snake's eyes, besides tearing off no little of his skin, all the while safely eiuding his attempts to bite. The snake was practically dead.

While this was going on, the captain heard

While this was going on, the captain heard noise among the chickens near the house and remarked he suspected there was another snake fight going on. He went out and found a hen furiously assaulting another large moccasin, without any sign of backing down, either. He killed the snake, however, and relieved the plucky old hen. These chickens are of the "game" species,

in fact, as well as in name, and the captain says they will fly hundreds of yards in the in pursuit of hawks that attack their young.

A strapping young negro in Valdosta had a presentiment that he would die on Sunday night, and that he had, therefore, only about twelve hours to live. He hastened to a minister, and engaged him to preach his funeral service. There were negrot to live sermon. There was no corpse present to in-spire the preacher. The mourners and the pallbearers were conspicuous by their ab-sence, but the minister was equal to the occasion, and he did full justice to his subject. The future deceased is a young and healthy fellow, and will outlive many of those who heard his forwas a queer proceeding. who heard his funeral preache

At Augusta a negro was caught stealing meat. He was given his preference of being turned over to the courts for prosecution or receiving one hundred lashes. "Beat me, boss; beat me," was his re-

He took his punishment well for a while. The licks were piled with a determined hand and a strong arm, though, and before long he could be heard instily yelling; but he was given his selected punishment in full. When he was released, he said: "It was jes like slavery times, but it beat de chaingang".

It is a curious fact that Blakely has more widows and fewer widowers than any other town of like population in Georgia. Within a radius of one mile from the courthouse, there are forty-one widows and nine widowers, by actual count.

Au amusing race occurred on the streets of Cuthbert recently. A woman from the country came to town, bringing with her her daughter. The girl had a sweetheart, to whom she was engaged to be married; but the mother objected. The sweetheart was in town, end the girl decided to give the mother the dodge and have the marriage over. The mother missed her, and started out to find her. It wasn't long before she spied the lovers together, but, as they saw her approaching, the girl ran and the mother gave chase. It was \$ lively race. The girl sped as though fleeing from the wrath to come. But the mother fairly spit the wind, standing not on dignity, and heedless of the curious crowd that followed and yelled. The girl was finally caught, and the mother and daughter were soon homeward bound. The marriage was postponed. An amusing race occurred on the streets of The marriage was postponed.

REUNIONS IN GEORGIA.

The annual reunion of the confederate reterans of Jackson county has been called for Friday, the 21st of July. The Thirtieth Georgia reunion

The people of Shellman and vicinity are de-termined that the "old vets" shall be well fed and cared for at their annual reunion on July 13th. They are going to kill several fatted calves and other animals.

STATE BANKS IN GEORGIA.

Athens Banner: Repeal the prohibitory 10 per cent tax on state banks, and thus increase the circulating medium, and under wise restrictions produce a better currency.

Sandersville Progress: Whenever state banks are mentioned democratic opponents talk about wildents, and the like. Under the present system obbanking there seems to be a good many wildents in the national banks. Give us state banks.

convenience to business and to the people fore the war, and until they were taxed of existence in the interest and for the bea of national banks. If this tax were remo-many state banks would soon be establis which would furnish the country with a cur-rency flexible and sufficient for all purposes and founded upon lands and other real estate and personal property, which at present are not available collaterals. The democrate party is pledged to the repeal of the tax of

TALKS BY THE WAY.

The lawyers who were down at Savannal last week tell a number of good stories. On of the things which brought down the control was gotton off by Henry Crawford A long argument had been made on the Geor gia company, it being argued on behalf of Mrs. Rowens Clarke that the company was illegally chartered under the laws of North illegally chartered under the laws of North Carolina. Justice Jackson overruled the point, remarking that even if the company had not been legally chartered under the statutes of North Carolina, the individuals composing the corporation could hold the Georgia Central railroad stock, and, therefore, it made no

particular difference. Mr. Crawford, in passing, observed that it Mr. Crawford, in passing, observed that it was not necessary for him to dwell on that point, as the circuit justice had properly knocked it out. "But I wish to submit the observation that to me it seems that the visitorial powers to correct the alleged usurpation of charter franchises by the Georgia company rested rather in the sovereign state of North Carolina than in a respectable widow lady of South Carolina." lady of South Carolina."

"Atlanta is not getting many convention this year," said Mr. Hugh Porter, of Kimball, yesterday. "Last year we had ab Kimball, yesterday. "Last year we had about three a month on an average. This year they are all going to Chicago. There will be a state convention here next week, when the ordinaries meet, but that is the only one in sight. The outlook though, is that there will be the usual number meeting in Atlanta is sight. The outlook though, is that there will be the usual number meeting in Atlanta in

"If the governor had not retoed the bill for a summer session the general assembly would be meeting in Atlanta tomorrow." said Senator Edwards, of Covington, yesterday. "It would be very convenient, too, and the members could attend now without the sac-rifice they have to make in October and No. rember and December. A fifty days' session in July and August would suit the members in July and August would suit the members better than at any other time of the year. But the governor thought that the bill fixing the time for the second session for midsummer was unconstitutional and he vetoed it."

"That is the very room I wanted. Can it be that you remembered that I had it the last time I was here and was satisfied with it?" The speaker was a guest at the Kimball whe was addressing Mr. Miller behind the marble-

topped desk. "Yes, I remembered that when you "les, I remembered that when you went away the last time you were here you remarked that you would always like to get that room," Mr. Miller answered.
"But that was three months ago and I suppose that in that time you have roomed

ten thousand guests," this one observed. "There are some strange things about this business," Mr. Miller continued, "which are singular. When we see a gentleman come in the door there we place him immediately, recall his name if he has been with us before, and remember something characteristic about him. I wight much one of these guests out him. I might meet one of these guests out-side of the hotel and be unable to call his name to save my life. I have known it to occur often. We have many guests who come around every two or three months. They get to liking some certain room and if it is not oc-cupied, they are assigned to it without a question from them. If the room is taken the clerk will inform him and say that as so as it is vacant he shall have it. These lit attentions make a man feel at home and are

appreciated. Hon. Beverly Evans, of Sandersville, one of the ablest solicitors in the courts of Geor-gia today, was in the city yesterday. He had numberless friends in Atlanta and they are always glad to see him.

Colonel Watt Harris, of Cartersville, came down yesterday from the city on the hills to argue the famous Wilson case. He was a prominent visitor in the state capitoi much of the day and was with his friends in the corridors of the hotels at night

In a slugged editorial yesterday Mr. Hoke Smith's paper announces that the extra ses-sion of congress will be held on the first Monday in September. It is hard for that paper to make up its mind that the advocates of an early session have succeeded in having in called for the 7th of August.

Mrs. Loulie M. Gordon, of Georgia, is one of the two women invited to hoist the flag of human liberty at the world's fair today, it being one of the features of the 4th of cago papers are very complimentary to Mrs. Gordon, and are rivaling with each other in the pretty terms of their praise of her. Says Chicago Inter-Ocean:

The Chicago Inter-Ocean:

"Although far from entertaining the advanced views of extremists concerning the present and probable future sphere of woman, and remaining skeptically indifferent to the vaulting aspirations of female suffragist, still she does not concede that her sex should be securely cloistered and entirely harred from the various fields of useful endeavor and intellectual activity that the times suggest.

be securely cloistered and entirely barred from the various fields of useful endeavor and intellectual activity that the times suggest.

"Confronted early in life with the prosale realities and responsibilities of widowhood, Mrs. Gordon has without, in the slightest degree, marring the subtle delicacy of a sweet femilnity, risen to a conspicuous position in the realms of finance, literature, and society of the south, and frequently her trenchant pen sheds new and vigorous light upon the most intricate matters of current polities. Of her mental strength and versatility Judge A. E. Calhoun once said that she could dash off a dozen merry, fingling verses for the nursery, and then with equal skill and case proceed to write a learned and philosophical essay on the silver question.

"In appearance Mrs. Gordon is stately and handsome rather than beautiful. Her features are strong and regular, and she has a complexion that shows the exquisite blend of white and pink which is oftener seen in the colder climate of the north than in the south. Her cyes are deep, limpid gray, and veited with a melancholy that robs her face of girlishness and imparts a more penetrating charin—a more touching grace. Her hair is brown and always brushed straight back from a brow that is broad and marvelously expresive. Her shoulders are drooping and massive, and her figure is proportioned with that harmony and symmetry which make every movement of such a woman dignified and graceful.

"In conversation Mrs. Gordon puts in play the resources of a subtle wit and the persuasivepess of a fedned but firm nature. All who come in contact with this fair Georgian feel the delicious and exhilarating effect of a woman whose soul opens frankly and cordially to the emotions of comradeship without any effort at coquetry or subterfuge.

"Whe are seminant the waying tricciors will enrich the dazzling environments of the occasion."

The Platform Binds. From The New York Sun.

From The New York Sun.

Until a new national convention is held, the party is bound by the piatform of the convention of 1892, absolutely bound by every sentence and expression thereof. It has made its contract, and it cannot honorably or feasibly try to get out of it by saying that it has changed its mind, or would make a different contract now. Of course, the declarations of a national convention are not "infailled" in the sense of being free from error and the possibility of error; but, error or no error, they are authoritative and maluntil the next convention. There is no other way to ascertain the opinions of the whole democratic party as to public policy than to call a national convention; and the policies of the party until the next convention. These or regarded and so respected, the party would have neither dignity nor consistency nor responsibility.

Why There Was No Rep

Editor Constitution—I notice in the report of the bound work of the schools for this year that the Crew street school was omitted. On account of the prevailing sickness in this district the school was closed before the end of the term and the school excused from making a return of this work. Justice to this school demands that this teatment is made.

W. M. BRAT.

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THE WAY.

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A NEW DEAL,

Which the General Council Made Generally Yesterday.

IT IS NOW MARSHAL E. S. M'CANDLESS

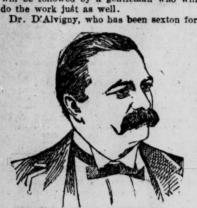
And Re Will Qualify Today-So Will the Other Officers Who Were Elected at the Same Time.

If there ever was a ring in the city han it was broken yesterday.
Six of the old officers, one of whom has been in for the past fen years, were knocked out and a new man, who has never

been in politics, was given the place.

Marshal Loyd, who was elected city marshal ten years ago, after one of the hardest fights ever seen, was defeated by Mr. E. S. McCandless. Atlanta has never had a better, more faithful or more competent officer than Marshal Loyd, and the record he leaves is one of which any man might be proud. His successor is one of the most promising young men in the city, and is a man who has made a name among the business people of Atlanta of which he may well be proud. Mr. Loyd's work could fall into no better or more reliable hands, and it is an assured fact that Mr. be proud. Mr. Loyd's work McCandless will take the work up with energy and make a successful other.

Mr. C. K. Maddox was defeated for tax collector by Mr. Bob Collins, one of the most energetic young men of the city. Mr. Maddox made an excellent officer, and will be followed by a gentleman who will



EDWARD S. M'CANDLESS, By the General Council, to Be City

four years, was defeated by Mr. Tom Clayton. Everybody in Atlanta and almost throughout the entire state knows Tom Clayton and they all know that he will make an excellent officer. Dr. D'Alvigny was one of the best sexton's Atlanta ever had, but his good work will be well carried

Mr. Wall, the city treasurer, will be succeeded by Mr. Joe Orme. Both gentlemen are well qualified for the work, and the city's money will be just as ably cared for in the hands of Mr. Orme as it was in the hands of Mr. Wall.

The other changes were in the ward physicians, and while some of the best medleal men the city had have gone out, the city secures just as good. Every change will find the city as safe

today as it was vesterday, and the gentlemen who went out will find themselves as popular as they were when they were first elected.

The council chamber was thronged with people when the hour for the meeting came around. Every member of the general council except Mr. Reneau, of the first ward, was present when the body was called to order.

Mr. Reneau was detained at home by an illness from which he may never re

which usually permeates legislative halls from the instant the mayor pro tem's. gavel dropped until the work was complet-ed. On the contrary an air of uncertainty pervaded the entire place, and it was apparent to the most casual observer that every one was worked up to the highest pitch of expectancy. Those about the chamber who were at

all posted did not expect any struggle over the election of a city clerk. Every one thought, however, there would be a fight over the race for the marshal's

place and over the contest for the city tax

But none thought the fight for any of



MR. J. R. COLLINS.

Blected By the General Council to Be City
Tax Receiver and Collector.

the place would be as long drawn out and as stubborn as the one for city marshal

proved to be.
Sixty-three ballots were taken before that controversy was settled, and if the Humphries faction in the fight had not given up in favor of Mr. McCandless, the Humphries faction in the fight had not given up in favor of Mr. McCandless, the members of the general council, would in all. probability, have been ballotting yet for the marshalship. Every one of the ballots too were full of interest, and not only to the members of the council and to the candidates but to the entire audience, And as the voting went on that interest increased. Never before in the history of the general council of Atlanta has there been an election like it. For nearly two hours the city clerk called the roil, and the members of the body answered, giving the name of the candidate for whom they wanted to cast it. From the very first ballot up to the last one there was very little change, and the most astute politician among those present was unable to predict the result.

From the first ballot to the last the friends of the three different candidates stood by them with remarkable devotion. Only upon two or three occasions was there any decided change, but none of these changes were sufficient to alter the situation up to the last ballot, when it was something like a stampede to Mr. McCandless.

The council had transacted but little

council had transacted but little routine work when Mr. Hill arose,

The Fun Begins.

"I see the mayor present and move that he take the chair and that we proceed to the election of officers, I mean the blennial election."

The motion prevailed and Mayor Good-

win took the chair, while Mayor Pro Tem. Shropshire went to his seat in the section set apert for the aldermanic board. "How will you proceed with this election?" asked the mayor, "Just as the city code provides," said Mr. Hill, "I presume. I know of no other way."

Mr. Hill, "I presume. I know of says way."

"Then." said the mayor, "the cierk will be the first officer to elect. Who will you have for your clerk?"

And as the mayor spoke he glanced at Mr. Park Woodward who has been the clerk for so many years and who has done the work so well that no one cares to cun against him. In the glance there was something of love and something of admiration for the man and the clerk.

The City Clerk.

The City Clerk.

"Oh," said Mr. Rice, "no one dares run against Park Woodward, and 1 nominate him for the place again and hope to have the pleasure of doing so two years from now."

"That'll do Mr. Rice," said the mayor,



MR. JOSEPH T. ORME, Elected by the General Council to be City Assessor.

"you won't be here two years from now but it is a certainty that Mr. Woodward will. Of course there are, as you say no other nominations, and Mr. Woodward may call the roll. It's not necessary to call it, but just as a matter of form, he had better do so."

Mr. Woodward called the roll in a sing-song way and when it was over every vote.

song way, and when it was over every vote was recorded for him.

"Without congratulating Mr. Woodward upon his re-election which he deserved," said the mayor, "I'll call for nominations for city marshal."

for city marshal."

Every one settled himself in his chair to see the struggle that was coming, and those who were standing made themselves as easy as possible.

Nominations for Marshal.

Mr. Broyles, of the aldermanic board, was the first to secure the floor and placed in nomination Mr. James Loyd, who has been marshal since July, 1883, just ten

Mr. J. W. Humphries, who has been connected with the Atlanta and Florida ran-

Mr. J. W. Humphries, who has been connected with the Atlanta and Florida rainroad for years.

Mr. Stockdell presented the name of Mr. Edward S. McCandless, cashier of the late Gate City bank.

The nominations of each of the three gentlemen carried with them words of praise and commendation, and as the nominations closed, Mayor Goodwin ordered the newly elected clerk, happy in smiles, to call the roll.

The first ballot resulted:
For Loyd—Shropshire, Rice, Boyd, Broyles, Colvin, Beatie and Peters—7.
For Humphries—Harralson, Hirsch, McWaters, Dimmock, Northen, Martin and Meador—7.

Waters, Dimmock, Northen, Martin and Meador—7.
For McCandless—Stephens, Stockdell, Hill—3.
On the second ballot Mr. Hill left Mr. McCandless and went to Mr. Humphries, and the vote stood, Loyd 7, Humphries S, McCandless 2.
The third ballot left Mr. McCandless with Mr. Stephens alone, the other gentlemen scattering among the other two candidates.
There was but little change right along.

There was but little change right along to the forty-sixth ballot, when there was something of a break, and a break too which at one time seemed to indicate an



MR. THOMAS A. CLAYTON, Elected By the General Council to be City Sexton.

election, but the election did not come. Mr. Humphries fell down to two votes while Mr. Loyd went up to eight, and Mr. McCandless got seven. On that ballot the

rote was:
For Loyd—Shropshire, Rice, Boyd,
Broyles, Hirsch, Colvin, Beatie, Peters—S.
For McCandless—Stephens, Stockdel,
McWaters, Dimmock, Northen, Martin,
Hill—7. For Humphries-Harralson, Meador-2.

Want a Change. The voting, though interesting, had begun The voting, though interesting, had begun to grow monotonous and many were willing to gamble that no election would be secured. Mr. Colvin evidently thought he would throw a new interest into the voting, and arose saying:

"Mr. Mayor, I move that we pass the election of the marshal and carry it to the heel of the session, as a lawyer would say."

say."
"No, I'm opposed to that," said Mr.
Rice, "It's face the music and have it

"I'm here to face the music," said Mr.
Northen, "and I say, too, let's have it Another ballot was taken and the vote

drifted back to about the same as the first

one.

Then Mr. Shropshire came up with a motion to reverse the order of the roll call.

"Let's begin at the bottom," said he, "and call the roll; maybe this will solve the question. Suppose we try it."

"No you don't," said Mr. Northen.

"We'll call the roll as we are registered."

The roll call was sustained as it was begun by a vote of the body. The sixty-second ballot was just the same as the first.

The sixty-third ballot, however, showed a In a sixty-inity ballot, however, showed a landslide, and it went to Mr. McCandless. For two or three ballots before it the friends of Mr. Humphries circulated among Mr. McCandless' friends in the horse shoe bend and surrendered in his favor. Before the ballot was half over it was apparent that Mr. McCandless was elected. The vote was:

that Mr. McCandless was elected. The vote was:
For McCandless—Stephens. Harralson, Stockdell, McWaters, Hill, Dimmock, Northen, Martin. Meador—9.
For Loyd—Shropshire. Rice, Boyd, Broyles, Hirsch. Colvin, Beatie, Peters—8.
Before the roll call was completed, the crowd began an applause which the mayor quickly silenced with his gavel.

"Mr. McCandless has received a majority of the votes cast." said the mayor, "and is elected marshal of the city of Atlanta."

Department of Law.

Department of Law.

Judge James A. Anderson was re-elected city attorney, and without any opposition.

Mr. Hill, in a neat speech, nominated Judge A. E. Calhoun for recorder, and there was no opposition and the judge was

call.

For Tax Collector.

Mr. Hill nominated Mr. Hob Collins for tax collector, and in doing so paid him a neat compliment.

Mr. Stephens placed in nomination Mr. Charles K. Maddox.

The vote stood:

For Collins-Shropshire, Rice, Harralson, Broyles, Stockdell, McWaters, Hill, Dimmock, Northen, Martin, Peters-11.

For Maddox-Boyd, Stephens, Hirsch, Colvin, Beatie, Meador-6.

It is Tréasurer Orme.

Mr. Joseph T. Orme, cashier of the

Mr. Joseph T. Orme, cashier of the Lowry Banking Company, was elected city treasurer to succeed Mr. Wall.

Mr. Hill nominated Mr. Orme, Mr. Rice nominated Mr. Wall and Mr. Martin nominated Mr. T. C. Erwin.

The election was settled on the first ballot and resulted, as has been stated, in the election of Mr. Orme. Mr. Erwin was in no sense of the word a candidate and was surprised when he ascertained that his name had been presented. The vote stood:

ins name and been presented. The vote stood:

For Orme-Stephens, Harralson, Broyles, Hirsch, McWaters, Hill, Dimmock, Northen, Meador-9.

For Wall-Rice, Boyd, Shropshire, Colvin, Stockdell, Beatie, Peters-7.

For Erwin-Martin-1.

Captain R. M. Clayton was re-elected city engineer without opposition.

Messrs. Malone and Meador were re-elected tax assessors and receivers, and were elected without opposition.

Cap Joyner had no opposition for chief of the fire department. City Sexton Clayton.

Mr. Stockdell presented the name of Thomas A. Clayton for city sexton, and in doing so took occasion to pay him quite Broyles hominated Dr. Charles

Mr. Broyles and Mr. D'Alvigny.
On the first ballot and the only one, Dr. D'Alvigny received the votes of Shropshire, Rice, Broyles, Colvin, Dimmock, Northen,

The other ten votes went to Mr. Clayton and another of the old slate went down.

Captain Z. B. Moon was re-elected messenger. S. H. Jackson was re-elected janitor.

The Fulse Feelers. The Fulse Feelers.

The ward physicians were next in order, and the election came as the wards were called in regular order.

In the first ward Dr. C. C. Green was

re-elected.
Dr. E. VanGoidtsnoven was re-elected from the second ward by the unanimous vote of the council.
Dr. W. G. Warren defeated Dr. T. E. Collier in the third ward and another one of the gentlemen who have been holding office for a long time in the city of Atlanta went out.

went out.

In the fourth ward Dr. W. M. Powell received eleven votes and Dr. G. W. Bishop six.

In the fifth ward another old holder of office went out. Dr. Allan Johnson, who has been ward physician in that section for years, was defeated by Dr. J. H.

ves. r. N. O. Harris was made physician

Dr. N. O. Harris was made physician again in the sixth and the vote he got yesterday would indicate that he can keep the place as long as he wants it.

Messrs. Ogletree, Joyner and Pittman were elected building inspectors.

City Attorney Anderson sent in a communication appointing Mr. Fulton Colville his assistant and the appointment was confirmed by the unanimous vote of the council. After the election of the officers was over the crowd dispersed and the routine work was taken up.

West End Annexation.

The committee appointed to take under

West End Admexation.

The committee appointed to take under consideration the annexation of West End reported that progress had been made in the work and asked for further time. The report simply showed what has been set forth in the papers. Mayor Goodwin sent a letter on the same subject recounting what had taken place and all of these papers were ordered filed away.

Mayor Goodwin sent in a communication in reference to the liquor licenses which

Mayor Goodwin sent in a communication in reference to the liquor licenses which have passed through his hands and to lining the vetoes he has made. He has also referred to the tax ordinance matter.

An invitation was received from the mayor and general council of Villa Rica asking them to join the people of Villa Rica on the 27th at the reunion of the Seventh Georgia regiment.

The comptroller's report showed the amount of expenditures to be \$1,335,055.23.

Quite a number of petitions were presented and referred to the proper commuteres.

W. L. Evans wanted the license on

shooting galleries reduced, but the petition was given a reference and no action was taken on it.

Samuel Mueller petitioned for a beer li-

Samuel Mueller petitioned for a beer ficense at 164 Decatur street, and the petition went to the police committee.

The retail grocerymen sent in a petition against granting a license to peddlers of vegetables from house to house. It went to the tax committee.

Mrs. H. W. Grady asked the council to remove the penalty incurred by the non-payment of her taxes, she having been away from the city at the time the books were closed. The paper was referred to the tax committee with power to act.

Pay Your Taxes add Save 2 Per Centi

Pay Your Taxes add Save 2 Per Centi Mr. Stockdell presented a resolution au-thorizing a discount of 2 per cent on taxes paid in during the month of July until \$150, 000 had been paid in. The resolution was adopted

000 had been paid in. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Rice presented a resolution calling for the appointment of a special committee of three to take into consideration a large amount of territory, the owners of which wish to be brought within the corporate limits. Messrs. Hice, Beatie and Meador were named as the special committee.

Mr. Peters, chairman of the committee of electric and other railroads, presented a report on the Washington street matter, and in connection with it the following letter from Mr. Joel Hurt. Mr. Hurt's letter read:

Atlanta, Ga., June 29, 1893.—Mr. E. C. Atlanta, Ga., June 29, 1893.—Mr. E. C.

read:
Atlanta, Ga., June 29, 1893.—Mr. E. C. Peters, Chairman on Electric and Other Railways, Atlanta, Ga. Dear Sir: I understand that there is in your possession a petition from citizens on Washington street which was presented to the council and urged by promnent citizens at the regular meeting on the 5th day of June, asking the city council to order the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Company to lay and operate tracks on Washington street from Jones to Clarke streets.

washington street from Jones to Clarke streets.

At the time this petititon was presented, I was in the city of New York, and upon returning home I learned of the petition through the press and citizens who heard the arguments of the petitioners from Washington street.

I am informed that said petition was addressed by them to the city council and to the railway company, but it appears that the course adopted in presenting it has been to ask the city government to order the railway company to lay the tracks.

We do not believe that it is within the legal authority of the city government to force the building and operating of lines on streets for which franchises have not been requested, and granted. Were it otherwise, the railway company would soon find itself cailed upon to undertake a burden which would be beyond its power to carry.

I desire, however, in this connection, to say that it is the policy of the company, acting with the consent and the co-operation of the city government, to improve the routes on some of the lines which have been pur-

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

BakingPowder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

Most Auspiciously.

chased, as far as practicable, by running them more directly from the center towards the circumference of the city, avoiding as much as possible the many crooks and turns that seem, in some cases, wholly useless. We have hoped, among other changes, that the Washington street than might be improved by having it operated continuously throughout the street to Ormond street, and in order to do this, in 1891, when petitions were presented for the improvement of other lines, without any suggestion from Washington street, we petitioned the city council for permission to build on Washington street from Jones to Clarke streets. The result of this petition was to develop opposition on Washington street, threatening the company's interests, and to meet which we failed to receive any support from the Washington street citizens.

We understand that there is today strong opposition to the building of this line, and we are informed that, should the company undertake to build, we will be met with litigation.

We understand that there is today strong opposition to the building of this line, and we are informed that, should the company undertake to build, we will be met with litigation.

About the latter part of May last, a committee of clitzens, of whom Judge Clarke was chairman, called upon me and asked that we build this line, I expressed to them a perfect willingness on the part of the company to do so, and even went so far as to say that, individually, I would pay as much for an improved service on Washington street as any citizen living on the streat, though I was not interested in a dollar's worth of property on the street.

I stated to the committee, further, the difficulty which we had encountered and the loss which the company had already incurred because of opposition on this street, and that I did not feel justified in saying that the company would build the line, unless the citizens on the street would harmonize and agree among themselves so that we would have no obstacles in the way.

I expressed the opinion to the committee, that if they would obtain the withdrawal of said objections, that the company would build a continuous line along Washington street to its present terminus, and this, too, notwithstand to operate such a line would involve the company in a large increased expense account, because, in all probability, we would regard it unfair to the citizens along Pulliam street to have that line discontinued. I suggested to the committee that if they would give the company an indemnifying bond against the loss which the company would sustain consequent upon the building of the line, that we would probably undertake the work, which they declined to do. They also distinctly refused to attempt to harmonize the discordant elements on the street with a view to having the objections withdrawn, and I understand that this is the cituation today.

You can imagine my surprise when informed of the manner in which the matter has been present out so operate on Washington street, and that the chairman of the comm

line. In the absence of such a bond, however, we will electrically equip and operate the present line running out Pulliam and Washington streets, at an early date, and we believe that when this is done the citizens on Washington street will be entirely satisfied with the arrangements, Yours, very truly, JOEL HURT, President.

Other Routine Matters.

Three or four building permits were granted by the fire department committee. Hugh McGeever was granted a retail liquor license at 295 Decatur street, and Hambrick at 126 Decatur street was given three months in which to close out his place.

The police committee made two reports on the petition for a beer license at the Edgewood Avenue theater. The minority report, which favored the license for one month, was signed by Mr. Meador, while the majority report was signed by the other two members. The majority report after some discussion was adopted.

Ordinances constructing sewers on Baker Ordinances constructing sewers on Baker and Hunter streets and through the property of J. T. Hines and others were adopted, the total expense being about \$3.400.

\$3.400.

The report of the street committee to put asphalt around the Chamber of Commerce building was recommitted to the committee with instruction to confer with the county commissioners.

with instruction to confer with the county commissioners.

Mr. Meador introduced a resolution looking to the removal of the artesian well tower and placing the water from the well under the control of the water board. The resolution brought out the fact that the running of the well cost the city quite a sum every day.

Mr. Hill presented a resolution repening the one which requires the riders of bicycles to have lanterns on their wheels after dark. Instead of lanterns the wheelman are required to supply themselves with gongs or bells which they must sound at every street crossing. The resolution passed.

A resolution was presented authorizing the water board to make the mainimum charge for water 25 cents instead of 85 cents, as herectofore. The paper went to the waterworks committee.

DEATH OF COLONEL GUNBY.

A Well-Known Georgian Dies at His Rome in Columbus Sunday Afternoon. Colonel Robert B. Gunby, the general man-ager of the Interstate Building and Loan Association, of Columbus, and a gentleman well and favorably known in this city, died at his home in Columbus, Ga., Sunday after-noon.

at his nome in Columbus, Ca., sunday afternoon.

Colonel Gunby was at one time an officer
in the Atlanta cotton mills, and was one of
the shrewdest financiers and best business
men in the state.

He was a brother of Mrs. H. C. Mitchell,
of this city, and has several other relatives
living in Atlanta, Mrs. Mitchell, in response
to a telegram stating that her prothe was
very ill, left the city last Sunday afternoon
for Columbus.

The funeral occurred in that city yesterday
afternoon.

HURT IN A RUNAWAY. HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

He was Out Driving Yesterday When His Horse Became Frightened.

Mr. W. C. Rawson was out driving with his brother, Mr. Louis Rawson, yesterday afternoon, and while on Mitchell street the horse became frightened and threw them both out of the buggy.

They were hadly bruised and jarred, but with the exception of a few scratches they were injured. While these are painful, they are not serious, and both of them will probably be out today.

It was a narrow escape and those who saw the accident feit that a serious catastrophe had happened. An examination, however, disclosed that no permanent injury was done. The young men were taken to their homes, where their injuries received medical attention.

DRPRICE'S The only Pure Cream of Tarter Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standar

Atlanta's Chantangna Started

MME. DECCA MAKES A BRILLIANT HIT

Governor Northen Addresses the Immense Audience-Several Extempore Talks.

The Fourth Will Be a Great Day.

Atlanta's chautauqua opened last night ander favorable auspices.

An immense tent on the old circus grounds was filled and there was a deep fringe of spectators on the outside of the tent. For two hours the crowd kept coming and going. The street cars did a thriving business.

The facilities were ample to handle the great crowd. A programme had been arranged, but it had to be broken, owing to the absence of some of the speakers. Governor Northen made the opening address and explained the disappointment. He spoke of the great work the assembly was expected to accom-plish, and he congratulated the audience on being present and the assembly on having such a splendid promise for a brilliant

ourse. Professor Case's large chorus rendered frequent songs, showing creditable training. The chorus and the governor alternated in entertaining the assemblage. The governor seized spectators and put them down for talks. One of the first was Major Slaton, and he was succeeded by H. W. J. Ham, of snollygoster fame; Rev. Mr. Holderby and Mr. L. F. Copeland, the lecturer. All of these spoke in a congratulatory way, and assured the hearers that they were to have a magnificent series of entertainments. Mr. Ham told some of his funny stories and kept the audience shouting. Mr. Copeland said it reminded him of a remark made to him once about a chautauqua being opened under "suspicious" circumstances. He announced that he would make a spreadengle speech today and strew the tail feathers of the great American bird all around

over the grounds.

Mr. Ham, in passing, paid a delicate compliment to the memory of Henry W. Grady, the great moving spirit in the first chautau-

The artistic event of the night was a cavatina by Madame Marie Decca, "O luce di quest, anima," from Donizetti's "Linda di Chamounix." Despite the night air and the open sides of the canvas she real and it in the truest, purest soprano with magnifi-cent effect. Hers is a high soprano of exceptional culture. No florid work is too difficult for her to give with absolutely correct phrasing, and the simpler passages she renders' in the most perfect art. tones are silvery in sweetness and in power

are marvelous.

Madame Decca understands the value of in her work which gives it an adult pal

Her number was received with great an plause by the delighted hearers, and the assemblage insisting, she responded with "Dixie," which she gave amid vociferous cheering. It was "Dixie" as that audience had never heard it before and as vocalists could give it. There were little touches to it that set the listeners wild, and the famous singer had an ovation. She

and the famous singer had an ovation. She had made a happy hit and in a moment had won the heart of Atlanta.

Last night's entertainment was free. Today there will be three lectures, c.c. in the morning, another in the afternoon and a third at night. Madame Decca higs at 4:30 o'clock, her solos being "Our Gillant Soldiers," from the "Daughters of the Regiment," and "Una Voce," from the "Battle of Seville."

HERE IS A COMPLAINT.

It Is Brought Against the Truck Wagons

That Are Used Around the Depot.

A great complaint is raised by citizens and members of the police force against the truck wagons that are used to haul express pack-

wagons that are used to haul express packages from the depot to the office on the opposite side of the street.

It is charged that the truck wagons are rolled along the sidewalk to the inconvenience of the public, and that frequently the passage way is obstructed to such an extent that passage is impossible.

The street which is blocked in front of the depot is sufficiently good for this purpose, whereas the rolling of the heavy fron wagons along the sidewalk is dangerous to those who are moving along at the same time.

This matter should be brought to the attention of the proper officers, and the evil corrected without delay. There is no reason for using the sidewalk, to the inconvenience and danger of the citizens and passers-by, when the street is sufficiently good for the purpose, and when no danger is imminent from passing vehicles.

The complaint against the truck wagons

rehicles.

The complaint against the truck wagons is very general, and the proper authorities should give the matter their attention.

Seven Dollars Fifty Cents

is what we have marked the rest of those "one-ofa-kind" suits that we sold the past few weeks at



Season and that's why

TEN DOLLARS buys any Fifteen and many Eighteen Dollar

Suits now, too. We will give you the best of any trade. ROSENFELD WHITEHALL



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Scientific Opticians,

have the only steam optical plant in this section. They have superior facilities for fill-ing oculists' prescriptions. Salescom, 54 Mar-rietta street, opposite postoffice, Atlanta, Ga

Atlanta Chautauqua Assembly. Daily lectures at 11 a. m., 3:30 p. m. and 8 p. m. Bible normal class at 9 a.m. Chorus rehearsal at 10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Admission 25 cents. Whole day tickets 50 cents. Season tickets \$3. Tickets for sale at John Miller's, Bolles's book store, Elkin & Watson Drug Co.'s, Jacobs's Pharmacy, Bratton's drug seore, Richards's book store, Eugene Jacobs, Whitehall street. Grounds located between Jackson street and the Boulevard. one block from Edgewood avenue. Take street cars to the gate.

FURNITURE

77 WHITEHALL ST.

For four days I will sell the above stock of Furniture at your own price.

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CRYSTALIZED LENGT Buy None but the Genuine Three thousand merchants now sell Hawkes's spectacles, showing their great popularity, over all others. HIS OPTICAL FACTORY is one of the most complete in the United States. Have your eyes fitted with these famous glasses; no charge for testing strength of vision. Headuarters for the United States, 12 Whitshall street. Established twenty-three years ago.

AT COST OR LESS!

Every dollar's worth of merchandise we own. Investigate this.

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Douglas,

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PINANCIAL

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ATLANTA, GA.,

AUGUSTA, GA.

DARWIN G. JONES.

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STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS,

INVESTMENT SECURITIES Correspondence invited in regard to an tinds of southern investments.

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Dealer in Investment Securities

OLD CAPITOL BUILDING.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

CENTRAL BAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

GEORGIA RAILEOAD.

ARRIVE.

50 Marietta Street. 1 2 1

Correspondence Invited.

REPRESENTING

MEETINGS.

Masons in good standing cording to meet with us H. C. STOCKDELL, W. M. ROSE, Secretary.

OONSTITUTION OPPION,
ATLANTA, July 3 18N
orrow being the 4th of July, and a legal holiday
eral markets will be closed; and all grain and
on markets were closed today, in anticipation.

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

w York exchange buying at par; selling at \$1.50@

The following are bid and asked quotation

aw Ga. 3\\(\frac{5}{2} \) av Ga. 4\\(\frac{5}{2} \) av Ga. 4\(\frac{5}{2} \) av Ga. 10\(\frac{5}{2} \) av Ga. 4\(\fra

NEW YORK, July 3.—Affairs at the stock exchange today were extremely dull, the transactions reaching the pairry total of 77,416 shares, of which 7,480 were unlisted. The absence of leading prices on the street, as usual on the eve of the national holiday, induced the traders who are beartishly—inclined to hammer the list at the opening especially as the early quotations from London showed a considerative decline from Saturday night's final figures. Manhattan fell off 23-4 to 122; Notthern Pacific preferred, 21-8 to 321-8; Union Pacific and Chicago Gas, 1-2, and the remainder of the list 1-2 to 11-4 per cent. As they advanced, the market assumed a firmer tone, and prices improved 1-2 to 11-2 per cent on comparatively light offerings. The trading throughout, however, was so small that no special significance could be attached to the fluctuations at any time. The improvement during the afternoon was largely due to the let up in the stringency in money, round amounts having been offered at from 2 to 6 per cent, as against 15 to 25 per cent during the morning. The July disbursements are beginning to have their effect, but it is not expected that the rates of interest will settle down to a permanent basis for some days to come, at least. The market closed firm in tone, Sales amounted to 77,400 shares.

Railway bonds and miscellaneous bonds were dull and irregular.

Government bonds were stronger.

State bonds were dull.

Money on call was caster, closed at 3 to 25 per cent; last loan offered at 3. Prime impercantle paper, 6 to 8. Sterling exchange.

Government bonds were stronger.

State bonds were dull.

Money on call was casler, closed at 3 to 25 per cent; last loan offered at 3. Prime mercantile paper, 6 to 8. Sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 481 1-2 to 482 for, sixty days, and 483 1-2 to 484 for demand. Silver certificates were steady, with sales at 72 1-2 to 73, closing at 74 1-4 bild, 75 asked.

Atch., T. & Santa Fe. 21 % Norfolk & Western. 22 % Baltimore & Ohlo. 71 % Northern Pac. 11 % Canada Pac. 73 % do. pref. 33 % Ches. & Ohlo. 17 % Northwestern 10 % Chicago & Alton. 10 % do. pref. 34 % Ohlo. 10 % Northwestern 10 % Cotton Oil. 34 % Pacific Mall. 18 % do. pref. 8 % Northwestern 10 % Cotton Oil. 34 % Pacific Mall. 18 % do. pref. 8 % 13 % Rich. Terminal. 23 % East Tennessee. 3 % do. pref. 17

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA. July 3.
Local-Market firm; midding 1½c.
The following is our statement of the receipts, ship-

.9 361

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

4300 3806 14343 6182

be following are the closing quotations of inture ton in New Orleans today:

uary 8.04 July 7.44 runs; 4.44 runs; 7.45 roh September 7.56

11 October 7.56

November 7.75

. Hubbard, Price & Cors Circular.

Hubbard, Price & Coss Circular.

NEW YORK, July 3—Public advices from Liverpool report an easier tone for the spot market, and are confirmed by information coming through private sources to the effect that the demand for spot cotton in Liverpool is discouraging. Under the influence of this temper abroad it is stated that the largest holder of cotton in Liverpool tendered some 5,000 bales today on arrival contracts, causing a decline from 2-6463-54d which was partially recovered at the close. Crop advices from Texas and the Mississippl valley are of an secouraging nature, but those from Alabama and the Atlantic slope are still discouraging, reporting excessive rains and a backward condition of the plant. The feature of the local market has been the selling for Liverpool account of cotton held here for some time in connection with straddle operations between the two markets. At the opening it was noticeable that all the houses with Liverpool connections were free offerers of cotton, causing a decline of 10 points from Saturday. These offerings were absorbed by the local houses and a reaction speedily followed, advancing prices some 324 points from the lowest. Little disposition is manifested to enter into fresh engagements pending the holiday and the determination of the financial question soon to be presented to congress. The constant demand upon commission houses for an advance to their southern correspondents disturbs the otherwise favorableview appearing to be held by a majority of the trade as a result of the improvement in Manchester which was noticeable in the early part of the month. Before the close quotations improved a point or two, and the financial figures are the highest of the day about \$\fop\$points over the opening on the distant positions, while the near show a gain of 428 points Liverpool market, and that the demand for spot cof-

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Circular.

NEW YORK, July 3-[Special.]—The market today was very dull and inactive. The Liverpool advices were discouraging and our opening was at a decline of 7 points, august opening at 7.82. After the call there was some pressure to sell and August declined to 7.73. But short covering caused a quick rally and during the rest of the day the market fluctuated between 7.81 and 7.83 for August. Just before 3 o'clock the demand from the ahorts stiffened, 7.54 being bid for August. The close was steady, with 7.62 bid for August. Many think, as Thursday is a beliesy in Liverpool, there may a line of the price was the contraction.

RECEIPTS EXPORTS. STOCK.

1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892

3351 2211 5736 6182 371475 531036 949 1555 8607 362848 534385

Below we give the opening and cleetton futures in New York today:

Closed steady; sales 64,500 baies

Closed quiet: sales 12,500 bales.

RECEIPTS SHIPM'TS STOCK.

1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892 | 1893 | 1892

2700

NEW YORK, July 3.-Affairs at the stock

Atlanta, Ga., July

FINANCE AND TRADE.

GOODE & BECK,

suburban residence. Large lot, large

splendid order, containing eight roo

closets and bathrooms, wine room,

closets and bathrooms, while from go-lars, private gas and water supply, street. Electric railroad passes in front bles and outhouses. Located just beyon position mills on Marietta street. Terms easy. Here is your chance s splendid suburban home. In the country yet in town. Call and see me or write.

Isaac Liebma

Real Estate, Renting a

Special Bargain

W. M. Scott & Co., R al Estate Agenta

Loan Agent, No. 28 Peachtree St.

of the members.

The election yes a necessity was si The polls were key 'till 5 o'clock in the the rule of the orga

tion of the tickets.
It is a most desir will now take che Commerce. All o ness men of the om the office wi a very excellent his splendid guida merce has move and has accompli

G. McD. NATHAN,

Extraord inary Offer. SPALDING COUNTY FRUIT LAND.

\$3,150 Buys a highly cultivated farm a 100 acres, one mile south of Griffin, including improvements, 9-room house, 3 tenant house, grain sheds, barns, etc., 15 acres in timber, 10 acres in peach orchard, 1 acre in pluna, acre in grapes, balaunce in cotton, corn, English wannuts, walnuts, almouds, etc. The place has a frontage of over 2,500 feet out the Central railroad. Water—line spring an well; worth twice what is asked for it. \$5,000—7-room house and 1-3 acre of ground on prominent street north side; gas, water sewer, electric car line, etc. Big bargain. \$1,500 to \$4,500; several pieces of improve property on monthly payments. So varie that I can surely suit you.

G. M'D. NATHAN, 18 Wall St.

GEORGE WARE,

No. 2 South Broad Street 20 PER CENT renting property, brand of 3 four-room houses in fine renting location white settlement, only \$1,800, on centerms.

\$55 PER ACRE-50 acres 41-2 miles out car line, this a big snap. Come and about it.

R. M. FARRAR, President. WILLIAM C. HALE, V. President. J. C. DAYTON, Cast Hines, Shublek & Felder, Attorneys. STATE SAVINGS BANK,

Capital Stock.

29 DECATUR STREET, CORNER PRYOR.

\$60,000.00 | Undivided Pronts.

Transacts a general banking business. Exchange bought and sold on the prior counted and loans made on collateral, laterest paid on savings and trust funds at late of 5 per cent per annum, provided it remains over sixty days. No interest paid deposits subject to check.

DIRECTORS—R. M. Farrar, William C. Haie, T. J. Felder, H. L. Atwater, C. Dayton, T. B. Felder, Jr., J. C. Dayton.

FIDELITY BANKING AND TRUST COMPAN

CAPITAL STOCK. (Under State Jurisdic tion and Supervision.)

This bank it a legal depository for court funds and is authorized to act as Administor, Guardian Executor, Trustee, Conservator Assignee and Receiver for Estate Corputions and Individuals. Confidential interviews invited with parties contemplating the critical funds by will or otherwise. Investments of Trust Funds keps separate from assets of the bank.

R. F. MADDON. J. W. RUCKER, Vice-Presidents. H. C. BAGLEY, Cashier. Cashier. Assistant Cash

Capital. \$160,000. Charter Liability. \$320,000

Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties changing or open few accounts; issue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 4 per cent if left 60 days: 5 per cent, if left six months.

American Trust & Banking Co

MABILITIES SAME AS NATIONAL BANKS. ORS. W. P. James, P. H. Harraleon, J. D. Turner, Joel Hurt, M. C. I. States, J. E. Gray, Jan. W. English, Geo. W. Blabon, Philadelphia; Edw. G. P. Gehes, W. A. Buyell, Chas. Beermann.

105 to do a precess banking and exchange business; additio accounts of banks.

coshis have yasily improved in the last week theylars now rather too good to juntify the hopes of the bulls.

J. S. Buche & Uo.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to 3!, W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 3-Liverpool this morning was disappointing, prices being 2:63 points down. The market was steady at a decline. Our market opened 19 points of, with a little business, ruled dail all day with a very steady undertone, advancing a point from the opening with a few sellers. There was no crop news of any interest to report. There is little doing. The local crowd is rather bullish, owing to the dullness of trade and the absence of speculative orders. It is easy for them to bid up the market. Should Liverpool show any improvement it will encourage the local crowd and no doubt prices will improve if this should be the case. Cotton is cheap on its merits, but trade in Europe is poor. India stopping the coinage of silver has not been feit and opinions vary whether it is a bull or bear factor. The general belief is that trade in general here and abroad will improve in the fall. The weather for the pash week was more favorable to crops.

By Telegraph. stated communication of Georgia
Lodge, No. 96, F. & A. M., will be
held in Masonic hall this evening
at 8 o'clock, sharp.
Master Masons in good standing cordially
rited to meet with he

By Telegraph. Hy Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 3-12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot quict and prices in bayers' favor; middling uplands 4 7-1c; asles 8,000 bales; American 6,400; speculation and export 500; recel· 1s 5,000; American 7,900 uplands low middling clause July pelivery 4 23-54; July and August delivery 4 24-54, 4 23-54; August and September delivery 4 24-54, 4 24-54; Reptamber and October delivery 4 25-54; October and November delivery 4 25-54; October and November delivery 4 25-54; December and Jennary delivery 4 23-54; Grand Jennary delivery 4 23-54; Grand Jennary delivery 4 23-54; Grand Jennary delivery 4 23-54; futures opened quiet with demand freely supplied.

and annuary delivery 43:-64; interes opened quiet win demand freely supplied.

LIVERPOOL. July 3-1:09 p. m. —Uplands low midding olanse, July delivery 4 22-64, 423-64; July and August delivery 4 23-64, 423-64; August and September delivery 4 23-64, 432-64; September and October delivery 4 24-64, sellers; October and November delivery 4 25-64; 425-64; November and December delivery 4 25-64, 434-64; Sellers; Potrary January and February delivery 4 30-64, sellers; February and March delivery 4 31-64, 432-64; Intures closed steady.

steady.

NEW YORK, July 3—Cotton quiet; sales 146 bales; middling upiands 3; Orleans 3/4; net receipts none; gross none; stock 163,522.

GALVESTON, July 3—Cotton steady; middling 1/4; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none; stock 21,197; exports construins 30

constwise 50.,

BALTIMORE, July 3 -- Cotton nominal; middling 8; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 8,415. ,410. BOSTON, July 3—Cotton quiet; middling 8; net ecceipts 134 bales; gross 776; sales none; stock none. WILMINGTON, July 3—Cotton dull: middling 75; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock .43. PHILADELPHIA, July 3-Cotton firm; middling 814; not receipts 117 bales; gross 419; sales none; stock 8,647.

Solvi. Salvannah, July J. Cotton quiet; middling 7%; net receipts 295 baies; gross 295; sales 25; stock 17,785; exports to continent 3,471; coastwise 570.

NEW ORLEANS, July 3—Cotton quiet; middling 7.16; net receipts 371 baies; gross 371; sales 281; stock 100,260; exports to continent 1,167.

MOMILES, July 3—Cotton quiet; middling 7.616; net receipts 30 baie; gross 30; sales none; stock 6,578.

MEMPHIS, July 3—Cotton steady; middling 7.16; net receipts 30 baies; gross 30; sales none; stock 6,578. AUGUSTA, July 3—Cotton quiet; middling 7 9-16; net receipts 6 baies; shipments none; sales 91; stock 11.-216

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 3-Flour-First patent \$4.91, second patent \$4.32, extra fancy \$3.75; fancy \$3.55; family \$3.26. Corn - No. 1 white 60c; No. 2 white 69c; mixed 38c. Oats-Fears rust proof 44; white 4cc; mixed 4cc. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.00; No. 1 timothy, large bales, \$50; choice timothy small bales, \$1.00; No. 1 timothy, small bales, \$60; No. 2 timothy, small bales, \$60; No. 2 timothy, small bales, \$60; Meal-Plain 58c; bolted 54c. Wheat branlarge sacks, \$50; small sacks 90; Cotton seed meal-\$1.30 & cwt. Stock peas 55 £750 pt. bu; white 75c@fl.00; lady \$1.00gi.25. Boston beans \$2.55@2.75 pt. bu; Tennessee \$1.75@2.00. Grits-Pearl \$3.36.

ATLANTA, July 3 - Clear rib sides, boxed 10c; loc-cured bellies 12c, Sugar-cured hamaldy a 61c, according to brand and average; California 14c. Break-iast bacon 15c. Lard—Leaf 114c; compound 74c.

Country Produce

ATLANTA, July 3-Eggs 10 &12c, Butter—Western creamery 2025c; choice Tennessee 15 &15c, ther grades 10 &125c, chief grades 10 &125c, chief produce 10 &15c, chief grades 10 &125c, chief politry—Turkeys 19 &15c, chief grades 10 &125c, and spring 125c, dieks 20 &225c, and spring 125c, dieks 20 &225c, breased poultry—Turkeys 16 &15c, ducks 15c, chiekens 125c, life hotatoes, 90c, a61.00 % bu. Honey—Strained 8 &10c; in the comb 10 125c, Onlons 51.00(4.12c) % bu; % bb 13.0003.60; crate 50 &15c, Cabbage—Georgia 15c % 15c. Sup-beans—Georgia 5cc &100 % bu. Tomstoes, fancy \$1.50(2.00) % crate.

Watermelons \$12.50@15.50 ₽ 100. Cantaloupes \$1.00. Peaches - 6 baskets crates \$1.75@2.00.

Fruits and Confections.

Fruits and Contections.

ATLANTA, July 3-Apples-Fancy \$6.0766.53 \$\bar{P}\$ bbl; Lemons \$3.50\alpha.4.00. Oranges-Fiorida \$4.00\alpha.4.50 \$\bar{P}\$ box; Messins \$3.50\alpha.4.00. Cocoanuts \$3\alpha.6. Pine-apples \$1.061.50 \$\bar{P}\$ hoxe. Bananas-Selected \$1.00\alpha.2.00. Figs 13.615c. Resigns-New California \$2.25; \$5 boxes \$1.05; \$\bar{P}\$ boxes 76c. Currants \$6\alpha.7 c. Leghorn eitron 20 \$\alpha.200. Nuts-Aimonds 15. pecans \$1\alpha.4 \text{loc}\$. Hrazill1.6 \$12\bar{P}\$. Walnuts \$12\alpha.4 \text{loc}\$. Peanuts-Virginia, electric light \$7\alpha.7 \text{loc}\$; fancy handpicked \$\bar{P}\$\$ \$\alpha.7\$; North Carolina \$5\alpha.6 \$\alpha\$ iccords \$1\alpha.2 \$\alpha.7\$.

MOVEMENT OF COTTON.

Figures Given by Secretary Hester in His

New Orleans, July 3.-The movement of

Monthly Statement.

the cotton crop as given in Secretary Hes-ter's monthly New Orleans cotton exchange

statement issued this morning shows that the amount of cotton brought into sight for

June was the smallest for that month since 1890. The deficiency, which at the close of May was 2,481,952 compared with last year and 2,055,926 compared with the year

pedra and 2,005,020 compared with the year before, has been increased to 2,507,294 under the former and 2,082,142 under the latter. The total number of bales brought into sight during the month of June was 82,035 against 107,277 in June 1892, and 108,251 in June, 1891, a decrease from last year of 25,342 and from the year before of 26,216. The movement from the 1st of

year of 25,342 and from the year before of 26,216. The movement from the 1st of September to June includes total receipts at all United States delivery ports of 4,961,266 against 7,026,322 last year and 6,843,605 the year before.

The net overland movement by railroads across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers was 881,799 against 1,234,108 and 1,076,666; southern mills takings eveniver.

666; southern mills takings, exclusive of quantity consumed at southern outports, 608, 428 against 587,879 and 528,831, and interior

G66; southern mills takings, exclusive of quantity consumed at southern outports, 608, 428 against 587,879 and528,831,and interior towns stocks in excess of those held at the commencement of the senson 9,848 against 120,286 and 94,341. These make the total amount of the crop brought into sight during the ten months ending June 30th, 6,641, 301 against 8,968,509 last year and 8,543, 443 the year before. Northern spinners took during June 55,549 bales against 52,062 last year and 48,473 the year before, increasing their total for the ten months to 1,687,381 against 2,185,974 last year and 2,005,805 the year before. This makes the average weekly takings for the season 38,982 against 50,334, last year and 46,186 the year before.

Foreign exports for the ten months have been 4,157,020, showing a deficit from last season of 1,533,217 and from the same period year before last of 1,484,357. The loss of exports during the same period compared with June last year has been 27,378, but for the same time year before they have increased 4,896.

Stocks at seaboards and the twenty-nine leading southern markets at the close of June 30th were 501,573 against 713,199 the same date last year and 401,804 the year before. Including port and stocks left over from the previous season and the number of bales of the current crop brought into sight during the ten months the supply has been 6,904,279 against 99,26 ner cent of the cotton crop had been marketed and for the same ten months in 1801 the percentage of the crop brought into sight was 1874, and for the same time in 1800

CHARLESTON, July 3-Cotton quiet; miadling
74; net receipts 33 bales; gross 33; sales none; stock
15,613.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA. July 3, 1893.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

Money loaned on watches, jewelry, diamonds, pistols and clothing, or anything of value at a low rate of interest. All transactions strictly confidential.

NEW YORK LOAN OFFICE,

146 Decatur street.

HENRY H. SCHAUL, Proprietor.
june 29-2mo

ABSTRACTS.

apr15-6m sat tues thur

We take pleasure in announcing that on August 2d and 3d great Harvest Excursions will be run by the Richmond and Danville and Georgia Pacific roads to all points in Arkansas and Texas and to certain portions of Missouri and Kansas. These tickets will be sold at half rate, that is one fare for the round trip, August 2d and 3d, and be good to return within thirty days from date of sale We offer choice of three routes: via Memphis, via Shreveport and via New Orleans. Through first-class coaches will be run, and as heretofore, we will give you a cheap, quick and satisfactory trip to the great western country. Maps, schedules, rates and all information sent free upon application. A. A. Vernoy, W. H. Tayloe, agents, No. 10 Kimball House, Atlanta,

WEAK-HAM Cure Yoursen

I will send FREE to any man the prescription of a
new and positive remedy to enlarge small weak
organs, and sure cure for all weakness in young or
old.met. Cures cases of Lost diameod. Emissions and Varicocelo in 16 days; disease never
returns. Correspondence private, all letters sent in

and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of per-ticulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104% Whitehall St.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell.
DORSEY. BREWSTER & HOWELL.
LAWYERS.
Offices—1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 Lowe Building.
39 1-2 Whitehall St., Telephone 520,
ATLANTA. GA.

Lesueur & Runge, Architects.

Cffices second floor Inman building.

Eoward E. W. Palmer, Charles A Read. PALMER & READ, Attorneys at law, 14 1-2 South Broad street, Atanta Ga.

MISSES GLENN & DARLING, STENOGRAPHERS, 544 Equitable Building, REDUCED RATES.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW. MACON, Ga.
Special attention to railroad damages, corporation cases and collections for non-resimaris ten

The Alaska Refrigerator

The Corbin Banking Co., STAREW Is No Doubtful Experiment Correspondence with banks and bankers in apr28 3m It has stood the test of years and beat his stood the test of years and be-comes more popular every season. Thou-sands now in daily use prove the truth of our claims, that the "ALASKA" is the best refrigerator in the world, They are perfect in principle and con-John W. Dickey, Stock and Bond Broker,

Economical in the use of Ice. Satisfactory in

all Results.

The air in the provision chamber is ALWAYS COLD.

Absolutely Pure and "Dry as a Bone."

"ALASKAS" are stronger and more durable than other makes. They "will not fall to pieces" after the There are more "Alaskas" in Georgia today than all other refrigerators combined and every single one pleases the owner. This is the record! Come and see!

DOBBS, WEY & CO. Sole Agents, - - - - 61 Peachtree St.

NOTICE.

The depositors of the Gate City Nationa bank are hereby notified that this bank will

Thursday. June 29, 1893

Payments will be made by the Atlanta National bank, corner Alabama and Pryor President Gate City National Bank.

NEW LOAN OFFICE,

Reliable abstracts of titles to lands in Fulton, DeKalb and adjoining counties furnished at short notice by the Interstate Abstract Company, room S11 Equitable building.

J. H. JOHNSON.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS

To Arkansas and Texas, August 2 and 3 by the Richmond and Danville and Georgia Pacific.

W. T. DOWNING.
ARCHITECT,
Equitable Building.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City-Central Time. From Savannah. 7 40 am/To Savannah... 8 00 am From Macon... 11 29 am/To Savannah... 1 30 pm From Savannah. 145 pm/To Savannah... 5 10 pm From Savannah. 605 pm/To Savannah... 6 55 pm WESTERN AND ATLANTIO RAILROAD,

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R.

Prom Wash'gton 4 55 am 7to Washington 20 0 m

rem Cornelia except Sunday 8 15 am

Fron: Cornelia,
Sunday only 9 50 am

To Cornelia SunFrom Wash'gton 3 55 pm day only 2 50 pm

From Wash'gton 8 30 pm To Washington 700 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. EAST TENN.. VIRGINIA AND GEO : - IA E'Y AT ANTA AND "LOSIDA MAILBOAR From eⁿt v v 11 00 at 10 For v v v ... 3 00 pm *Daily except Sunday. Sunday only. All other daily. Central time.

CEABOARD AIR-LINE. SCHEDULE
O IN EFFECT JULY 2, 1893.
NORTHBOUND.
SOUTHBOUND.
No. 38. No. 134 Eastern Time, No. 197, No. 41.
Duily. Daily. Except Atlanta. Daily. Daily. 5 20 am 5 05 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 7 50 am 6 45 pm 10 05 am 8 13 pm Lv... Atlanta ... Ar 7 50 am 6 45 pm 11 13 am 9 11 pm Ar... Elberton, Lv 8 22 am 4 03 pm 12 16 pm 10 25 pm Ar Abbeville Lv 4 27 am 3 09 pm 14 69 pm 10 25 pm Ar Greenwood Lv 4 02 an 24 pm 1 10 pm 11 12 pm Ar... Clinton ... Lv 3 17 am 1 45 pm 3 33 pm 12 21 am Ar... Chester ... Lv 2 07 am 11 45 pm 5 09 pm 1 50 am Ar... Monroe ... Lv 12 00 am 10 15 am

| 6 do am Ar. Raiegh Lv | 8 30 pm | 7 39 am Ar. Raiegh Lv | 8 30 pm | 7 39 am Ar. Henders Lv | 6 53 pm | 9 00 am Ar. Weidon Lv | 5 55 pm | 11 03 am Ar Petersburg Lv | 3 43 pm | 11 45 am Ar Richmond Lv | 2 39 pm | 3 40 pm Ar Wash', ton Lv | 10 47 am | 5 24 pm Ar Baltimore Lv | 9 42 am | 7 49 pm Ar Phil'deip'is Lv | 7 20 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 am | 10 35 pm Ar. New York Lv | 12 15 | 9 09am | Ar Wilmingth Lv | 200 pm | Lv | Clinton Ar | 242 pm | Ar Newberry | Lv | 267 pm | Ar Prosperity | Lv | 410 pm | Ar Columbia | Lv | 445 pm | Ar Sumter | Lv | 445 pm | Ar Charleston | Lv | 455 pm | Ar Charleston | Ar Charlest Ar Darlin ton Ly 9 25 am Lv Weldon Ar 5 21 pm 11 25 am Ar Portsm'th Ar 3 11 pm 11 45 am Ar Norollk Lv 3 00 pm 16 15 pm Lv Norfolk (b) Ar 3 00 pm 7 0 0 am Ar Butlmore Lv 4 30 pm 20 47 am Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv 4 41 pm 1 2 0 pm Lx Norok Lv 42 10 pm

6 00 pm Ly Pm'th (w) Ar | 8 00 am 6 30 am Ar Wash'gton Ly | 7 00 pm No. 34. | Elberton Accommodation. | No. 45. | Daily. | | Lv Atlanta Ar | 8 30 am | Ar Lawr'no'v'e Lv | 8 60 am | Ar Jng Tavern Lv | 7 24 am | Ar Athens Lv | 6 52 am | Ar Elberton Lv | 5 00 am |

tDaily except Sanday.

(b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk R. R. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Stcamboat Co. Trains Nos. 134 and 117 run soid with Pullmen 3ufet sleeping cars between Atlanta and Washington, and Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Washington and New York. Parlor car Weldon and Portsmouth; sleeping car Hamiet and Wilmington. Trains Nos. 33 and 41 carry through coaches between Atlanta and Charleston, S. C. Tickets union depot or at R. D. Mann's tleket office, No. 4 Kimball House. O. V. SMITH, JOHN C. WINDER, Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. TAYLOR, S. P. A., 4 Kimball House. H. W. B. GLOVER, Div. Pass. Agt., Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best routs to Montgemp? New Orleans, Person and the Southwest.

The following sendents in enect May 28th, 1893 SOUTH No 10; No 52 Daily. Daily.

Lv Atlanta...... 4 16 p m 11 15 p m Ar Newman...... 5 27 p m 12 56 a m Ar LaGranga... 6 25 p m 2 11 a m Ar W Point... 5 22 p m 2 42 a m Ar Opelika.... 7 33 p m 3 26 a m 7 45 a 1 9 02 a 1 10 02 a 1 11 10 a 1 Ar Columbus _ 9 45 pm 12 15 р п Ar Motgomry 9 20 pm 6 00 am Ar Pensacola 5 15 am 1 10 pm Ar Mobila 3 15 am 12 10 pm Ar N Orioans 7 35 am 4 45 pm Ar Houstn'for 9 45 pm 7 97 an

10-ROOM, new, 2-story residence on lot fronting 300 ft., high, level, rich, shaded, 31-2 miles from Kimbail house, good servant's house, nice orchavd; a lovely suburban home; will self 150x000 ft. with residence for \$1,500, or 150x600 ft. vacant for \$3,000. E. FAIR ST., new, 2-story, Sr. residence, all city conveniences, streets and walks paved, electric line in front, 4 blocks from new state capitol. 13 East Alabama Stre BONDS, STOCKS state capitol.

HILLIARD ST., near Decatur st., new 6-r.

2-story fesidence on lot 33x106 ft., in good
white neighborhood, \$2,500 on easy terms;
will exchange for small farm or suburban REAL ESTA Van-Winkle-Collins place, most

will exchange by
property.

PIEDMONT HOTEL, Gainesville, Ga., 40
furnished rooms, 2 acres ground, on car
line 2 blocks from Air-Line depot; hot and
cold water, shade, good patronage every
snumer; Gainesville delightful summer re-

line 2 blocks from Air-Line depot; hot and cold water, shade, good patronage every summer; Gainesville delightful summer resort. \$9.000.

EDGEWOOD LOTS, choice, on or near the new electric line and Ga. R. R. trains; \$300 to \$750, on liberal terms; buy now and take your profit when money is easier.

ALEXANDER ST., 4-r. cottage, water, gas, paved streets, walks, lot 50x150 ft. good neighborhood, \$2,200.

ALEXANDER ST., 10-r., 2-story residence, water, gas, begian block and brick pavements laid and paid for, lot 60x140 ft., \$3,750 on long time.

SMALL 3, 4 and 5-r. cottages on installments in different parts of the city, to suit all salaried people and wage earners.

LOTS NEAR CAPITOL AVE., level, shaded, choice, 50x120 ft. to alley, \$400 to \$500 each, one-third cash, remainder in 1 and 2 years with 8 per cent interest.

\$6,000, PAVABLE only \$500 cash and the balance \$50 a month, for a splendid 8-room, 2-story frame residence on prominent street on North side, in first-class neighborhood. 1-2 block from electric cars, lot elevated and level, 60x150 feet; tile walk in yard, hot and cold water, gas and bathroom in the house; first-class range goes with it; fine fruit and grapes on place. If you want a strictly first-class home on the most liberal terms ever offered on a place of its value, this is your chance. The house would readily rent for \$30 to \$35 a month. Possession given immediately; can get more lot in the rear if desired. Call and let us show you the place.

\$2.000 For close in, 4-room house on Irwin stery chem; easy terms.

\$100 FRONT FOOT for the prettlest vacant corner lot on Peachtree for the price; high, level and shady; wide alley in rear; best of surroundings; easy payments.

\$2.750 FOR Forest ave lot 50x150 ft. to 10-foot alley; nicely gradel: easy terms.

In a piece of property on molla street renting for \$24 per mandle and peld for. Call for price.
\$2,150 BUYS new 4-room, front and veranda, gas and excellent well of water, 50x98, on Martin st; 1-3 cash, balance suit purchaser. A chance to secure a hos \$2,500 BUYS 4-room house, lot 50x202 13 cash, balance easy.
\$1,700 BUYS 5-room house, lot 40x10, Garden st.; easy terms.
CHEAP place, cor. of County Line road E. Fair st., 50x217, with little house.
\$1,000 BUYS 4-x125 to alley on Line road and the control of the c

ave.

CHEAPEST corner on Edgewood ave., in; owner very anxious to sell, needs me 100x160 TO alley, cor. of Atlanta and ison avenues, fronting Grant park; che \$1,300 BUYS 40x197 on Foundry st., Haynes st., belgian block, sidewalk and er down and paid for.

\$1,250 TO loan quick.

ISAAC LIEBMAN, 28 Peachtres

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate · Real Estate s3,000—Courtland nvenue; nice 7-room house, close in and in fine neighborhood. Awfully cheap.

\$1,400—For beautiful lot, 74x184 on nice side street, and close to Penchtree. Owner will build a nice house on this lot to suit the purchaser, and will sell on very easy terms, A rare chance.

We have the prettiest lot for \$100 per foot that there is on the market; on beautiful street, very close to Peachtree and in charming neighborhood. Very easy terms.

\$15,000—For a lovely Peachtree home; about a 10-room house and a large and beautiful lot. A glit-edged bargain.

\$1,500—For the prettiest lot in West End for the money; nice street, beautiful shade and close to electric line.

SUBURBAN. \$2,100—Poplar Springs; within one block of both the Decatur dummy line and the new electric line to East Lake; a pretty new 6-room cottage with large, pretty lot, fronting east on horse car line to East Lake and close to the school. An exceptional bargain and very casy terms.

\$500-For 10 acres of nice land a little beyond Decatur on Covington road; spiendid truck farm.

\$4,000-For the best 125-acre farm on the market; nice dwelling and highly improved; not far from Decatur and on one of the best roads. not the from Security and beautifully shaded for on Georgia rallroad; close to Agnes Scott Institute.

We can suit anybody in a home or nice lot at Decatur and sell on easy terms. Office 12 E. Alabama street; phore 563.

G. W. ADAIR.

FORREST ADAIR. G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate,

No. 14 Wall Street,

Kimball House. On next Tuesday, July 4th, at 11 o'clock in the morning, I will sell before the courthouse

A Magnificent Block.

On Milledge and Grant streets near the residence of the late Colonel L. P. Grant idence of the late Colonel L. P., Grant.
This property fronts 326 feet on Milledge
street and 348 feet on Grant, is covered with
beautiful forest shade trees, lies faultlessiv,
and is the pretiest block in the city for a
lovely home, or for subdivision.
The sale will be absolute without reserve
for cash. Go out and examine it or call at
my office for particulars.

G. W. ADAIR.
14 Wall Street.

Office of the Amazon Fire Insurance Company, Cincinnati, O., June 21, 1893.—This is to notify the public that the Amazon Fire Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, O., has withdrawn from business in the state of Georgia, Said company has canceled all policies issued by it in the state of Georgia, and on the twenty-first day of August, 1893, will make application to Hon. Wm. A. Wright, comptroller general and insurance commissioner of the state of Georgia, for leave to withdraw from the state treasury the \$25,000 of bonds of the Amazon finsurance Company how on deposit with him.

GAZZAM GANO, President.

Amazon Insurance Company.

Amazon Insurance Company.

Amazon Insurance Company.

Amazon Insurance Company.

NOTICE.

\$17 PER PRONT FOOT—Ira st. near ardson st., houses on this property we pay fine per cent rent or would sell to good people.

SAM'L TOUNG, Pres. M. C. KISER, Vice Pres. CHAS. RUNNETTE, Cashier

Excange bought and sold on the terding cities of the world. Discounts commerced paper. Loans money on approved securities. 5 per cent per annum interest paid on year average deposits. Auxiliary banks furnished free to depositors in saving bank department.

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co

Undivided Profits, \$50,00 Capital, \$500,000.

to internal discheme is starte Chamber of Consuch help as may the organized to city. It has do in the past and future."

President We wholesale meromember of one member of one the city. of energy cognized as young men wh lanta. He has for the good of since he became strumental in that was under the city lookin lanta's busines

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Bargain

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P. Howell and Je
be-uaif block fro
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t, choice fruits an
house, cowhous
lesirable little hom
for \$2750, payed.

ry Offer. FRUIT LAND.

THAN, 18 Wall St.

WARE.

Broad Street.

-100x250, nicely shoother street, make the lot is worth

N AVE.—50x175; true; come and easy terms.

velling combined, easy terms. , close in. VARE, 2 S. Broad C. DAYTON, Cash'

NNETTE, Cashier. COMPAN

discounts commercial terest paid on years bank department

G. A. NICOLSON.
Assistant Cashie

ng Co \$320,000

esident. ing Co.

its, \$50,000 Hurt, M. C. P. corporations an

IT IS BOOMING.

Holds an Election.

MR. S. F. WOODSON IS PRESIDENT

A Fine Lot of Officers to Take Charge of the Concern-All About Its Good Work for Atlanta.

Mr. Stewart F. Woodson was elected president of Atlanta Chamber of Commerce

The other officers for the ensuing term are R. D. Spalding, first vice president; E. P. Chamberlin second vice president and R. B. Bullock third vice president The directors for the new term are as follows: R. J. Lowry, J. G. Oglesby, H. G. Saunders, Aaron Haas, James W. English and George W. Sciple.

Such was the ticket that went through

yesterday with a rush at the polls. The election was a quiet one because of the fact that there was but one ticket in the field for the offices. This ticket was virtually agreed upon by the members of the Chamber of Commerce as soon as the names were nominated and posted for the consideration of the members.

The election yesterday, therefore, while a necessity was simply a matter of form. polls were kept open from 12 o'clock 'till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, according to the rule of the organization, and during that time the members of the Chamber of Com-



MR. STEWART WOODSON,
Who Was, On Yesterday, Elected President
of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

merce went to the office of the secretary and placed their ballots in the little tin box that Secretary H. G. Saunders kept on his desk with a little crack in it for the reception of the tickets.

It is a most desirable corps of officers that will now take charge of the Chamber of Commerce. All of them are leading busi-ness men of the city and are prominent in all the work that is undertaken for the good of the town. That they will carry the organization on in its commendable pur-

pose successfully goes without saying.

President Rufus B. Bullock, who retires from the office with the change, has made a very excellent presiding officer. Under his splendid guidance the Chamber of Commerce has moved along very successfully and has accomplished much looking to the development and growth of the city. There was never a convention of impor-

There was never a convention of importance held in the country where the Chamber of Commerce of Atlanta ought to have been represented that President Bullock did not go, laying all private business aside. He was always ready and willing to advance the claims of the organization and work for its success. All of the members compliment him for the good work he rendered in the interest of the organization. in the interest of the organization.

President Woodson Talks.

President Woodson Talks.

When president Woodson, the newly elected, was seen yesterday and asked about the future plans of the organization, he had this to say:

"We intend to go on with the work that the Chamber of Commerce has always done for Atlanta. We have not as yet made any special plan for the government of the organization and will operate it in the same fashion that it has been run in the past.

"The real purpose of the Chamber of "The real purpose of the Chamber of ommerce, after all, is to do something for Commerce, after all, is to do something for the city. It is the object of the association to help the city out in any scheme looking to internal development. Whenever a scheme is started and help is needed the Chamber of Commerce is ready to render such help as may be necessary. It is in fine, the organized trade and business of the city. It has done much good for the city city. It has done much good for the city in the past and will continue to do so in the

in the past and will continue to do so in the future."

President Woodson is one of the leading wholesale merchants of Atlanta. He is a member of one of the livest firms in the city. He is a young man of energy and ability and is recognized as a leading spirit among the young men who have helped build up Atlanta. He has never swerved in his work for the good of the Chamber of Commerce since he became a member and has been instrumental in helping out many a scheme that was undertaken by the business men of the city looking to the development of Atlanta's business and industrial interests.

Having all of the vigor of young manhood linked with ability and business tact and skill, it goes without saying that his election to the presidency of the Chamber of Commerce means much for the building up of the organization.

or Commerce means much for the building up of the organization.

He has not yet named his committees, but will do so in the near future and when this is done the work of furthering the usefulness of this organization in Atlanta will be commenced with newness of life and a heartier zest.

History of the Organization.

The first board of trade in Atlanta was organized in 1866. The exact date has never been known in recent years.

The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce was organized in 1873. This ran along doing great good until 1883, when it was decided that the basis of organization was not sufficient to the sufficient cient to do all the good if might do for the city of Atlanta. Then it was that the mem-bers put their heads together and decided

to change and enlarge the constitution of the Chamber of Commerce. From that date the present Chamber of Commerce dates its birth. It was decided to have a new building and the following

to have a new building and the following committee was appointed to secure a lot upon which to build: Messrs. E. P. Chamberlin, G. T. Dodd, J. G. Oglesby, D. M. Bain and J. W. English.

Major Benjamin E. Crane was president at the time and the movement was pushed through under his management, the present building being erected.

The Chamber of Commmerce had always been a great power in the development of Atlanta. In late years Mr. W. G. Saunders, the present secretary, has been kept husy from season to season issuing literature calculated to advertise the city throughout the country most advantageously. He ture calculated to advertise the city throughout the country most advantageously. He is now at work on the same good line and, while the work of the Chamber of Commerce is quiet and continuous, it is being felt in many ways throughout the city's arteries of trade and commerce.

Mr. Saunders is one of the best business managers to be found in the city of Atlanta and under his direction and control the Chamber of Commerce has continued to thrive and presser ever since he came

the Chamber of Commerce has continued to their and prosner ever since he came to take charge of it.

When the directors of the organization hold their regular annual session in the near future a very satisfactory report will be made to them by the retiring officers. The members of the Chamber of Commerce own the salendid building they have built and the organization is in excellent financial condition.

THE NEW MARSHAL.

ing His Office.

HE SHOWS HIMSELF TO BE APT.

And Readily Sees What Is the Proper Thing to Do-A Consultation with the Departing Chief.

United States Marshal Dunlap had hardly seen himself well started towards picking up the routine of his office work when the glorious, patriotic 4th of July intervened

and gave him a holiday.

The new marshal is in the harness and is pulling with a will to get everything straightened out as soon as possible, and in just as orderly a manner as it can be done. Already he is familiar with some of the office work that any one but himself would re-

quire months to learn it in. United States Marshal Dunlap's aptness is to be wondered at until it is taken into consideration that he is not entirely unfamiliar with the duties surrounding his office. For several years he was at Gaines ville as United States commissioner, and while serving in that capacity was thrown in touch with the United States marshal and naturally picked up a great many points that, put all together, made him the very man for the place.

And this peculiar fitness is one to which may be attributed his appointment.

For an hour or more yesterday Marshal Dunlap was in consultation with Colonal Buck and Colonel Chapman, of the internal revenue department. Colonel Chapman and Marshal Dunlap will necessarily be thrown together upon many occasions in matters of business and duty, and both gentlemen were exceedingly anxious to become well acquainted with one another. two departments act as auxiliaries where the occasion demands, and one could hardly

exist without the other.

The United States marshal made no appointments yesterday, and today will not worry himself with the details of the situation in his office as it has developed since he took charge.

The reappointment of Mr. O. E. Mitch-ell was one of the best things that the new marshal could have done for himself and the office, for in the matter of dealing with the ins and outs of the marshal's fees the chief deputy is at the top of the ladder. Mr. Wellborn Colquitt Moved.

Special Revenue Agent Colquitt will have charge of a new territory after today. He has been ordered to take charge of the d:vision in South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, with headquarters at Greens

A telegram to the above effect was received yesterday by Colonel Campinat.

Holiday Today. Today is the 4th of July, and for the first time in ten years the office of the clerk of United States court will be closed, The deputy clerks have taken advantage of the absence of Clerk O. C. Fuiler, who is now in Chicago, and will take a vacation. Mr. Barnard will spend the day at In-dian Springs and Deputy Clerk Steward

will go to Macon to attend to some in or-

tant business matters. In the postoffice there will be a ho'iday, and the carriers will make but one der very

The other offices will close also and news will be dull at the custom house for the first time in many days.

"I'm so nervous"—before taking Hood's Sar-sarsaparilla. "I'm so well"—after taking Hood's. Moral—"Be sure to get Hood's."

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR. Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48
Wall Street.

By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5,24 on your ticket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Agent E. T., V. and G. R'y. june 23—1m.

The Only Optical Firm in the South Doing Business 22 Years.

The only firm who have 3,000 merchants handling their goods. The only firm doing business in California, Washington territory and New Mexico. The only firm who have testimonials of all the governors of the southern states recommending the Hawkes famous glasses. Headquarters for the United States, 12 Whitehall street.

The Great Chautauqua

Visitors to the city who require spectacles will find it to their interest to call at 12 Whitehall street and have their eyes fitted to a pair of Hawkes' famous glasses. Only the genuine are sold there.

LADIES shildren who want build-Needing a tonic, or children who want build-ing up, should take

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indi-gestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48 Wall Street. By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5.24 on your ticket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about notel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Agent E. T., V. and G. Ry.

june 23-1m.

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48
Wall Street. Wall Street.

By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5.24 on your teket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Agent E. T., V. and G. R'y. june 23-1m.

Berlitz School of Languages, 17 East Cain

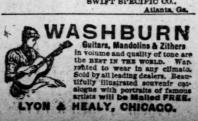
Special classes will be formed for students desiring to study French, German or Spanish. For particulars or information call on or address Professor Edward Wellhoff, Director.

MATARRH IN CHILDREN.

For over two years my little girl's life was made miserable by a case of Catarrh. The discharge from the nose was large, constant and very offensive. Her eyes became inflamed, the lids swollen and very painful. After trying various remedies, I gave her The first bottle seemed to aggravate the disease, but the symptoms soon abated, and in a short time she was cured. DR L. B. RITCHET.

Mackey, Ind.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO



RECEIVERSHIP FEES

The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce How He als Reorganizing and Arrang- Surprise the Grand Jury by Their Apparent Enormity.

THE JURY SYSTEM IS DISCUSSED.

Only Ministers of the Gospel, Lawyers and Physicians in Actual Practice Would be Exempt.

The semi-annual presentments of the Fulton county grand jury were made to Judge Marshall J. Clarke yesterday morning, and the grand jury then adjourned

The most sensational feature in the entire thirteen pages of type-written copy was the last paragraph in the special recommendations-it was virtually an attack upon the lare fees demanded and received by receivers.

The allusion to the receivership was, in

fact, in the nature of a recommendation to the representatives of Fulton county in the legislature to look into the law governing them—the receiverships—and have the necessary amendments made so that only the proper fees shoud be allowed receivers and attorneys.

Judge Marshall Clarke, in thanking the grand jurors, took occasion to remark upon

this feature of the presentments:
"I know," said Judge Clarke, "that you have particular reference to the amount allowed Mr. H. C. Peeples in the Ryan case, and I wish to say in regard to this that I allowed less than one-half of the sum recommended by some of the very best lawyers in the city."

The judge also touched on the grand jury's reference to the jury system, and stated that he endorsed all that had been said and recommended upon this line.

"We recommend," read the report, "and request that our representatives in the legislature shall look carefully into the law governing receiverships, and have necessary amendments passed in order that only proper fees shall be allowed to receivers and attorneys. As from our information we believe much larger fees are generally allowed in such cases than for same labor and ability in other litigation. We can cite a case in point where a special master received for a few weeks work as much compensation as our judiciary for three compensation as our judiciary for three years of continuous and laborious work.

"It must be borne in mind that the special master is the creature of the judge to whom he owes his appointment, yet the creature for a few weeks' work receives as much compensation as the creator receives for three years of close attention to duty. In the prajority of cases the certain duty. In the majority of cases the estate is so absorbed by expenses that creditors fail to realize proper benefits. The credit-ors being powerless, the law should cale-

fully protect their interests. The Public Buildings.

The Public Buildings.

The courthouse and jail were inspected several times by the grand jury, and the reports made upon these two buildings are anything but favorable.

No blame is put upon the custodians of these buildings, but it is boldly asserted that the jail is inadequate to the demands of Fulton county's population, and that the courthouse is in a bad condition. Attention is called to the fact that a reformatory is badly needed.

The remarks by the grand jury on these scores are worth the reading, and are as follows: scores are worth the reading, and are as follows:

The jail, however, is a building probably fairly suited to the demands of a country tewn, where there may at times be fifteen or twenty prisoners, but totally landequate to cur demands, being crowded and overful all the while, with bad ventiliation and insecure walls. It is inhumane to confine the prisoners there, and there is much danger of escapes, and we recommend that a new jail be built as early as practicable, as it seems out of the question to improve the present one so as to be at all suited to the demands of the present, to say nothing of the future.

of the present, to say mounts ture.

The courthouse is in bad condition, the roof leaks, the plumbing is bad, the officers are cramped for room, the courts are not able to get along without rented quarters, and many improvements are needed, and we recommend that the county commissioners make the necessary improvements to the present buildings at once. We especially call attention to the need of a reformatory prison for the care of juvenile offenders. The demand for this is urgent from the different standpoints of finan-

juvenile offenders. The demand for this is urgent from the different standpoints of financial economy and humanity. The success of reform schools and prisons in other states having shown them to be practical, and the results in saving the erring youth from a life of crime, are very marked. We earnestly recommend that our county commissioners establish such an institution on the same land used or the alms house at once.

Under the head of special recommendations jury duties were elaborated upon, and it was recommended that the members of the general assembly of Georgia from this county should have passed a bill amending the jury laws so that none shall be exempt from jury duties, except the persons named below.

An investigation of the present laws upon the crime of arson by the proper authori-

sons named below.

An investigation of the present laws upon the crime of arson by the proper authorities, as it is difficult to convict a person under the present extreme penalty, which makes arson a capital offense.

It is also recommended that steps be taken to extend the line of sewers, many of which are now emptied at the corporate line, and in most instances into thickly populated localities.

The jury duties are set forth as follows:

We would recommend that the members of the general assembly of Georgia from Fulton county prepare and have passed at the summer session of that body a bill amending the jury laws of this state so that none shall be exempt rom jury duty but ministers of the gospel, lawyers and physicians in actual practice, and men who are actually employed and paid by the public, and whose duties are such that the public interest will suffer by the serving upon juries, and active members only of military companies.

Under the present law a large number of our best citizens are exempt from jury duty by reason of their paying a stated sum for the privilege of being honorary members of military companies. This state of affairs works a hardship upon a large part of our citizenship who do not shirk the responsibility of a public duty. Such a law would largely increase the number of names in the jury box, and make the service less frequent and advance the interest of public justice.

Convict System.

Convict System. We recommend the next general assembly to pass such laws as will change the present convict lease system so as to put them on the roads and highways of the state under such system as they in their wisdom may find best

best. The grand jury acted on 152 bills of in-dictments, and found the following true bills: bills:
Larceny after trust.....
Larceny from person....
Larceny from house.....

Simple larceny
Larceny 1
Assault to murder 25
Murder 5
Misdemeanor 10
Seduction 2
Felony
Accoult to rone 3
Assault to rape
Discourt with intent to rape
Bigamy 2 Incestous fornication 1
THECEROUS TOTALCACTOR
Robbery 2
Forgery 14
Cheating and swindling 1
Carrying concealed weapons 1
False swearing 1
Perjury 2
Arson 3
Total 141
No bills 11
Total 152
Reports Boiled Down.
The dockets of the justices of the peace
were examined by the grand jurors, and
were found to be in good condition and
neatly kept.
A number of bridges are recommended
The first of the property of the second that the contract of



St. Louis, New York, Philadelphia, Bo

"It's indigestion that drives out the sunshine and destroys the flower of life."

I do not claim that Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy will cure every thing, but that it will cure DYSPEPSIA and counteract every influence it wields. Without intruding upon your notice a patent nostrum, I am pleased to call your attention to this remedy, carrying the usual advantage of having the PUREST DRUGS in its manufacture. I also claim for it SPECIAL REMEDY. MERIT in the fact that the balance of each ingredient is as exact in proportion as science

can make it. One dose of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy will correct indigestion in FIVE MINUTES AFTER HEARTY MEALS. People may gratify any TYNER5 demand their insatiable appetites may make Corrects indigestion in 5 minutes fact after heart dose proves its reflicacy. and know absolutly that one dose of Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy will prevent indigestion. It assists the gastric juice in its work. No way injurious from the fact of its being entirely free from all poisonous drugs. It is for sale by all druggists.

efficacy.

MANUFACTURING CHEMIST, Cor. Marietta and Broad Sts., Atlanta, Ga.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath

SANITARY PLUMBERS.

Steam, Hot Water and Gas Fitters,

Galvanized Iron Cornice Work a Specialty.

Atlanta, Georgia

The Dangler Gas Stoves are the best for Boiling. Roasting and Baking. The only Gas Stove that we guarantee to have plenty of Hot Water for the bath with no extra expense.

Gas and Electric Fixtures, Hardwood Mantels. Tiles and Grates at prices below any competition, We will not be undersold. Get our prices. They will prove that we mean what we say.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH COMPANY



of the last grand jury are renewed in regard to the bad condition of the Mason and Turner's ferry road, and a recommendation to extend the macadam to the six-mile post is added. The new Roswell bridge is also in a bad condition. Greensferry avenue from the city limits should be rocked. The pension list of this county was carefully examined, and, after a diligent investigation, they failed to find a name on the list which was considered unworthy. The farm used by the city as a "dumping ground" for garbage was found in good condition, and as free from offensive odors as it is possible to be.

They visited the camp of Lowe, English & Parrott, lessees on the Chattahoocher Iver, and gave it a careful examination. The superintendent reported 227 convicts at this camp, all males, engaged in making brick and farming.

A visit was made to the county convict camp, on Beliwood avenue, and everything was found in first-class condition.

Death of Captain Alle Death of Captain Allen.

Zebulon, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—Captain A.

8. Allen, and aged and highly respected citizen of Pike county, died rather suddenly at his home, three miles from here, this morning, complaining only an hour or two before his death of a pain in his chest.

"Uncle Abe," as he was familiarly known, died, as he had lived, an honest, upright Christian gentleman, and he will be laid to rest tomorrow morning by the Montgomery Lodge of Free Masons, of which order he had been almost a life-long member. He was about eighty years old.

ROOMS.

WORLD'S FAIR—Will rent one, two or three rooms in my house; in best resident locality and within five minutes walk of the exposition. Frank B. Stone, 5627 Monroe avenue, Chicago. june 29—7t FOR RENT-Several alce rooms on second floor of Constitution building; can be made into a suite of offices or changed to suit desir-able tenant. Apply at Constitution business

FOR SALE-Real Estate.

DELIGHTFUL suburban residence on Ponce de Leon avenue for sale cheap or for rent to desirable tenant. Partly furnished if pre-ferred. Joseph S. Cook, telephone 1406. june 30—1m fri sun tues THE OLD BOOK STORE.

Fireworks, Firecrackers, Torpedoes, Flags, Lanterns, etc., very cheap today. Burke's Old Book Store, 38 Marietta street, oppo-site opera house. NOTICE.

The firm of Ketchem & Reeves, 140 Decateur street, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business hereafter will be conducted by J. M. Reeves, who assumes all responsibilities and to whom all bills must be paid.

J. M. REEVES.

J. I. KETCHEM.

Atlanta, Ga., June 26, 1888.

june 27-31 tues,

HELP WANTED-Male

WANTED RIGHT AWAY—Reliable men at home or to travel to keep our show cards tacked up in towns, on trees and fences along public roads. Steady work in your own county. \$75 a month and \$3 a day expenses deposited in your bank when started. J. H. Schaaf & Co., 364 Walnut street, Cincinnati, July 2—2w. eod.

SALARY or commission to agents to handle the patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works liks magic. 200 to 560 per cent profit. Agents making \$50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and specimen of erasing. Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Co. X. 302. La Crosse. Wis. feb 19-1y

HELP WANTED-Female.

WANTED-Experienced lady teacher; salpry \$40 to \$50; scholastic year 10 months. None but first-class need apply. Wish personal interriew; Wednesday preferred; since where in city you can be seen. Address Principal, care Constitution.

Principal, care Constitution.

WANTED—An experienced cook with best recommendations. G. B. Adair, 23.1-2 W. Alabama st. july4 3t. WANTED—Ladies to write at home. Enclose stamped envelope. Bertha Benz, secretary, South Bend, Ind. may 7–180t

SITUATIONS WANTED-Female.

A TEACHER of Elocution and Physical Culture desires a position in a college or school. Can assist in literary department and teach penmanship; best references given; en-gagements made for parlor or church recitals. Address M. E., Macon, Ga., care Carrier No. july4 tues thur sun

LOST.

STRAYED OR STOLEN-Two goats, one white with brass tips on horns; the other cream-colored; finder will return to W. F. Prioleau, 61 Merritts avenue.

NOTICE—Strayed or stolen from my lot tast Thursday night, June 29, 1893, one red horse mule, medium size, four years old, with shoes on front feet. A reward of \$25 for his delivery or whereabouts. G. P. Combs, Locust Grove, Ga.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

WE HAVE big stocks of lumber, bone dry, dressed flooring and ceiling, \$5.50 per thousand; doors \$1.15 each; mantels \$1.50; oak glass top mantels \$15. The best of every kind of building material and low prices for cash. Atlanta Lumber Company, Humphries and Glenn streets, Telephone 897. Take Whitehall and Smith street cars or McTherson cars.

WANTED-Agents.

WANTED—Good special and local agents to represent ordinary life department Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, Liberal commissions allowed. Strong old line company, Attractive plans. Frank M. Oliver & Co., General agents, Macon, Ga. june 29—10t thur sat tues WANTED-Boarders.

BOARDING—One of the most delightfully furnished front rooms in the city; also single rooms, with or without board; every convenience; central location. 103 S. Pryor. A FEW first-class boarders wanted at the Quattlebaum house, Gainesville, Ga. E. C. Chastain, prop. july4 2t

AUCTION SALES. ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE of the Gammage property at the courthouse this morning at 11 o'clock, consisting of 10 acres of beautiful wooded land just south of West End and Anthony Murphy's. Terms of sale will be 1-3 cash and the balance in six and twelve months, 8 per cent interest on deferred payments. T. C. Mayson, Auctioneer. A. M. Gammage, Administrator.

ROOMS AND BOARD-NEW YORK.

NEW YORK summer board; comfortable rooms; central location, near elevated and all street cars; excellent table; prices moderate; southern family. Mrs. W., 123 East Fifty-seventh street.

June 25, 28, July 2, 4. SUMMER RESORTS.

BRUNSWICK HOTEL, at Norcoss, Ga., is now ready for summer guests; table first-class; special rates for families. For terms, etc., apply to J. M. Holbrook, proprietor, Norcoss, Ga.

NO BETTER or more home-like place can be found to spend the summer than the Josey house, Decatur, Ga., six miles from Atlanta. Electric car every twenty minutes, fare 5 cents, Tables furnished with the best. Large shady lawn. Splendid water. Terms reasonable. MISCELLANEOUS.

YOUNG MEN! young women! learn short-hand. Misses Glenn & Darling, 408 Equitable building. Day or night classes. Stenographic work also executed. june 1-d 1m BUSINESS CHANCES.

single or en suit, by day, week or month; all modern conveniences. 70 Cone.

MONEY TO LOAN. WE ARE PREPARED To negotiate loans on choice residence and central business property in amounts from \$3,000 to \$100,000 without delay, at very low rates. Riley-Grant Company No. 28 S. Broad street.

july 1-ly. MONEY to any amount can always be borrowed on real estate in or near Atlanta, by applying to S. Barnett, 537 Equitable building.

MONEY to any amount can always be borrowed on real estate in or near Atlanta, by amount in the control of the contro

MONEY TO LOAN—Loans from \$2,000 to \$50,000, five years time on improved Atlants real estate can be secured without delay from Rambo & Jones, 613 Equitable building, june 25-1m. MONEX TO LEND on central business and improved residence property at 6 and 7 per cent. Apply at once to Weyman & Connors, 511 Equitable building. may11-1y

7 PER CENT-Money to lend on improved Atlants property. No delay. Rosser & Carter, over Merchants' bank.

1 feb 7-6m

MONEY HERE—\$1,500 at 7 per cent on improved city property. Also \$1,000. Apply to John Y. Dixon, 411 Equitable building. \$2,500 TO LOAN at once on Atlanta property. William C. Hale, 21 North Pryor, corner Decatur street.

FOR RENT-Cottages, Houses, Etc. FOR RENT-\$27.50 per month, new, six-room house, near in and good neighborhood; all modern conveniences. Apply to J. O. Wynn, 116 1-2 Peachtree st. july4 tues thur sun

WILL RENT to a small family dwelling 217 Jackson, 8 rooms, modern, new, beautifully shaded lot. Rent \$50. Owner. june 30—7t

FOR RENT—A four-room house on Walnut
street, corner of Magnolia. Good water.

Price \$8. Apply to the owner at 54 Walton
street.

June 29—1w FOR RENT-Elegant seven-room house, 150 Crumley street, papered, waterworks, gas, bathroom. Call at adjoining store 148 Crumley street. june23-tf FOR RENT North side; delightful new eight-room house, with all modern corveniences. Address Box 346, postoffice, city.

FOR SALE-Miscellaneous.

\$50 CASH and \$35 per month!—Will buy the neatest little home in Edgewood. Price only \$2,500, right at electric line, near the costly homes of Chas. Smith and J. G. Thrower; fruit trees, shade trees, hard oil interior finish, antique oak mantels, with French plate glass mirrors; must be sold! W. J. Willingham, Jr., Hillyer building. july4 in FOR SALE—\$7.500. New 8-room residence
217 Jackson; modern, strictly first-class; beautiful shaded lot. Might accept as part pay
desirable improved or vacant property. If
not sold before July 1st will lease. Owner,
june 22-1 mo, thur, sat, tues.

FOR SALE CHEAP Canada.

june 22—1 mo, thur. sat. tues.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Ten-acre fruit farm, 1,000 peach and apple and 2,500 grapes in bearing; well located. Address R. Smith, Gainesville, Ga.

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES New and second hand. Safes moved and repaired; call on, or address. Atlanta Safe Company, 35 North Broad street, Southern Agents Moster Safe Company.

FOR SALE—A full fine of Herring-Hall-Maryin Company sire and burglar-proof safes, vault doors, depository boxes; also some second-hand safes taken in exchange. Phone 724. Call or address B. F. Smith 34 West Alsbams street, Atlanta Ga. apri 1—6m

PERSONAL

CASH paid for old gold. Julius B. Watts & Co., 57 Whitehall street.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered Monday, July 3, 1893.

REPORTED FOR THE CONSTITUTION

By Peeples and Stevens, Reporters for the Supreme Court of Georgia.

Gentry v. State. Criminal law. Prac

Gentry v. State. Criminal law. Practice in supreme court.

When a criminal case involving a felony has been brought to this court, and the accused escapes from jail and becomes a fugitive from justice, and this court is informed of these facts by affidavits from the proper officers, the writ of error, although the case has been argued, if not decided, before the escape takes place, will be dismissed, after giving the accused a reasonable time to surrender himself to the proper custody so as to insure submission to the judgment of this court when rendered.

court when rendered.

Writ of error dismissed.

J. M. McBride, J. A. Blance, R. F.
Goodrum, J. S. Edwards, Holderness &
Watkins and Adamson & Jackson, for plaintiff in error. tiff in error.

W. A. Little, attorney general, and A. Richardson, solicitor general, contra.

Fort v. The State: Criminal law. Insurance business without license. Before Judge Westmoreland. Criminal court Judge West of Atlanta.

Judge Westmoreland. Criminal court of Atlanta.

By the act of October 24, 1887, to regulate the business of insurance, no unincerporated company is required to obtain, or can obtain, from the insurance commissioner, a license to transact the business of insurance in this state. And the penalty prescribed in the 9th section of the act for doing or performing any of the acts or things mentioned therein for any insurance company, is not applicable unless the company is one incorporated by the laws of this state, or some other state, or of a foreign government. According to the facts appearing in the record, the "Gurantee and Accident Lloyds" is a voluntary association, unincorporated, consisting of one hundred natural persons. This being so, that company cannot be licensed to transact the business of insurance in this state; and, although there is no statutory authority for it tetransact. though there is no statutory authority for it to transact business without a license, a person who, as its agent, assists it in doing so, is not guilty of any offense.

Judgment reversed.

Hall & Hammond, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Terrell, attorney general. Lewis

W. Thomas, solicitor, and Hillyer & Lee,

Burnett v. The State. Criminal law. Liquor. Minor. Evidence. Before Judge Richard H. Clark. Rockdale su-

Judge Richard H. Clark. Rockdale superior court.

1. Section 4540 (a) of the code, which makes it penal to furnish intoxicating liquors to a minor is violated by a person who receives money from a minor with which to procure and pay for such liquor, and at the minor's request purchases and delivers it to him. The belief of such person that the minor was an adult will not protect him, unless this belief was honestly entertained after making proper and reasonable inquiry

unless this belief was honestly entertained after making proper and reasonable inquiry into the facts—such inquiry as would be reasonable at the time under all the circumstances of the transaction.

2. The mere denial by the accused in his statement, in speaking of the alleged minor, that he "did not know that he was not of age; did not know him long; thought that he was grown," would not of itself warrant the jury in finding non-age, there being no evidence on that subject, according to the agreed brief of evidence. For this reason the court erred in not granting a new trial. Judgement reversed.

Judgement reversed.
A. C. Perry and J. R. Irwin, for plaintiff in error.
John S. Candler, solicitor general, contra.

Heard v. The State. Criminal law. Sunday freight train. Before Judge Milner. Whitfield superior court.

1. Under the code, section 4578, it is no justification for the running of a freight train on Sunday that the company has issued general rules and orders to its employes not to do so without also showing. sued general rules and orders to its employes not to do so, without also showing either directly or by circumstances, such as calling upon employes to account for their misconduct, that in the particular instance the rules or orders were violated without the sanction or connivance of the officer indicated with the direct between the sanction of consistence of the officer indicated without directly between the sanction of the officer indicated without directly and the order of the officer indicated without directly and the order of the officer indicated without directly and the order of the officer indicated without directly and the order of the officer indicated without directly and the order of the officer indicated without also showing either directly or by circumstances, such as calling upon employes to account for their misconduct, that in the particular instances is a such as a dicted, that officer being one of those whose duty it was to control the running of the train in question.

rain in question.

2. The evidence warranted the verdict.

Judgment affirmed.

R. J. & J. McCamy, by brief, for plain-A. W. Fite, solicitor general, contra.

A. W. Fite, solicitor general, contra.

Cochran v. The State. Criminal law. Kidnapping. Marriage. Before Judge Jenkins. Putnam superior court.

A female at fourteen years of age being by law as competent to contract marriage as one of eighteen years or upwards, and the validity of her marriage not depending in any degree upon the consent of her parents or guardians, it is not kidnapping, under section 4368 of the code, for a man not himself under any disability, to lead, take or carry her away from her parents, against their will and without their consent, for the bona fide purpose of marrying her, which marriage is actually consummared, the girl herself freely consenting and no force or fraud being used by the man either against her or her parents.

Judgment reversed.

H. A. Jenkins and S. T. Wingfield, by brief, for plaintiff in error.

H. G. Lewis, solicitor general, by Hines, Shubrick & Felder, and J. S. Turner, contra.

Thomason v. The State. Criminal law. Keeping open tippling house on Sunday. Before Judge Richard H., Clark. Rock

Before Judge Richard H. Clark. Rock-dale superior court.

A person who, in a small building situated within the curtilage of his dwelling, keeps and disposes of domestic wine of his own manifacture, selling the same in most instances by the quart, but in some instances by the drink or in quantities less than a quart, and in these instances allowing persons to tipple and consume their purchases on the premises, is the keeper of a tippling house within the meaning of section 4535 of the code; and by keeping the same open on the Sabbath day the offense punishable under that section is committed. The evidence warranted the verdict, and there was no error in denying a new trial.

no error in denying a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

George W. Gleaton, for plaintiff in error.

John S. Candler, solicitor general, contra.

George W. Gleaton, for plaintiff in error. John S. Candler, solicitor general, contra.

Pittman v. The State. Criminal law.

Evidence. Threats. Former testimony of absent witness. Before Judge Bartlett. Randolph superior court.

1. Uncommunicated threats by the deceased to kill the person who afterwards on the same day killed him in a rencounter in which the former made the first violent demonstration, by raising a stick in position to strike, are admissible in evidence on the trial of the latter. May v. The State, October term, 1892.

2. The better opinion seems to be that though the death of a witness who has testified at the commitment trial will render what he then testified admissible in evidence in behalf of the state on the final trial of the accused for the same offense, yet the removal of the witness from the state and consequent inability to procure his attendance, the accused doing nothing to prevent his attendance, will not, the witness being still alive, render such testimony admissible. The code, section 3782, which is general in its provisions, should be construed, touching criminal cases, in conformity with the principle or distinction just indicated, since doing so will harmonize it with both the letter and spirit of the constitutional provision that the accused shall be confronted with the witnessess against him. Hall v. The State, 6 Baxt. (Tenn.) 522: The People v. Newman, 5 Hill, 295; Brogy v. The Commonwealth, 10 Gratt. 722; Collins v. Commonwealth, 12 Bush, 271: Owens v. The State, 63 Miss, 450: Bergen v. The People, 17 111, 426; United States v. Angell, 11 Fed. Rep. 34; Whar-

ton's Cr. Ev. Section 229; 3 Rice on Ev

J. M. Griggs, solicitor general, by brief,

Cohen v. the state Criminal law. Con-duct of trial. Evidence. Before Judge Richard H. Clark. Rockdale superior

court.

1. It is not cause for a new trial that the court required counsel for the accused to complete his argument during the time usually taken for the dinner recess, the whole argument being made at the proper stage of the trial.

2. The evidence warranted the verdict, 2. The evidence warranted and there was no error in refusing a new

Judgment affirmed.
G. W. Gleaton and J. R. Irwin, for plaintiff in error.

J. M. Terrell, attorney general, and J.
S. Candler, solicitor general, contra.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

March Term, 1893 - Proceedings of the Court

March Term, 1893-Proceedings of the Court Yesterday.

After delivery of the decisions elsewhere published, arguments were heard in the following cases:
Crawford v. The State, and Jones v. The State, from Dougherty. Jesse W. Walters, by Harrison & Peeples, for plaintiff in error. W. N. Spence, solicitor general, contra.
Wilkerson v. The State, from Floyd. Reece & Denny and Joel Branham, for plaintiff in error. W. J. Nunnally, solicitor general, and J. W. Harris, Jr., contra.
Stocks v. The State, from Fulton. Arnold & Arnold and Glenn & Slaton, for plaintiff in error. C. D. Hill, solicitor general, and W. C. Glenn, contra.

A LETTER FROM MR. BRYAN.

He Writes Most Interestingly to Mr. Austin About the Gold Stampede.

The other day Mr. James W. Austin, president of the Young Men's Democratic League of this city, received a letter from the eloquent congressman from Nebraska, Hon. W. J. Bryan, asking for the quotation from Grady inscribed on the Grady statue in this city. He said he wanted to use in a speech he was to make at Salem,

Ill., on the 4th ol July.

Mr. Austin sent the quotation and yesterday received a most interesting letter from the leading orator and statesman of from the leading orator and statesman of the west in which he has many things to say about the situation of the monetary system of this country at present since the slumps in silver and the stampede for a gold basis began.

Mr. Bryan still seems to feel a deep in-terest in Atlanta and his letter will be read with great interest by all the many friends, he made while a visitor in the city a few weeks ago.

with great interest by all the many friends, he made while a visitor in the city a few weeks ago.

Here is the letter in full.

Salem. Ill., July 1, 1803.—Mr. J. W. Austin. Atlanta, Ga.: My Dear Mr. Austin. Your favor at hand enclosing the quotation from Mr. Grady. I am very much obliged to you. Have committed it to memory and will use it in my speech, as it expresses my sentiments more elegantly than I can express them myself. I will send you several copies of my tariff speech as soon as I reach home.

The crisis has come in our monetary affairs, and I urge you leaders of southern thought not to be stampeded to a gold basis. I think the battle word should be "both metals or neither." A single gold standard universally adopted means an appreciating dollar, debts growing heavier, more tenants and less landlords, and final bankruptcy.

Let the Sherman bill be repealed without substituting something in its place, and silver will fall still more and it will be wellnigh impossibe to restore bimetallism without a financial revolution. This is a great time to bring out real leaders and I urge you to take your stand on the side of the masses. Study the question, and if they have any public meetings attend them and point out the danzgers. Ask them where silver will go to when the Sherman law is repealed, unconditionally if it falls 20 cents per onnee because of India's action? If it was hard to restore bimetallism with silver at \$4 cents per ounce, and still harder with silver at \$2 cents per ounce, how easy will it be when silver falls to 40 cents per ounce? Our increased population needs about \$50,000,000 of additional money annually. Where will it come from with silver abandoned?

Nearly half of the gold is found with silver. If silver mining stops the output of gold will not equal the amount consumed in the arts. Where will the world get its money? The next step would be to withdraw the silver dollar because it would be worth only 30 cents. Remember Ben Hill's words. "Who saves his country, saves himself and all thi

It is easy to see that Mr. Bryan is going to rise high in the fight when congress meets next month.

IT TAKES MONEY. YES. Interesting Interview With Dr. J. D. Turner

About Charity Work. "It takes money to supply the wants of the poor. Some people may think that the poor can get along without money, but I have found out by my connection with the Atlanta Charitable Association that mone is decidedly necessary in looking after the wants of the needy as well as the needs of

the wanters. This is the good humored way in which Dr. J. D. Turner spoke yesterday afternoon while a Constitution reporter rested upon a perforated chair and took notes.

"You are not short on funds are you, dector?"

"You mean the Atlanta Charitable As

"You mean the Atlanta Charitable As-

"You mean the Atlanta Charitable Association, do you not?"
"Certainly."
"The association is not in an insolvent condition by any means, but we don't know just when a run is going to be made on it and, like all solid institutions, we have to prepare for it."
"How have the members stood up to the association?"
"Mighty well. The association was organized the first of the year without a dollar whatever and today it has met every demand made on it; has relieved every case of distress or destitution in the en-

case of distress or destitution in the en-tire city and is going on in this good work successfully. The members came forward and paid their dues and we have been enand paid their dues and we have been enabled to conduct the association very satisfoctorily. According to the by-laws adopted by the association the dues of the members were made payable semi-annually in advance. Quite a number, however, came forward and paid their dues in full for the year, while the bulk of the members paid only what the by-laws required—\$3.

"The other half of these dues for the remainder of the year are navable now. Year.

"The other half of these dues for the remainder of the year are payable now. You may say to the people that in order to carry out the work for them that we have undertaken here I will esteem it a favor if they will simply mail me checks at the office of the association, 45 East Hunter, to cover the balance of their dues. All such checks mailed to me at that address will be promptly acknowledged and credit given. We have placed the association on such a basis that I know the people appreciate its benefits and I feel that all that is necessary is for me to call their attention to the fact that these payments are due and they will promptly respond."

"Harvest Excursion." The Texas and Pacific railway will sell round trip tickets to all points in Texas on August 2d and 3d at one fare for the round August 2d and 3d at one fare for the round trip, allowing stop overs west of the Mississippi river. Tickets good returning thirty days. This is the only line allowing their patrons the choice of three routes. If you wish to take advantage of these low rates write to John H. Word, T. P. A., 36 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.
july1—sat sun tues thur to aug 8

For a clear head and steady nerves Take Bromo-Seltzer-Trial bottle 10c REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48 Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48
Wall Street.

By organizing parties of ten you can save
\$5.24 on your ticket. Call at office and get
guide to the fair and information about
hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and
upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in
senger Agent E. T., V. and G. R'y.
advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Pasjune 23-1m.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel wall paper, window and furniture, 40 Marietta street 'Phot

VAPOR BATHS.

The Splendid System at Sweetwater Park Hotel

THE RELATION OF BATHS TO HEALTH

Vapor by Passing Over Coils of Hot Piping-A Great Luxury.

features far superior.

Northern tourists and health seekers coming here are surprised at the elegance and perfection of the system. This is a feature that is very much neglected by southern health resorts and occasions no little adverse criticism in the north, east and west where a leave contingent of invalidations. west, where a large contingent of invalids would otherwise gladly avail themselves of the healing properties of our mineral waters. In certain diseases the application of

In certain diseases the application of mineral baths is more effective than an internal use of the water and in all cases it is a most valuable and essential ally. The pores of the skin are so many sewers maintaining direct communication with glands that thread the entire anatomy. Nature intends, through these outlets, to throw off all offste and inpure accumulations genthre intends, through these outlets, to throw off all effete and impure accumulations gen-erated by the various functions of the body. Thus if the pores of the skin become stop-ped up a result follows similar to that which would ensue if the sewers of a large city were to become stopped up. The poisonous

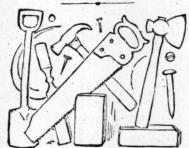
would ensue if the sewers of a large city were to become stopped up. The poisonous matter thus confined would taint the blood and sprout, the germs of disease in every portion of the body.

Therefore the "flushing" process in the case of the human anatomy is as essential as it is in a sanitary equipment of a city.

Through the medium of the hot mineral vapor baths at Sweetwater Park hotel, the pores are opened and the poisonous seconds. pores are opened and the poisonoue se-cretions in the glands are forced out, while at the same time the mineral properties of the water, consisting of 4 1-2 grains of lithia, 20 1-2 grains of bromine and other valuable minerals, are absorbed. This not only relieves the system of its impurities, but disinfects it, and establishes a healthy action of the glands. Then follows a mas-sage treatment which in a partial way atfords all the healthful exercise of the gymnasium. This is rounded off by a hot and cold shower and needle bath, which not only takes away the weakening effects of the vapor bath, but refreshes and ener-gizes the system. There is also in con-nection with the foregoing appointments, the famous electric massage system, containing all the latest appliances so valuable in the treatment of paralysis, rheumatism and nervous discusses. The bath department is in the western wing of the hotel, and is in the western wing of the hotel, and the ladies and gentlemen's departments are separate and distinct, affording absolute privacy and luxurious comfort. The bath department is under the personal supervision of the resident physician, Dr. W. A. Whitehead, whose success in the treatment of special diseases has made him an enviable reputation. He has invented several medical instruments, which if he were enviable reputation. He has invented several medical instruments, which if he were to allow to be patented, would make him famous throughout the country. But he is wedded to the ethics of his profession and believes the evolutionary products of a doctor's researches and gains should be bequeathed to the profession without reputation.

royalty.

It is gratifying to know that Atlanta is making large drafts on Bowden Lithia. Springs for her pure and health-giving water supply. The company, at 174 Peachtree street, which is delivering the water at 50 cents per case of six one-half cellen battles is doing a rousing business.



Hard-ware, and a good deal of it, comes to the clothes that are washed without Pearline. It's spelled differently, but it gets there just the same. With Pearline, the rub, rub, rub that makes all the hard wear and

the hard work is left out. Pearline washes without it. Practically, it washes without you, and without any of the troubles, drawbacks and losses that you want to avoid. But you can always depend upon three things that Pearline washes with. These are ease, safety and profit.

AGuaranteed Gure FOR THE

OPIUM HABIT.

We guarantee to cure the opium, morphine, laudanum and paregoric habits in fifteen days, or no pay for treatment, beard nor attention, no matter how long followed nor quantity taken, nor how many failures may have been made in efforts to effect a cure. Our treatment is harmless and leaves the patient with no need of opium in any form or any substitute, Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Drs. Nelms's Gy trantee Opium Cure Company, or Lock Box 3, Austell, Ga.

The Mineral Water Is Generated Into a

Lithia Springs, Ga., July 1.—Sweetwater Park hotel, which is a part of the Bowden Lithia Springs plant, has the most perfect bath system in the south. It is in every way equal to the famous hot baths of Hot Springs, Ark., and in some

gallon bottles, is doing a rousing business.

L. H. PATTILLO.



NECESSITY

WE MUST AND WILL Sell at Great Sacrifice.

Knows No Law.

SUIT

SALE!



Of All Styles and Quality.

Pocketbooks, Collar and Cuff Boxes, a full line of Toilet Cases and Tourist

Lieberman & Kaufmann

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY, 92-94 Whitehall St.

Edgewood Ave Theatre M'lle Nada Raynal
The Wonderful Electrical Dancer, and

MIKADO. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
Popular prices, 15c., 25c., 35c., 50c. No higher.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Atlanta National Bank

Atlanta, Ga., at close of Business June 30, 1893

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts \$1,109,052 73 United States bonds 100,000 00 City of Atlanta and State of 100,000 00 25,902 50 6,125 00 66,736 43 Total.. \$1,813,997 11 Total..\$1,813,997 11

I, Charles E. Currier, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

C. E. CURRIER, Cashier.

BEFORE TAKING STOCK

We are determined to reduce the quantity of goods in our different department

IF YOU WANT TO

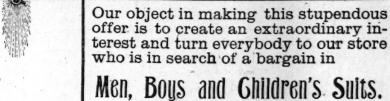
Now is the time to see and price before the goods are selected over We have quantities now,

BUT ALL WANT CHOICE

And the way to get it is to come early. The low prices extend through every department.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Furniture and Shoes. COME THIS WEEK.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO



Our incomparable goods and our princely styles are matters that excite MEN'S

our pride and the envy of retail dealers (we are manufacturers), while they give our customers unbounded satisfaction. An army of artists are constantly employed in manufacturing our unequaled stock of Custom Made Clothing. You will understand, this Great Reduction Sale does not include

EVERY SUIT IN OUR STORE,

as in our stock is to be found Suits ranging from \$18 to \$35. These, of course, cannot legitimately be sold at \$9.90—but our \$9.90 sale includes Suits ranging from \$12 to \$16.50.

\$2.90 WASH SUITS. Childs' Suits. CENTS yof goods sis noted of this season's offering qualthorough substand Kilt Suits, stylish and for seaside and country are unmatcher for sumfor sumformer largest line of these goods in the south.

STRAW HATS for boys. We astonished the trade in this line this season.

Our \$1.50 Hat for men is the same as of the r dealers are largest line of these goods in the south. The quality of goods in these Suits is noted for hard wearing qual-ities and thorough money value; stylish and neat fitting, and just the thing for sum-

15-17 WHITEHALL STREET. NO BRANCH HOUSE IN THIS CITY.

EISEMAN BROS

MEN'S

SALE!

Atlanta Trust and Banking Comp'y

RESOURCES. \$239,830,71 Overdrafts Secured and unsecured 1 559,40 Bonds, stocks and other securities 46,830,72 Furniture and Fixtures 7,833,84 Due from state banks and bankers 10 this state 26,665,29 Cash on hand Currency \$20,059,00 Gold 5,020,00 Silver 1,727,15 Checks on city banks 17,86,80 Coppers 53 43,993,48 Crirrent expenses 758,06	LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid up
Total\$376,584.00	Total\$376,564
Classification of notes and bills discounted— Other debts due to said bank: In suit \$4,802.53 In judgments 63.29 Notes not in suit 234,964.89	Good \$238,520 Doubtful 1,500
Total\$239,830,71	Total\$239,830,
State of Great Park	

State of Georgia, Fulton county: Before me came Joseph A. McCord, cashler of the Atlanta Trust and Banking company, who, be ing duly sworn, says the above statement is a true condition of said bank, as shown by the books of file in said bank, and he further swears that since last return, made to the state bank examiner of the condition of said bank, to the best of affant's knowledge and be lief, that the said bank, through its officers, have not violated or evaded any obligation im posed by law.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this, the 30th day of June, 1893,

N. STEPHENS, Notary Public, Fulton County, Ga.

STATEMENT OF THE

Of Atlanta, at close of business, June 30, 1893.

Loans and discounts \$1,026,191 41 Real estate 42,397 88 Furniture and fixtures 1,468 67 Bonds and stocks 62,170 25 Overdrafts 13,066 59 Due from banks and bankers \$59,408 27 Cash on hand 175,444 98 234,943 25	Capital stock. 350,000 Surplus fund. 70,000 Undivided profits, net. 47,237 Dividends, No. 10. 14,000 Bills payable. 150,000 Bills rediscounted. 65,141 Due banks and bank- ers. 573,302 97 Individual depositors 600,868 19—683,160
\$1,380,238 05	\$1,380,28
CLASSIFICATION OF NOTES AND BILLS SAID In suit	DISCOUNTED-OTHER DEBTS DUE TO BANK.

STATE OF GEORGIA, Fulton County-Before me came Joseph T. the Lowry Banking Company. of Atlanta, who being duly sworn says ment is a true condition of said bank as shown by the books of fille in the further swears that since last return made to the state bank examination of said bank, to the best of affiant's knowledge and belief, that through its officers, have not violated or evaded any obligation imposed through its officers, have not violated or evaded any obligation imposed.

ATLANTA ELEVATOR CO.,

Takes Noti

CONCERNING

She Take

The Rev. of the most state, seems involving him of Georgia's An ordinar yer would not troversy with of whom, na of public com of them are the arena to at the busine But Mrs.

versy with to do so aga has taken un and is consid

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Takes Notice of a Statement Made by Rev. Dr. Hawthorne.

CONCERNING CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

She Writes a Spirited Letter, in Which She Takes Up the Doctor's Declara-tion, and Handles It Strongly.

The Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, though one of the most eloquent pulpit orators in the state, seems to have a special faculty for involving himself in controversies with some of Georgia's most brilliant women.

An ordinary minister, or an ordinary law-yer would not mind a small thing like a controversy with an ordinary woman, but few of whom, naturally, are skilled in the art of public controversy. For this reason few of them are willing to risk themselves in the arena to do battle against a champion

But Mrs. Dr. Felton proved that there vas one woman in Georgia who had suffi-tient confidence in herself to give battle. The controversy between Mrs. Felton and Dr. Hawthorne is well remembered, and it wound up by the doctor's apologizing to the public for having gotten into a controversy with a w with a woman and promising never

omes another, and one not less brilhant than the doctor's former antagonist. This time it is Mrs. Livingston Mims, not uly one of the most charming women in leorgia, but one of the most cultivated—a woman who is a queen of conversation, and much at home in the use of her pen as she is when her charming presence makes her the central feature in a drawing room.

Mrs. Mims is a Christian Scientist. taken unusual interest in its teachings and is considered one of its most earnest devotees in Atlanta. The Christian Science ladies of Atlanta frequently meet at her home, and she is considered by all as

promient of the faith in the city In his anniversary sermon last Sunday at the First Baptist church Dr. Hawthorn in preaching on the permanence of Chris

at the First Baptist church Dr. Hawthorne, in preaching on the permanence of Christianity, paid his respects to Christian Science, which he evidently considers a religious fad of but short standing and with little ground to stand on. Of it he said:

There can never be a new religion, because there is no need of one. "Our gospel sweeps the horizon of time and eternity." All attempts at discovering a new gospel, or at improving the old one, are absurd. A Boston woman, of the "strong-minded persuasion," has projected a religion which she calls "Christian Science," but of all the travesties upon religion, science and common sense, it is the most rediculous. * * The same infinitely wise and benignant God has stored in the gospel of Christ all that man needs, or will ever need, for his spiritual life. Paul saw this when God inspired him to pronounce a curse upon the man who should ever preach any other gospel. The saints of the Boston Unitarian school have attempted to make a new gospel by denying the divinity of Christ and the inspiration of the scriptures, and accepting so much of the morality of the old gospel as does not conflict with an ethical code of their own creation. Mrs. Eddy rises up in that same city, so prollife of new religions, and offers a gospel which says that sin, and disease, and pain, and death, are not real, but imaginary. This latest of the new gospels is not apt to make much progress so long as the world can furnish three witnesses—a man with a conscience, a man with a conscience, a man with a conscience, a man with a conscience, and with a cothache, and a man in a coffin.

Mrs. Mims read the sermon in yesterday's Constitution, and she hastens to the defense of her faith in the following reply to Dr. Hawthorne:

Mrs. Mims's Card.

Editor Constitution: In his sermon yesterday. Dr. Hawthorne interrupted the limpld flow of his eloquence to say a few scornful words of Christian Science and its inspired words of Christian Science and its inspired founder-lamenting, at the same time, that, in spite of all this eloquence that for ten years he has freely poured forth to more people than any other man in the south-that those who hear are not "doers of the word, but hearers only." While we sympathize with this tender regret, and trust that, like St. Paul, he will sometimes "preach not with persuasive words of wisdom, but in demonstration and power," yet, we ask why this uncharitable fling at humble Christians, who are "doers of the word and not hearers only;" who are not claiming to teach a new truth, for Truth is God—the "same yesterday, today and forever." They do claim to declare who are not claiming to teach a new truth, for Truth is God—the "same yesterday, today and forever." They do claim to declare primal and eternal fact, one infinite God and His infinite expression, one eternal father—and man—as son in the divine image, one omnipresent immortal mind and man as divine idea unfolding to higher and higher conceptions of truth, of good and his infinite possibilities. This primal fact set forth in the first chapter of Genesis, and illustrated in the life and triumphs of Jesus, is the divine reality. Christian Scientists, through the comforter—the spirit of truth—do claim that, by a vital and spiritualizing sense of the scriptures, they are enabled to be doers of the word.

Jesus, himself, being the fleshly embodiment of Mary's immaculate spiritual conception of God as the father of man; Mary Magdalene having been first to proclaim the risen Christ, Mary of Bethany having anointed our Savior, it should not seem strange that another Mary Mary and the Mary and the second.

Savior, it should not seem strange that another Mary—Mary B. G. Eddy—should be first to discern the comfort that has come to this age, the ascended Lord, the rising sun of righteousness, with healing on his peams—ushering in the irradiant day of

It is true that at the second coming of the Christ (Truth), as well as at the first the true idea may be met by a man with a conscience, instead of a true consciousness; by a man with a toothache, instead of the man whose body is holy and acceptable unto the Lord; and a man in a coffin. "Shall He, who spiritualized the law of conscience, that makes nothing perfect, by the true consciousness; who destroyed pain and stekness by seeing beneath the rags and tatters of poor humanity the image of God the true ideal in Mind; who raised the dead, from the claim of a power opposed to God—shall He not now destroy this false carnal mind, this material finite sense, oppositing itself to the infinite Good; shall He not destroy this 'accuser' of the brethren—with the 'spirit of His mouth and the brightness of His coming?" If Christian Science is today giving the signs of discipleship required of the early Christians, and is restoring a lost element of Christianity (and there are thousands who can facility that it does), it should It is true that at the second coming of the element of Christians, and is restoring a lost element of Christianity (and there are thousands who can testify that it does), it should meet the commendation of all good people, and it surely wilt, for Good omnipotent reigns, and ther is no power but the Divine Love.

MRS. LIVINGSTON MIMS, C. S.

IT WILL SOON BE READY.

The New Home of the Young Men's Library. Meeting of the Board This Afternoon.

There will be a very important meeting of the directors of the Young Men's Library Asthe directors of the Young Men's Library Association this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

It will be the regular monthly meeting for July and several matters of vital importance relating to the welfare of the library and its early removal into its new quarters will be discussed.

The week of the Young Men's Library and Its discussed.

discussed.

The work of renovating the new building on Marietta street is being pushed straight ahead and the new quarters will be ready for occupancy in a few days.

Everything about the new building is in the best of taste and has a charming, home-like appearance. The lawn in front and the beautiful shade trees on each side and in the rear of the building give to it a most inviting aspect, while they cool the atmosphere of the immediate neighborhood and give it a delightful fragrance.

Immediate neighborhood and g. et a.

In fragrance of the library will now increase in number and a new career of prosperity will open for the association. It is possible that a few days will suffice for making all arrangements for the removal, and by the 15th of the month the many friends of the library will be invited into the new home.

Every member of the board is expected to

SOCIETY NEWS AND GOSSIP.

A large and appreciative audience attended the organ recital given by Mr. J. P. O'Donnelly resterday afternoon at the First Baptist church. This delightful affair is the first of a series of musical treats to be given by this gentleman during the summer months. Nothing can be more entertaining and refreshing than in the cool of an evening to listen to the strains of an organ in the hands of a master. Atlanta has reason to be proud of a musician whose capabilities would secure him recognition anywhere and whose modesty is commensurate with his talents. The grand march from Aida was rendered in majestic thrilling style and brought into play the full capacity of the organ. The "Allegretto Grazioso," by Tours, displayed perfectly Mr. O'Donuelly's exquisite phrasing, his grace and delicacy in contrast with the more vigorous delicacy in contrast with the more vigorous execution of some other selections. "The Largo," by Handel, evinced a breadth of conception, a dignity of movement and a superior interpretation of the composer's idea, white Gonnad's "Sanctus," that ennobling, uplifting and Miltonic thought, so accurately wrought in music was given with grandeur and inspiration, and produced a profo pression. This organ is an old one of limited capacity and Mr. O'Donnelly labors under great disadvantage, but one would scarcely suspect it by the splendid work he does.

suspect it by the splendid work he does.

Miss J. E. Kinney, in the selection from
the "Queen of Sheba," "More Regal in His
Low Estate," had fine scope for the display
of her dramatic powers. This aria she sang
in splendid style with excellent effect. We
have never heard her sing better. Her phrasing and interpretation are thoroughly artistic. Her voice completely filled the large
andlitering and she was given a hearty energy. auditorim and she was given a hearty encore. Her second number, "Snowflakes," a beautiful ballad by Cowan, proved beyond doubt that Miss Kinney is a versatile musician and that she can sing light and heavy compositions

she can sing light and heavy compositions equally well.

The "Evening Star." by Wagner, was beautifully rendered by Mr. Charles T. Wurm, Atlanta's well known cornetist. Mr. Wurm produces a fine tone and has excellent breathing capacity. In mastering this instrument the lips must be brought into perfect condition ere one can be an accurate performer. Evidently Mr. Wurm has attained this development. His timbre is excellent and the higher notes are reached with precision and ease. His rendition of this selection was an artistic success.

ease. His rendition of this selection was an artistic success.

It is needless to say that Mr. William Owens sang well. We have never heard hurdo otherwise. In the absence of Mr. Bubank Mr. Owens sang the "Tempest of the Heart," rom Trovatore, which was transposed higher to suit his range. This is a superb composition and we have never heard it better rendered. His voice continues to grow in beauty and strength and has in it all the elements which go to make the true artistic tone. For an encore he sang a ballad.

Mr. O'Donnelly will give these recitals weekly during the summer months and will be assisted by the best talent of the city.

Dr. T. T. Key, who has been in declining

Dr. T. T. Key, who has been in declining health for some time, left Monday morning for Alum Springs, near Canton, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Lola Key.

Misses Maud and Annie Key are spending several weeks with friends and relatives in Norcross, Ga.

Mr. John J. Gonzales left Sunday for Chicago, where he will remain several weeks. From there he goes to the summer resorts of Wisconsin and the lakes.

Mrs. Mary E. Wright, of 477 Jackson street, left this morning for a month's visit to the world's fair, and will visit Canada and the principal eastern cities before returning.

Mrs. G. J. Foreacre and her grandson, Gordon J. Foreacre, left last night for Rock-Gordon J. Foreacre, left last night for Rock-bridge Alum Springs, Virginia, where they will be joined by Mrs. O. P. Sneed, of Chicago, and after spending some time at the springs will visit the world's fair at Chicago.

Miss Lula Carroll, a charming and beautiful young lady from Augusta, is visiting the Misses Lynch, on Trinity avenue.

The Macon News has this to say about two well-known and popular people:

"The engagement is announced of Mr. Howard Burr and Miss Annie Speer, both of this city. The wedding will take place on the 20th of July at the residence of the bride's father, Judge Emory Speer, at Vineville. The union of two such popular young people will be a great social event in this city. Miss Speer is one of the most beautiful and attractive young ladies in the state, possessing all the charms of grace that come of a cultured family and social connection, while Mr. Burr, equally fortunate in social position, is one of our most prominent and popular young business men. After the ceremony the young couple will leave for an extended bridal tour north to be gone several weeks." The Macon News has this to say about two

Mrs. S. M. Logan has just returned from a visit of four months to her son, Mr. H. B. Logan, of Meridian, Miss., and is visiting Mrs. M. Chandler at 466 Whitehall for a few days, after which she will return to her home in Griffin, Ga.

The many friends and patrons of Dr. C. A. Stiles will be glad to hear that he is much improved in health by his trip to the coast. He will be ready to take up his practice again on Tuesday, July 4th.

Mr. J. S. Whitaker, of Columbus, Ga., was in the city vesterday visiting his brother and talking up the beauties of the Queen City and their coming 4th of July celebration.

A Crystal Wedding.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 3.—(Special.)—The crystal wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Edwards was the most notable event of the kind Milledgeville has had in the past decade. There was a large crowd of friends and relatives present and the supper served and relatives present and the supper served on the occasion was magnificently arranged and consisted of substantials and every sort of delicacy. The presents were costly and numerous, amounting to over 300 pleces of different kinds of fine glassware. Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, with their happy little family, make up a charming circle and their friends are numbered by the extent of their accomplishance. quaintance.

Beecham's Pills will save noctors' bills. brough Train Service Via E. T., Va. and Ga. and Q. and C. Routes.

The Cincinnati limited leaves Atlanta via the East Tennessee, Virg'nia and Georgia daily at 6:35 o'clock a. m.; arrives at Cincinnati at 10:40 o'clock p. m. and Chicago at 7:35 o'clock a. m., through train to Cincinnati, with through sleepers to Chicago.

The Chicago limited leaves Atlanta at 2:10 o'clock p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 6:25 a. m. and Chicago at 4:30 o'clock p. m. Solid trains from Macon to Chicago with Pullman's finest cars attached. The only line running through sleepers or trains between Georgia and Chicago via Cincinnati.

Do Not be Deceived. Persons with weak lungs—those who are constantly catching cold—should wear an Allcock's Porous Plaster over the chest and another between the shoulder blades during cold weather. Remember, they always strengthen and never weaken the part to which they are applied. Do not be deceived by imagining any other plaster like them—they are not—may look it, but looks deceive. Insist always on having Allcock's, the only reliable plaster ever produced.

Eelpant and Cheap Trip to New York, Bos ton and Baltimore.

Round trip rate including meals and state room Atlanta, Ga., to New York, \$42.30; Boston, \$42.30; Baltimore, \$34.30 via. Central railroad. Savannah and steamers. Finest ships carrying the American flag. Tables supplied from best markets in the United States.

may16—3m tues thur sun.

Repairing Gold Spectacles.

We have an expert repairer in our employment who has had over fifteen years' experience in repairing spectacles and eyeglasses. Prices reasonable. Do not throw away your old spectacles.

A. K. HAWKES, 12 Whiteball Street,

Gate Cliy National Bank. Now that the depositors have been paid in full would it not be to their interest to procure a pair of Hawkes' famous spectacles, so that they may see clearly where their money, A. K. Hawkes, 12 REDWINE'S REWARD F. J. STILSON,

It Has Been a Bone of Contention Since the Arrest.

THE BANK FILES AN INJUNCTION

It Is Willing to Pay the Reward When It Is Demanded-But They Don't Know Who to Pay It

Ever since the arrest of Defaulter Red wine the reward offered by the Gate City National bank has been a bone of conten tion, and yesterday there was a petition for an injunction filed by the bank.

The story of the arrest of Lewis Redwine

is still fresh in the minds of many. After a day or two of wandering he was carried to the home of Marquis de LaFayette Oaks, where his actions aroused the suspicions of Mrs. Marquis de LaFayette Oaks, who re ported the matter to a neighbor of hers. This neighbor proved to be a stalwart pa-trolman, who, having heard of the \$1,000

reward, volunteered to allow Mrs. Oaks to lead him where the supposed bank defaulter was keeping himself. The policeman's with a gun he followed Mrs. Oaks, wh pointed out Redwine to the officer. arrest was made without any trouble.

And the question then arose as to who

should receive the reward.

Patrolman Wimbush claimed that he nade the arrest by himself, and that, there fore, he was entitled to the entire amount although he has stated upon more than one occasion that he would be willing to pay

On the other hand the patriotic blood of Mrs. Oaks flowed faster at the thought of losing the larger portion of the \$1,000 reward, and she informed Patrolman Wimbush that she was perfectly willing to pay him for the slight trouble he had encoun tered in walking over to her home and tak-ing Lewis Redwine to jail. She also expressed the opinion that it was nothing but the policeman's duty to make the arrest

the policeman's duty to make the arrest when called upon to do so by a citizen of the commonwealth.

Neither could agree with the other, and both went to law, the lawsuits taking the form, each, of a suit against the Gate City National bank for the reward of \$1.000 offered by that institution for the arrest and detention of Redwine, the defaulting cashier. If the wrangling is kept up long enough there will not be enough to pay the lawyers' fees. lawyers' fees.

The Gate City National's Petition. The petition of the Gate City National bank is for an injunction against Mrs.

Oaks and Policeman Wimbush. The petition sets forth that Redwine is now in jail, is being securely held, and shows further that the Gate City bank has been ready and willing since the arrest, and is now ready and willing, to pay the reward. Also that the reward would have been Also that the reward would have been paid long ago but for the fact that petitioner did not know to whom to pay the said reward, as it is claimed by more than one person. Under these circumstances the bank does believe that it is unable with safety to itself to determine who is entitled to the reward mentioned.

safety to itself to determine who is entitled to the reward mentioned.

The petition alleges that Patrolman J.

T. Wimbush claims the reward and has instituted suit against the Gate City bank in the city court to recover the said reward, and also that Saphronie E. Oaks claims the said reward and has instituted a suit in the city court for the same. Copies of both suits are attached to the petition, and to that of Wimbush's is attached one of the circulars upon which is printed the picture of Redwine, with the offer of the reward for his capture and detention.

The petitioner alleges that it cannot know whether these facts are true or not, or what is the truth, and insists that it cannot be required at its own risk to undertake to

be required at its own risk to undertake to settle the dispute between Wimbush and Oaks, and that the Gate City National bank has declined to pay the reward until the rights of all parties have been in some way settled, and, therefore, prays for an injunction, enjoining them, and each of them, from further prosecuting either of the said suits; that Oaks and Wimbush be required to interplead and that their rights be herein determined and adjudicated so that such judgment may be a complete protection to the petitioner.

Judge Marshall Clarke signed an order granting the restraining order prayed for, be required at its own risk to undertake to

Judge Marshan Chinke signed an order granting the restraining order prayed for, and setting September 9th as the time for the defendants to show gause why the injunction should not be granted as prayed for and the defendants become interpleaders. Miss Julia Force Removed

Miss Julia Force will be taken to the asylum at Milledgeville today under the order of Ordinary Calhoun.

order of Ordinary Calhoun.

Miss Force will be accompanied by an officer of the law and along with the two will go Dr. J. C. Olmstead, who was appointed by the request of the unfortunate woman's family. Miss Force will remain in the asylum until she recovers her mind, and then will be free to return to her home.

Minor Courthouse News. A number of cases were called in the criminal branch of the superior court yesterday morning, but the defense in nearly every instance declared not ready. Professor Carlisle and the woman who claims that he seduced her were in court. The professor was not ready to go on with the

Harmon McGinnis was sentenced to Harmon Medmins was sentenced to twelve months in the county chaingang for shooting at another. It will be some time before he repeats the affair. Solicitor Hill left last night on a business

trip. He did not make his destination known, but he will return Wednesday morn-

ing.
Yesterday was the last of return day for
Ordinary Calhoun and he was kept extraordinarily busy.

Are You Going

To the Seashore.

The Springs Or the Mountains?

Do you ride a Bicycle? Do you try to keep cool? If so, come to us for your

Outing Goods.

We have a pretty line of Negli-gee Shirts and washable Neckwear. They are not expensive and you

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Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Etc., Etc. Reliable goods. Fair dealings and bottom prices.



Buyers will find good cheer at our store in the shape of a wonderful aggregation of bargains. Here are some of them:

For this week only, all odd Pants at 25 per cent \$1.50 Puff Bosom Shirts and Straw Hats at \$1. \$2 Puff Bosom Shirts and Straw Hats at \$1.25 \$2.50 Straw Hats at \$2.

Our \$9.90 sale of Men's and Youths' fine all-wool Suits continued for another week. Take ad-vantage of this sale, and you will profit by it.

3 Whitehall Street.

WANTED

From the old fogy ideas and practices of certain physicians and specialists who use the old-fashioned and cruel way of burning and cutting in treating diseases of a private nature, catarrh and diseases of women, THE

MAN that the diseases they treat can be cured treated properly.

fact, it has been proven by these doctor that they cure where others fail and

THE proof has been furnished by the thousands of cases that they have treated, who have testified voluntarily to the remarkable success of their methods of treatment. Now, if you have any

CASE

that needs the attention of competent and scientific specialists, it is your duty to place it into the hands of Dr. Hathaway & Co. for treatment, and whatever they say you can depend upon.

REMEMBER

Hathaway & Co. cure private diseases.
Hathaway & Co. cure skin diseases.
Hathaway & Co. cure blood diseases.
Hathaway & Co. cure nervous dieases.
Hathaway & Co. cure catarrh and diseases. ung diseases. Dr. Hathaway & Co. cure diseases peculia

DR. HATHAWAY & 60



WEAK MEN AND WOMEN! YOU

WANT TO BECURED?

We can with honesty say that our treatment cures where others fail, and we know that if cure is possible we can do it. Our grateful patients testify from all over the United States. Our cures are permanent. No poisonous medicines used.

MEN—Write us if you have any of the following diseases: Might emissions, impotency, weak or undeveloped ogans, gleet, stricture, nervous debility, gonorrhea, syphilits, piles, sores, pimples on face, etc.

WOMEN—Consult us if you are suffering from any of the following diseases: Female weakness, displacements, bearing down pains, irregularities, barrenness, whites, nervousness, poor circulation, pimples on face or any disease peculiar to your sex.

Patients treated and entire treatment sent to all parts of the world free from observation, with full instruction. Send for Blank No. 1 for men; No. 2 for women; No. 3 for skin diseases; 10c. for reference book for men and women. Address

DR. HATHAWAY & CO., Office in Inman building, 22 1-2 S. Broad st., Rooms 34 and 35. Hours: 9 to 12; 2 to 5; 7 to 9. Sundays, 10 to 1 only. Take elevator.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts. And Branch Store 201 Peters Street.

Is now receiving his summer supply of jelly Tumblers, Millville, Woodbury, Masons, Metai-Top and Mason's Improved and Glassboro Fruit Jars, pints, quarts and hairgalions, all of the best quality of glass. Also fresh turnip seed of all kinds, fresh and genuine and true to name, and other large varieties of goods too numerous to mention here. Peter Unch has at his Whitehall street store a large stock of the purest and best of wines, liquors, beers, ales and porters, tobacco, cigars and snuff, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices. Orders promptly filed.

TERMS CASH.

NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE



Great Straw Hat sale. Every Straw Hat in the house at \$1.60, \$2, \$2.50, \$3 and \$3.50 to go at 25 per cent off. Come at once. Don't wait till the best are picked over. Our SPECIAL SUIT SALE still continues at \$10.

You can buy Suits that cannot be duplicated in value.

GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO

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You can get one without cost by FREE cailing at out store, at 90 Whitehall st. FREE FREE We are importers and jobbers of the FREE finest grade of Teas, FREE and can please you both in quality and FREE FREE price.

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SULLIVAN & CRICHTON'S

Dusiness Sollage. AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND. KISER BULLDING, Corner Pryor and Hunt

Bookkeeping, shorthand, telegraphy, penanship, etc., taught practically.
Business course completed by many in three norths. Success absolutely guaranteed. Callogues free; night classes also. 1890. SOUTHERN Established BUSINESS COLLEGE.

ALSO PURCHASERS OF MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, On 1st of September we move to "The Grand" building on Peachtree street, and our University will then be composed of the following departments:

Commercial, Shorthand, Telegraphy, ENGLISH LITERARY SCHOOL, Atlanta School of Art under Prof. Paley. French, German, Spanish, under Prof.

Complete Business University. Take a summer course.

LARGE CATALOGUE FREE.

WESLEYAN FEMALE Annual Session begins September 20th, 1803. Best advantages in Literature, Music and Art. For safety, health and domestic comfort, there is no better home for girls. Apply for Catalogue to REV. W. C. BASS, Pres.

HOLLINS INSTITUTE BOTETOURT SPRINGS, Va.
For Young Ladies. Sist session opens Soptember
Bib. 1888. Eelectic courses in all Languages and
Sciences, Music, Art, and Elocution. Eight male
professors and twenty ladies. Beautifully situated in
Valley of Virginia, on N. & W. R. R. near Roancka,
Mountain scenery. Mineral waters. Climate
unexcelled. Write for illustrated catalogue to

CHAS. L. COCKE, Supt., Hollins, Va. june15 18t thur sat tues

july2 25t sun tues thur

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA SUMMER LECTURES, 1808—Will begin June 29th, fifth Thursday, and continue nine weeks. John B. Minor, Jr. instructor in law for the past three years will be associated with me. For circulars stating terms, etc., address P. O. University Station, Charlottes-ville, Va., John B. Minor Professor of Commercial and Statutory Law or John B. Minor, Jr., Instructor in Law. july 1—sat tues. july 1-sat tues.

VIRGINIA COLLEGE
For YOUNG LADIES, Roanoke, Va.
For young ladies, Roanoke, Va. Opens SepOpens September 14, 1863. A beautiful and attractive college home. New buildings, among
the finest in the south. Modern improvements.
New planos and furniture. Campus ten
acres, magnificent mountain scenery; in Valley
of Virginia, famed for health. European and
American teachers. Full course. Advantages
in music and art unexcelled. For catalogue
address the president. w. A. HARRIS, D.D., Roanoke, Va. june 16-10w fri sun tues

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. All creditors of the estate of Louis A. Mueller, late of Fulton county, deceased, are bereby notified to render in their dmands to the undersigned, according to law, and all according to law, and all

A New Section—150 Miles to Horison.

Esceola Inn. 3,850 feet abore sea; always cool; best table in North Carolina mountains; endless climbs; inest graded roads in the United States. Plentiful living; excellent protected trout fishing; telephone; three daily mails, tennis, bowling, billiards, etc. "News from a New Summerland" free on application; terms moderate.

H. P. KELSEY, Sec.

Linville, Mitchell County, N. C.

july 1-6t.

SUMMER RESORTS.

HALE'S SPRINGS.

In the mountains of East Tennessee. This justly celebrated watering place will be open for guests June 1st. Chaleybeare, sulphur and freestone waters. Large ballroom and good rusic, lawn tennis, billiards, tenpins and excellent livery. Telegraph office on grounds. Pally mail.

For further particulars, address Lee T. Shackelford, proprietor. may 15 d 2 ms

SWEET SPRINGS.

Monroe County, West Virginia Summer resort, will open for visitors 15th of June. Elevation 2,000 feet above tide water. Unsurpassed climate culaine highest standard. For further information send to. W. B. Bishon, manager, may7d2m

Montgomery White Sulphur Springs,

Montgomery County, Va. GEORGE-W. FAGG, PROPRIETOR.
This popular resort will be open in June.
A narrow gauge railroad, one and three-quarter miles connects the springs with the Norfolk and Western railroad at Montgomery station. Connections made with all trains. Send for circulars.

STRICKLAND HOTEL

Lake Ave. between 38th and 39th Sts.) Chicago. The Strickland is an ideal hotel with accommodations for 500 guests and located in the most fashionable residence district of the city. Passenger and baggage elevator steam heat, telegraph, telephone, hot and cold water throughout, gas and electric lights, call and return call bells, fire alarm, suites with baths, public baths, barber shop, side-board for the accommodation of the guests. Pure drinking water from Wankesha Hygiene Mineral Springs used. Write to june 28. 15t

Columbia Hotel.

Corner 3ist and State Sts. CHICAGO, ILL.



Timberlake & Holsapple. Manager

The Hotel Tybee On the famous Tybee Beach, hunder its new management the renovated and improved, is

OPEN FOR THE SEASON. The cuisine will be first-class, an unlimited supply of fish, shrimps and crabs being a special feature.

Excellent opportunity for fishing, beating and surf bathing.

Cobb's well-known orchestra has been engaged for the season.

Rates—Day, \$2.50 and \$3; week, \$12.50 and \$15; breakfast or supper, 50c.; dinner, 75c.

Reduced rates with round trip ticket given coupon for week's board, on application to agent Central railroad.

BOHAN, COWAN & DERBY. Warm. Springs, Ga.

Will be open again on June 15th, with magnificent new hotel built on best modern designs and equipped with all conveniences found in a strictly first-class hotel. Complete systems of electric lights, waterworks and sanitary sewerage. New baths, best in America, including large swimming pools 15x40 feet, all supplied by constant streams of warm mineral water from a spring flowing fourteen hundred gallons per minute. Cures dyspesis, rheumatism and all kidney and cutaneous, troubles. Located on a spur of Pine mountain 1,200 feet above sea level, the climaate is perfect, delightfully cool, dry and invigorating. No maiaris, musquitoes, mud or dust. elimante is perfect, delightfully cool, dry and invigorating. No malaris, musquitoes, mud or dust.

Recreations and amusements of all kinds. Good livery and beautiful drives.

Double Daily Mail Trains on Georgia Mid-and Railroad—From Columbus, one hour and twenty-five minutes; from Atlanta or Macon, three hours.

write for circular with rates of board, etc. CHAS. L. DAVIS, Proprietor. may16 if tues thur sun FAUQUAIR WhiteSulph Springs, Va

JNO. E. BAKER, MANAGER, (Late of Everett Hotel, Jacksonville, Fla.) A modern brick hotel—Gas, Electric Bella Bowling Alley, Tennis and first-class livery, Hot and cold sulphur baths. For rates, etc., address as above. my27 3m sat tues

Sweet Mountain Air. 000 ooo Pure Spring Water. 2.000 FEET ABOVE THE SEA NEW

HOLLAND SEGRAL SPRINGS COUNTY GEORGIA.

SEASON OF 1893. Opens June First. Closes October First FAVORABLE RATES.

H. A. DANIELS, Manager. "Lookout Inn," Lookout Mountain,

Tennessees Great Pleasure Resort.

Tennessee.

Under New Management

2,300 Feet Above Sez.

Cuisine and Service Unexcelled.
Sanitary Arrangements Perfect.
Abundant Supply of Spring Water
or terms and pamphlets giving full
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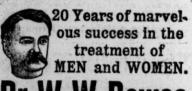
- "four aces whisky."

good will with you. Come entirely unpledged to any party or platform. If we cannot show you better goods for less money than any one, we will not ask your custom. If we can we want your trade, as it benefits you and me directly and the com-munity at large indirectly. ONE-HALF you spend with us goes towards keeping up at least 50 families in this city. We ask no favor except that you come and see us.

MAY MANTEL CO.,
115 to 119 W. Mitchell St.

Fire and Burglar Proof Safes AND TIME LOCKS.

SCREW DOOR BANK SAFES. Second-hand Fire Proof Safes at lowest prices. Safes moved and repaired. Address Atlanta Safe Company, general southern agents Mosler Safe Co., 35 North Broad street, Atlanta. Ga:



ATLANTA, CA., SPECIALIST IN Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases.

VARICOCELE and Hydrocele permanent. NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, depondency, effects of bad habits.

STERILITY, IMPOTENCE.—Those
desiring to marry, but are physically incapacitated, quickly restored.

Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects, Ulcers and Sores.

Veinary, Kidney and Bladder trouble.

Eularged Prostate.

Urethral Stricture permanently cured ithout cutting or caustics, at home, with no without cutting or causaics, at nome, with no interruption of business.
Send 66, in stamps for book and question list. Best of business references furnished. Address Dr.W.W. Bowes, 2½ Marietta St. Atlanta, Ga.

When you want the best Carriage, Surrey, Phaeton, Buggy or Spring Wagon on earth for the money, call for the Standard, and have no other. You "press the button. We do the rest."

Standard Wagon Co.,

Around the Postoffice.

SUWANEE RIVER ROUTE

FLORIDA

DOUBLE DAILY PULLMAN CAR SERVICE. Leaving Atlants via Coural Railroad 7:10 a. m. and 6:55 p. m., and connecting ar Mason with through trains of the

Georgia Southern

and Florida Railroad



Was Reduced Yesterday Afternoon from \$11,000 to \$6,600.

HE MAY BE ABLE TO MAKE IT TODAY

Steve Ryan Comes to Taw and Gives the \$100,000 Bond-It Was Only a Matter of Form.

Before the sun has measured out another twenty-four hours, Harry Hill may be taking a siesta in some secluded spot on

his Oglethorpe county plantation. Yesterday afternoon the attorneys for Harry Hill made application before Judge Richard Clark to have the amount of Hill's bond reduced so that there would be some

chance of his making it. And after argument on both sides, the judge saw fit to make a reduction, but not Hill, the inprisoned Harry's counsel. Mr. B. H. Hill wanted the bond, which was placed at \$11,000, reduced to \$5,000. To this the solicitor objected and asked that the bond, as a matter of equity, be placed

at \$7,500. Judge Clark viewed the matter in a me dium light, and the bond was placed at \$6,000.

In his argument for a reduction of the bond, the attorney for Hill stated that Harry could only give a bond for \$5,000, and that his security would be his aunt, Mrs. Carey. He stated that this was the extreme limit of her ability to go on the bond at the present time, and there could be found no one else to sign. According to Mr. B. H. Hill, Harry will not linger long in the Gate City after the jail doors open to let him out into the pure, free atmosphere; but that he will, no sooner than his release is effected on bond, start for his home down the country, where he will remain until it is necessary that he should be present in the courtro

There are now resting against Harry Hill eleven indictments for forgery, and if he is convicted of any of these, he will have to serve from two to four years in the penitentiary, of which place he had only a slight foretaste in his confinement in Fulton county jail. His bond was first placed at \$5,000. by Solicitor Hill, there having been five indictments found at that time. Later, when six more true bills were returned, the bond was raised in accordance, and in order to have obtained his release from durance vile, pending his oncoming trial, Hill would have been obliged to have made bond in the sum of \$11,000; \$1,000 on each true bill for for

It was 5 o'clock yesterday atternoon when Mr. B. H. Hill, who is associated with Assistant District Attorney Rucker in the management of the Hill case, made a motion before Judge Richard Clark for a reduction of Hill's bond. He declared that it was not the purpose of the law to keep a man in jail because he could not make a bond which had been placed so far above his means. He also said that every

above his means. He also said that every attempt had been made to make a bond for \$11,000, but that every effort was a failure, and that the largest bond that could be given would be \$5,000, which Harry's aunt would sign for.

Both Colonel Hammond and Solicitor Hill were lenient in their demands and were willing that a reduction to \$7,500 should be effected. Finally, Judge Clark said that he would allow Hill to be released on a bond of \$6,600. This bond, the judge stated, would be divided out upon the various indictments, the larger portion to be placed where the offense appeared to be the most aggravated, or the sum the largest. This would make an average of about \$600 to each true bill, and Harry Hill will undoubtedly be able to find friends willing to make up the \$1,600 which his aunt cannot, according to the statement of Hill's attorney, make.

Steve Ryan Makes Bond. Just as he stated, Steve Ryan found no difficulty in making his bond for \$100,

The bond was made yesterday morning, The bond was made yesterday morning, and was signed by Messrs. John Ryan, John F. Ryan, John F. Gatins, Henry Kuhrt and E. S. McCandless, the same gentlemen whose names appeared at the bottom of the other one. The only difference was the matter of form of the bond.

Salt rheum, with its attendant itching and burning, is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many who were formerly severe sufferers have reason to thank "the peculiar medicine" for cures effected.

ONLY LINE

Running Through Trains Between Atlanta and Chicago.

When the Western & Atlantic railroad says anything it is so and you can depend apon it. Other lines are advertising "through trains" between Atlanta and Chicago, but the fact is the Western & Atlantic rairoad and Nashville, Chattanoogo & St. Louis railway are the only lines from Atlanta which are running trains through from Atlanta to Chicago. The Velvet Vestibule leaving Atlanta at 10 o'clock every morning with Pullman's finest coaches and palace sleeping cars runs solid Atlanta to Chicago without any change and makes the quickest time ever made between Atlanta and Chicago. Leaving 'Atlanta at 10 a. m. you arrive in Chicago next morning at 8:58 a. m., being 22 hours and 58 minutes and don't you forget it. This is absolutely the only train which runs through from Atlanta to Chicago without any change.

absolutely the only train which runs through from Atlanta to Chicago without any change.

Do not be deceived by misleading advertisements about through train service, but ask the ticket agent for the facts.

If a train runs through without a change it is barely possible to miss a connection, but if it does not you are apt to lay over at any junction point.

In addition to this special vestibuled train to Chicago, the World's Fair Flyer, which formerly left at 2 p. m. leaves daily at 2:15 p. m., with solid train composed of baggage, mail and express cars, day coaches and Pullman palace sleeper.

This train runs solid from Atlanta to Louisville and the sleeper on this train will go through from Atlanta to Chicago without change, via Monon route. This solid train from Atlanta to Louisville with both the great Pennsylvania line and the Monon route. Leaving Atlanta at 2:15 p. m. via this route, you will arrive at Chicago the next afternoon at 5:30 m.

The third train which the Western and Atlantic railroad has for Chicago leaves Atlanta at 8:20 p. m. and arrives at Chicago the next evening at9:40 p. m. This train runs solid from Atlanta to Nashville and connects in the union depot at Nashville with through trains from Nashville to Chicago without charge and carries a Pullman buffet sleeping car through from Atlanta to Chicago, via Louisville and the Pennsylvania lines, without change. The morning express will leave Atlanta at 8 instead of 8:20 as hexterfore and will arrive at Nashville at 7:15 p. m., making all local stops as at present.

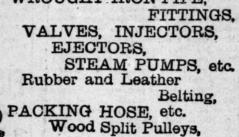


The Man in Front Rides the Union P. D. Q.

The Brown & King Supply Company,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

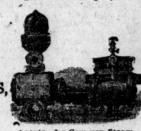
SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES WROUGHT IRON PIPE



SHAFTING.

Hangers, Boxes, etc., FACTORY SUPPLIES

of every description, IRON and WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.



est prices and freights. Before purchasing address Black Die

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR. Headquarters for World's Fair Tickets 48

By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5.24 on your ricket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Agent F. T., V. & G. R'y.

june 23-1-m.

june 23-1-m.

Through Vestibule Trains Atlanta to Chicago
The velvet vestibule leaving Atlanta at
10 a. m. via the Western and Atlantic
railroad and Nashville, Chattanooga and
St. Louis railway, runs solid to Chicago,
carrying Pullman coaches and palace sleeping cars through without change via Evansville, arriving in Chicago next morning at
8:58 o'clock, 22 hours and 58 minutes.
The world's fair flyer, leaving Atlanta
at 2:15 p. m., runs solid to Louisville and
carries Pullman palace sleeping cars Atlanta
to Chicago via Monon route from Louisville.

Train No. 4 leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m

Train No. 4 leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m. carries Pullman palace sleeping car, Atlanta to Chicago via Louisville and Pennsylvania lines through without change.

Three daily trains Atlanta to Chicago.

For sleeping car berths call upon or write to R. D. Mann, T. A., No. 4 Kimball house, or C. B. Walker, Ticket Agent. Union depot, Atlanta.

One from Walter L. Smith.

Mr. A. K. Hawkes, Dear Sir: By mail yesterday I received from you what I term to be the most elegant pair of eyeglasses that I ever saw. The new design is a beautiful one and is universally admired by my friends. Please accept my hearty thanks for your faithful efforts to please. Respectfully, Walter L. Smith.

Half Fare Tickets West
August 2d and 3d. Good thirty days.
For rates and routes address Fred D. Bush,
D. P. A., L. and N. R. R., 36 Wall july 4 6 8 9 10 12

For Rent.

Six-room house and kitchen, large lot, 100x200, water, gas, belgian blocks and good neighborhood. 110 West Harris street. A. J. West.

Christian Endeavor to Montreal

Christian Engleavor to Montreal.

The Western and Atlantic railroad will sell cheap tickets to Montreal. Canada, and return on July 1st to 4th inclusive, good returning until September 15th.

The trip is the finest and most enjoyable of any that can be offered east of the Rocky mountains. Through the beautiful blue grass region of Kentucky and Ohio, to the great lakes, down the beautiful St. Lawrence, through the Thousand islands, and shooting the rapids to Montreal.

Call on R. D. Mann, ticket agent, No. 4 Kimball house, or C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot, Atlanta, for tickets, june25 to july 4

Through Vestibule Trains Atlanta to Chicago
The velvet vestibule leaving Atlanta at 10 a. m. via the Western and Atlantic railroad and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, runs solid to Chicago, carrying Pullman coaches and palace sleeping cars through without change via Evansville, arriving in Chicago next morning at 8:58 o'clock, 22 hours and 58 minutes.
The world's fair flyer, leaving Atlanta at 2:15 p. m., runs solid to Louisville and carries Pullman palace sleeping cars Atlanta to Chicago via Monon route from Louisville.
Train No. 4 leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m., carries Pullman palace sleeping car, Atlanta to Chicago via Louisville and Pennsylvania lines through without change.
Three daily trains Atlanta to Chicago.
For sleeping car berths call upon or write to R. D. Mann. T. A. No. 4 Kimball house, or C. B. Walker, Ticket Agent, Union depot, Atlanta.

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR. Through Vestibule Trains Atlanta to Chicago

REDUCED RATES TO THE WORLD'S FAIR.

By organizing parties of ten you can save \$5.24 on your ticket. Call at office and get guide to the fair and information about hotel accommodations from \$1 a day and upward. Sleeping car berths reserved in advance. R. A. Williams, Ticket and Passenger Agent E. T., V. and G. R'y. june 23-1m.

JUST NOW Go to

BOLLES, The Stationer.

8 Marietta Street, For Hammocks, Croquet

and all out-door games. Out of town orders promptly attended to.

Postage stamps on sale

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Fine Art Tailoring

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Satzky,

Kiser Building.

All the latest styles. Prices reasonable.

NURSERY STOCK.

Now is the time to place orders for fall delivery and avoid the rush, for fruits and shade trees, vines, shrubs, roses, etc. Patronize the home industry at Rome, Ga., G. H. Miller & Son, who have been in the business. 30 years. We defy competition in prices, variety or quality of stock; send your address to Jno. W. Horsey, agt., 61 N. Forsyth street, Atlanta.

Jun 20—1m. tues. wed, sun.

The Direct World's F Line.



W. D. BEATIE

THE ANULA NORSIERIE

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

HOT WEATHER CLOTHING AND STRAW

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COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL

PER TON JELLICO. SCIPLE SONS, No.8 Loyd St.

OVE COVE COVE COVE COVE COVE COVE COVE

Buy your Montevallo, Jellico or Splint Wholesale or Retail, R. O. CAMPBELL,

Through Schedules and Sleepers to Chicago VIA WESTERN AND ATLANTIC R. R. And Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis R'y

VIA EVANSVILLE.

Leave Atlanta, W. & A. R. R.
Leave Chattanooga, N. C. & St. L. R. K.
Leave Nashville, L. & N. R. R.
Leave Louisville, L. & N. R. R.
Arrive Chicago, Penn. Lines.
Arrive Chicago, Monon Route.

Train No. 4, leaving Atlanta at 8:20 p. m., carries Pullman Buffet Sleeping cars Atlanta to Chicago through without change, via Louisville and Pennsylvania lines.

C. E. HARMAN, G. P. A.

I HAVE A BEAUTIFUL

Two-Story House On Woodward Avenue.

LOT 40x130. Nicely sodded and terraced, making a very valuable home. A good well on rear parch. Improvements all down. This property would be cheap at \$5,000, but as I have decided to leave the city will take

\$4,000.00

Will accept as cash payment vacant lot or a nice, small business of most any kind, and balance at \$45 per month. Address

OWNER, BOX 360, CITY.

Know How to Buy and Sell Shoes.

Shoes that Fit. Shoes that Wear. Shoes whose Prices Chill the

AT A GREAT SACRIFICE

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AHEAD OF THE TIMES 3 CASES MISSES' TAN GOAT SPRING HEEL OXFORD TIES, 12 TO 2

WORTH \$1.25, NOW AT 75 CENTS.
5 CASES MISSES' DONGOLA SPRING HEEL, PAT TIP OXFORDS, 12 TO 2. ONLY 50 CENTS. INFANTS' RED AND BLACK OXFORD TIES 25 CENTS. CHILDREN'S RED AND BLACK OXFORD TIES, 50 CENTS. LADIES' DONGOLA OXFORD TIES, PAT TIP, 50 CENTS LADIES'-RED OXFORD TIES, WORTH \$1.50, TODAY 75 CENTS.

LADIES' TAN GOAT HAND-SEWED OXFORDS, 75 CENTS. LADIES' FINE DONGOLA BUTTON BOOTS, REGULAR \$2.50 SHOES, W GOING AT \$1.50. GENTS' HAND-SEWED SHOES, WORTH \$5 AT \$3. EVERY PAIR OF LOW CUT SHOESAND SLIPPERS TO BE CLOSED OUT

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clause in it wide 4,500,000 our shall be wiped the house, ther more apt to be out a more street the majorit fillibustering.